



مدرسة طارق السيد رجب



وزارة التربية
MINISTRY OF EDUCATION



مجموعة تدريبات وشروحات لجميع المواد الدراسية

اللغة الانجليزية

الصف الثامن

اسم الطالب: الفصل:

ملحوظة : هذه التدريبات والشروحات لا تغني عن الكتاب المدرسي

العام الدراسي: 2019/2018
المجال: اللغة الإنجليزية
الصف الثامن
الامتحان في (5 صفحات)

دولة الكويت
وزارة التربية
الإدارة العامة لمنطقة العاصمة التعليمية
التوجيه الفني للغة الإنجليزية
الزمن: ساعتان

الاختبار

(امتحان نهاية الفترة الدراسية الأولى للصف الثامن 2019/2018)

Total Marks (60)

1. Reading (30 Marks)

A) Vocabulary (14 Marks)

a) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d: (4×2=8 marks)

1. Alan speaks English well, but hislanguage is French.

a. flexible **b. native** c. adequate d. casual

2. Make sure all the windows areclosed before you leave.

a. securely b. recently c. throughout d. actually

3. Due to the bad weather, the ship won't reach its next on time.

a. skill b. antiquity c. sculpture **d. destination**

4. Tourists canbikes for a day to explore the town.

a. beg b. raise **c. hire** d. demote

b) Fill in the spaces with the most suitable word from the list below:(4×1½=6 marks)

(furious / raise / reflect / impressive / lead)

5. People always feel ...**furious**..... When they lose something valuable.

6. Our image online doesn't always ... **reflect**..... our real life.

7. These organizations ...**raise** large sums of money for poor African countries.

8. Her sad singing was so **impressive**.... that everyone began to cry.

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B) Reading Comprehension (16 Marks)

Read the following text carefully then answer the question below:

In 1274, Italian explorers Marco and Niccolo polo set out on a 24 –year –old journey in which they travelled the famous silk Road from Italy, through angry deserts and **towering** mountains to eastern china . they travelled over 4000 miles in all. Marco and Niccolo were among the very first European to explore China.

In China, Marco and Niccolo even worked for ruler Kublai Khan . Marco Polo detailed his experience and findings in China by writing a book. Marco Polo described materials and inventions never seen before in Europe. Paper money, a printing press, porcelain, gunpowder and coal were among the products he wrote about. He also described the vast wealth of Kublai Khan, as well as the geography of northern and southern China.

European rulers were very interested in the products Marco Polo described. However, trading for them along the Silk Road was dangerous, expensive and impractical. European rulers began to wonder if there was a sea route to the east to get the products **they** wanted at a reasonable price.

a) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d: (6x2=12 marks)

9. What is the **best title** for this text?

- a. Italian Explorers** b. European Rulers c. The Silk Road d. Kublai Khan

10. What is the **meaning** of the underlined word “towering” in the 1st paragraph?

- a. expensive b. famous **c. high** d. angry

11. The underlined pronoun “**they**” in the 3rd paragraph refers to

- a. The products Polo described **b. European rulers** c. experiences and findings
d. materials and inventions

12. According to the text all the following statements are **TRUE** except:

- a. Marco Polo discovered cigarette** b. Marco Polo discovered gunpowder
c. Marco Polo discovered coal d. Marco Polo discovered paper money

13. Kublai Khan was a/an :

- a. Silk Road b. European Ruler c. Italian Explorer **d. Ruler of China**

14. What is the **writer’s purpose** of writing this text?

- a. to tell us about European rulers b. experiences and findings in China
c. to tell us about the first European to explore China
d. to inform us that Silk Road was dangerous

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b) With reference to the passage, answer the following questions: (2x2=4 marks)

15. What did Marco and Niccolo Polo do in China?

.....**they worked for ruler Kublai Khan**.....

16. Why did European rulers want to find a sea route to the east?

.....**in order to get the products they want at a reasonable price**.....

