

word	Part of speech	meaning	word	Part of speech	meaning
trade	(v)	يتاجر	gladiator	(N)	مصارع
trading	(N)	تجارة	cheerfully	(Adv)	بمرح
privileged	(Adj)	متمتع بميزة	chariot	(N)	عربة (تجرها الخيول)
rather	(Adv)	الى حد ما - نوعا ما	Take place	(Ph.v)	يحدث - يجري
preserve	(v)	يحفظ	rule	(N-V)	حكم - يحكم
realise	(V)	يدرك	cultural	(Adj)	ثقافي
endangered	(Adj)	معرض للخطر	instrument	(N)	أداة - آلة
cultivation	(N)	زراعة	include	(V)	يتضمن - يشتمل
restore	(V)	يسترجع	calligraphy	(N)	فن الخط
ancient	(Adj)	قديم جداً	curiously	(Adv)	بفضول

### Vocabulary

#### A) Choose the right word from a, b, c& d:

1- We must protect the .....animals. They need our care.

- a) privileged      ☒ b) endangered      c) ancient      d) cultural

2- My friend likes music. He enjoys playing the musical.....

- a) cultivations      b) chariots      c) rules      ☒ d) instruments

3- Children watch cartoons.....They like them a lot.

- ☒ a) cheerfully      b) culturally      c) rarely      d) rather

4- Arabs used to .....with India and China in the past.

- ☒ a) trade      b) restore      c) include      d) preserve



**B ) Fill in the spaces with words from the list below:**

( calligraphy – take place – privileged – curiously – gladiators )

- 5- In old times, people weren't ... privileged ... with smart phones.
- 6- The Olympic Games ... take place ... every four years.
- 7- Gladiators ... used to fight wild animals in the past.
- 8- Students learn some kinds of ... calligraphy ... in the Arabic classes.

**Grammar**

**A) Choose the correct answer in brackets:**

- سؤال Last winter, John and his family (1) ( goes – went – go) to France by plane.
- While They (2) (were flying – was flying – flies) They saw nice views. It was snowing heavily when they (3) ( arrives – arrive – arrived) at the airport.

**B) Do as shown between brackets:**