II. Writing (30 Marks)**A) Grammar (10 Marks)****a) Read the following paragraph and choose the correct answer between brackets :(4×1=4 marks)**

My brother (have – **is having** – had) his driving test at the moment. I think this type of test is (**so** – too – enough) difficult that you can't pass it easily. Everyone should train hard (to – in order to – **so that**) they can pass it. For me, I have trained for my driving test (**for** – since – yet) three months.

b) Do as required between brackets:(3×2=6 marks)

21. London is crowded. Paris is crowded too (Join using as as)

.....**London is as crowded as Paris**.....

22. They bought some snacks for the trip. (Make Negative)

.....**They didn't buy some snacks for the trip**.....

23. Traveling by ship is (cheap)than travelling by plane (Correct)

.....**traveling by ship is cheaper than traveling by plane**.....

B: Writing 20 marks

“Life in Kuwait nowadays has changed with so many things than before”

Plan and write a topic of two paragraphs (not less than 10 sentences) comparing “Life in Kuwait in the past and nowadays”

The following guide words and phrases may help you: two main ideas

Writing should include (a topic sentence, supporting details and a conclusion)

The plan (3 marks)

The diagram consists of a large empty rectangular box at the top center. Below it are two vertical columns of boxes. Each column starts with a large empty rounded rectangular box. From the bottom of this box, a vertical line extends down, with four horizontal lines branching off to the right, each leading to a smaller empty rounded rectangular box. This structure is repeated for both the left and right columns, providing a template for organizing the writing plan.

Unit One

Word	P. S	Page	Meaning	Word	P. S	Page	Meaning
Sprinting	N	15	الركض	Arrow	N	17	سهم
Extremely	Adv	15	للاغاية	Strict	Adj	19	شديد - صارم
Resistance	N	15	مقاومة	Risk	N	19	مخاطرة
Flexible	Adj	15	مرن	Obesity	N	19	سمنه
Session	N	15	جلسة - نشاط	Gain	V	19	يحصل علي
Regimen	N	15	نظام غذائي	Amount	N	19	كمية
Cool down (ed)	Ph V	15	يهدئ - يبرد	Lack -ed - ed	V	19	ينقص
Promise -d - d	V	16	يوعد	Adequate	Adj	19	كافي

Unit Two

Word	P. S	Page	Meaning	Word	P. S	Page	Meaning
Lead - led - led	V	21	تؤدي إلى	Master - d - d	V	24	يجيد - يتحكم
Theme	N	21	موضوع رئيس	Frequently	Adv	24	مرارا وتكرارا
Provide - d - d	V	21	يقاوم	Infection	N	24	عدوي
Cavern	N	22	كهف كبير	Sight	N	25	رؤية - منظر
Voluntary	Adj	22	تطوعي	Determination	N	25	تصميم - إصرار
Native	Adj	22	أصلي - وطني	Overcome -a-o	V	25	يبتغلب على
Recently	Adv	23	حديثا	Barrier	N	25	مانع - حاجز
Achieve - d - d	V	24	ينجز - يحقق	Inspire - d - d	V	25	يلهم
Improve - d - d	V	24	يحسن	Incredibly	Adv	25	لا يصدق
Require - d - d	V	24	يتطلب	Capable	Adj	25	قادر

Unit Three

Word	P. S	Page	Meaning	Word	P. S	Page	Meaning
Separate	Adj	27	منفصل - معزول	Hearty	Adj	29	شهوي-كبير-مشبع
Employ - e-ed	V	27	يوظف	Justice	N	29	عدالة
Wage	N	27	أجر	Crowd	N	29	جمهور - حشد
Instead of	Adv	27	بدلا من	Unfair	Adj	29	غير عادل
Trap	N	27	فخ	Dispose of	PhV	31	يتخلص من
Drop out- dropped	PhV	27	يسقط	Float - ed - ed	V	31	يطفو
Jobless	Adj	27	بلا وظيفة	Package	N	31	لفة - طرد
Inhale -d - d	V	29	يستنشق	Gravity	N	31	جاذبية
Stingy	Adj	29	بخيل	Casual	Adj	31	غير رسمي
Furious	Adj	29	حانق - غاضب	Specialised	Adj	31	متخصص

Unit Four

Word	P. S	Page	Meaning	Word	P. S	Page	Meaning
Hire -ed - ed	V	35	يؤجر	Beg - begged	V	37	يتوسل
Raise -d - d	V	35	يجمع	Exceptionally	Adv	37	بشكل إستثنائي
Community	N	35	مجتمع	Humble	Adj	37	فقير - متواضع
Demote -d -d	V	35	يخفض ترقية	Hardship	N	39	صعوبة
Harsh	Adj	35	خشن - قاسي	Generation	N	39	جيل
Quit -quit/ (ed)	V	35	يتوقف عن	Securely	Adv	39	بأمان
Wound	N	35	جرح	Through out	Prep	39	عبر - من خلال
Compelled	Adj	35	أجبر - مجبر	Tug on- tugged	Ph. V	39	يشد - يجذب
Astonished	Adj	37	مدهش	Heritage	N	39	تراث
Plunge in (ed)	Ph V	37	يقفز - ينزل				

Unit Five

Word	P. S	Page	Meaning	Word	P. S	Page	Meaning
Equator	N	41	خط الإستواء	Height	N	44	قمة - إرتفاع
Unique	Adj	41	فريد	Skill	N	44	مهارة
Glow	N	41	يتوهج	Connection	N	45	صلة - إتصال
Reflect- ed -ed	V	41	يعكس	Pleasure	N	45	متعة - سرور
Antiquity	N	41	أثر - القدم	House -d -d	V	45	يسكن
Bargain	N	41	سعر - عرض	Impressive	Adj	45	عجيب
Atmosphere	N	41	جو	Sculpture	N	45	فن النحت
Sightseeing	Adj	41	جدير بالمشاهدة	Exhibit	N	45	عرض فني
Destination	N	43	وجهة الوصول	Illusion	N	46	خداع - زيف
Counting	N	44	حساب - عد				

Unit Six

Word	P. S	Page	Meaning	Word	P. S	Page	Meaning
Fictional	Adj	47	خيالي	Return	Adj	49	عودة
Thrilled	Adj	47	منتشوق - سعيد	Oval	Adj	50	بيضاوي
Schedule	N	47	جدول	Countless	Adj	51	لا يمكن عده
Actually	Adv	47	حقا	Royal	Adj	51	ملكي
Conduct- ed	V	47	ينفذ - يوصل	Pure	Adj	51	نقي - خالص
Spoil -ed - ed	V	47	يفسد	Marble	N	51	رخام
Luxury	N	47	رفاهية - فخامة	Import -ed - ed	V	51	يستورد
Spectacular	Adj	49	رائع	Chandelier	N	51	نجف
Donate -d -d	V	49	يتبرع	Carpet	N	49	سجادة

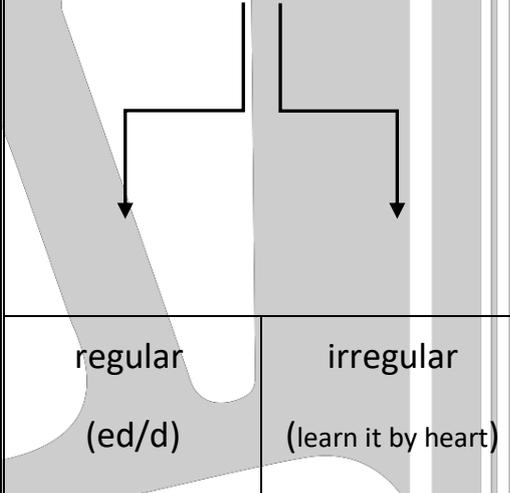
The Present Perfect Tense

<p>Use / Meaning الاستخدام / المعنى</p>	<p>use it for:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Something that has been completed recently (when no specific time is mentioned) • Something that has not been completed by the time of speaking 		
<p>Usually Used With عادة ما تستخدم مع</p>	<p>just – yet – already – since – for – ever – never</p>		
<p>Form التكوين (القاعدة)</p>	<p>He – She – It – Singular</p>	<p>has</p>	<p>Past Participle</p>
	<p>I – You – We – They – Plural</p>	<p>have</p>	
<p>Examples أمثلة</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • I have just finished my homework. • She has already seen that film. • We haven't met our friends yet. • They have lived here since 1980. • He has studied for 3 hours. • Have you ever ridden a horse? • My father has never smoked cigarettes. 		
<p>Note ملحوظات</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Use since with time expressions which have specific beginning. • Use for with a period of time which has NO specific beginning. • Use ever with questions (for this tense). • Use never in negative sentences. • Use yet in negative sentences or questions. • Put just, already, and never after have/has. • Use yet at the end of the sentence. • Use since and for at the end of the sentence before time expressions. 		

Present

Tense الزمن	Simple بسيط	Continuous مستمر																																																															
Use/ Meaning الاستخدام/ المعنى	use it for: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • habits/routines/repeated actions • something that is always true • true facts 	use it for: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • something happening at the time of speaking 																																																															
Usually Used With عادة ما تستخدم مع	always – usually – sometimes – never – every – often – occasionally	now – look – listen – still – at the moment – at the present time																																																															
Form التكوين (القاعدة)	<table style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="width: 33%; text-align: center;">He – She – It – Singular</td> <td style="width: 33%; text-align: center;">I – You – We – They – Plural</td> <td style="width: 34%;"></td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">↓</td> <td style="text-align: center;">↓</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">s - es*</td> <td style="text-align: center;">bare infinitive</td> <td></td> </tr> </table>	He – She – It – Singular	I – You – We – They – Plural		↓	↓		s - es*	bare infinitive		<table style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="width: 16.5%; text-align: center;">I</td> <td style="width: 16.5%; text-align: center;">am</td> <td style="width: 16.5%;"></td> <td style="width: 16.5%;"></td> <td style="width: 16.5%;"></td> <td style="width: 16.5%;"></td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">He</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">She</td> <td style="text-align: center;">is</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">It</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">Singular</td> <td></td> <td style="text-align: center;">verb</td> <td></td> <td style="text-align: center;">ing</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">You</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">We</td> <td style="text-align: center;">are</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">They</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">Plural</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> </table>	I	am					He						She	is					It						Singular		verb		ing		You						We	are					They						Plural					
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Examples أمثلة	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <u>She</u> visits her grandparents every week. • I always walk to school. • The <u>sun</u> shines during the day. • <u>He</u> comes from Malaysia. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • We are staying in a hotel. • I am watching television now. • She is studying medicine. • The two teams are playing at the moment. 																																																															

* Put (es) for verbs ending in (sh – ch – x – s – z – o)

Past			
الزمن Tense	Simple بسيط	Continuous مستمر	
Use/ Meaning الاستخدام/ المعنى	use it for: • completed past actions	use it for: • past actions or events in progress	
Usually Used With عادة ما تستخدم مع	yesterday – last – ago – in the past – old date (1990) – once – one day	while – when – as	
Form التكوين (القاعدة)	Put the verb in the past 	I He She It Singular You We They Plural	was verb ing were
Examples أمثلة	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • She caught the bus to school. • He drank three cups of coffee. • They visited USA last year. • My friends liked the game. • This driver won the race. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • When I woke up, it was raining. • They saw an accident while they were walking to school. • My neighbours were chatting in the street. 	

Passive

Passive		
Tense	Present Simple	
Form	Active	Passive
	subject – verb – object	object – is/are – PP
Examples	1. He sends a letter monthly. 2. They build new schools every year. 3. This channel shows exciting films.	1. A letter is sent monthly. 2. New schools are built every year. 3. Exciting films are shown by this channel.
Tense	Past Simple	
Form	Active	Passive
	subject – verb – object	object – was/were – PP
Examples	1. The police caught the killer yesterday. 2. She wrote three reports about the war. 3. They called the police to solve the problem.	1. The killer was caught yesterday. 2. Three reports were written about the war. 3. The police were called to solve the problem.
Tense	Present Continuous	
Form	Active	Passive
	subject – am/is/are – verb – ing	Object – am/is/are – being – PP
Examples	1. I am reading a story about the sea. 2. He is painting the rooms now. 3. You are using the wrong medicine.	1. A story is being read about the sea. 2. The rooms are being painted now. 3. The wrong medicine is being used.
Tense	Passive With Modals	
	(can/could/will/would/shall/should/may/might/must/had to/ought to)	
Form	Active	Passive

	subject – modal – verb – object	object – modal – be – PP
Examples	1. Scientists can predict earthquakes. 2. We must pray all the prayers in the mosque. 3. The fish might eat this kind of food.	1. Earthquakes can be predicted by scientists. 2. All prayers must be prayed at the mosque. 3. This kind of food might be eaten by the fish.

Unit 1

Choose the correct answer:-

(Do- to do- **doing**) regular exercise every day is a good way to be healthy . It helps you (**to improve- improving –improve**) your health . I'm keen on (**practises - to practise- practising**) simple exercises every morning.

Choose the correct answer:-

Salma wants to be a doctor. She (**is studying-study-studying**) hard every day .She (**never- always- often**) wastes her time .She (**like- likes- liking**) looking after her parents.

Do as required:-

1-Pupils do gymnastics at school every day.

.....**Pupils don't do gymnastics at school everyday**.....(negate)

2-We train well to win the marathon.

.....**Why do we train well? / why do you train well?**....(Ask a question)

3-(walk) is good for heart and muscles.

.....**Walking is good for heart and muscles**.....(correct)

Do as required:-

1-I am playing computer games now.

.....**I am not playing computer games now**.....(Negate)

2-Sara always warms up before the race.

.....**What does Sara always do? / when does Sara always warm up?**.....(Ask a question)

3-My sister (watch) cartoons daily (correct)

.....**My Sister watches cartoons daily**.....

Unit 2

Choose the correct answer:-

Omar joined a club (**in order to –too- so that**) practise boxing .He(**train- trains-is training**) hard every day(**in order to –too- so that**) he can improve his skills.

Choose the correct answer:-

I have (**do –done –does**) a school project. I have already (**surf- surfs- surfed**) the net to gain information. I have (**find-found-finds**) it really enjoyable and useful .

Do as required:-

1- pupils have done their school projects.

.....**Pupils haven't done their school project yet**.....(negate)

2-My father has stayed in Dubai for fortnight.

.....**How long has your father stayed in Dubai?**.....(Ask a question)

3-My brother (send) an e-mail to his friend recently.

.....**My brother has just sent an e-mail to his friend recently**.....(correct)

Do as required:-

1-Yes, I have been to Al-Khiran.

.....**Have you ever been to Al Khiran?**.....(Ask a question)

2- My brother does regular exercises to keep fit

.....**My brother does regular exercises so that he can keep fit**.....(join using so that)

3-My sister (watch) a movie on TV recently (correct)

.....**My sister has just watched a movie on TV recently.**.....

Unit 3

Choose the correct answer:-

Salma (works –worked - **has worked**) as a secretary in our company(**since** –for -already) 2005. She is (too -**so**- very) punctual that she can't come late to work.

Choose the correct answer:-

Salem is (**too** -so- very)poor to buy what he needs because he has been jobless (for-**since**-never)last year. We try to help him(**in order to**-**so that**-to)he can live simply.

Do as required:-

1-Dana has just completed her school research.

.....**Dana hasn't completed her school research yet.**.....(negate)

2-The price of the car is very high. I can't buy it

.....**The price of the car is too high to buy.**.....Use (too-----to)

3-My sister (not tidy) her room yet.

.....**My sister hasn't tidied her room yet.**.....(correct)

Do as required:-

1-We have planted some trees so that they can give us shade.

.....**We have planted some trees in order to give us shade.**.....use (in order to)

2-I have had this mobile since last year.

...**How long have you had this mobile?**.....(Ask a question)

3-I (never eat) ...**have never eaten**.....any Chinese food (Correct)

Unit 4

Choose the correct answer:-

The first aero plane (**made**-**was made**-make)by the Wright Brothers in 1903 . It (**flew** - **has flown**- flies) for a short time before falling .Now, aero planes (**use**-**using**-**are used**) to travel between continents.

Choose the correct answer:-

Many years ago, my grandfather found two gold boxes while he (**digs** – **dug** - **was digging**) in the garden. In the past ,people used to (**hide**-**hid** - **hides**)their money from thieves .The two gold boxes (**give** - **gave**- **were given**) to the policemen who thanked my grandfather a lot.

Do as required:-

1- Ali was planting some trees in the garden .

.....**Ali wasn't planting some trees in the garden.**.....(negate)

2-Maha was wearing a blue dress in the party.

.....**What was Maha wearing in the party?**.....(Ask a question)

3-My brother (fall) down while he was running.

...**My brother fell down while he was running**.....(correct)

Do as required:-

1-The company hired some new workers a month ago.

.....**Some new workers were hired a month ago by the company**..... (Change into passive)

2- when I (lose) my money, I was shopping

.....**When I lost my money, I was shopping**.....(Correct)

3-The injured man (take) to the hospital in an ambulance yesterday.

...**The injured man was taken to the hospital in an ambulance yesterday**.....(Correct)

Unit 5

Choose the correct answer:-

The sea has different kinds of animals. The shark is the (**larger-largest-large**) fish, but it is not (**as enormous-more enormous- the most enormous**) as the whale. The whale is (**biggest-big-bigger**) than any other sea animal.

Choose the correct answer:-

All birds have two wings. They move (**fast-faster-fastest**) than animals. Ostriches are the (heavier-as heavy as- **heaviest**) birds, but they (**can-can't-will**) fly because of their small wings.

Do as required:-

1- Ali is as strong as his elder brother .

...**Ali isn't as strong as his elder brother**.....(negate)

2-Maha was wearing the most beautiful dress in the party.

...**What was Maha wearing in the party?**.....(Ask a question)

3-The elephant is the (heavy) land animal.

The elephant is the heaviest land animal.....(correct)

Do as required:-

1-June is hot, but August is hotter.

...**June isn't as hot as August**..... Use: as.....as)

2- Deema has done the (good) project in the class

...**Deema has done the best project in the class**.....(Correct)

3-Hessa is fourteen years old, but her sister is only twelve.

.....**Hessa's sister isn't as old as her**..... (Use: not as.....as)

Unit 6

Choose the correct answer:-

Your parents visited Makkah last year(**don't they-haven't they-didn't they**)? We always (**are going- go -went**) there for Hajj. Makkah is (**an important holy Saudi- a Saudi holy important- a holy Saudi important**) city for all Muslims.

Choose the correct answer:-

Souk Al-Mubarakiya is (**the oldest-older-old**) than all other markets in Kuwait,(**hasn't it-isn't it-wasn't it**)? Tourists always go there to enjoy its (**pleasant traditional Kuwaiti-Kuwaiti traditional pleasant-Kuwaiti pleasant traditional**) atmosphere.

Do as required:-

1- Kuwait organized the last Gulf race,...**didn't it**.....? (Add tag question).

2-Maha bought some new casual cotton T-shirts from the Avenues.

.....**What did Maha buy from the Avenues?**.....(Ask a question)

3-I bought a new (Japanese red big) car.

.....**I bought a new big red Japanese car**.....(correct)

Do as required:-

1-I found an old small copper coin in the garden.

...**What did you find in the garden?**.....(Ask a question)

2- Deema is a (young cute Kuwaiti) student in my class

...**Deema is a cute young Kuwaiti student in my class**.....(Correct)

3-They found some bargains in the Souk yesterday,.....**didn't they?**..... (Add tag question)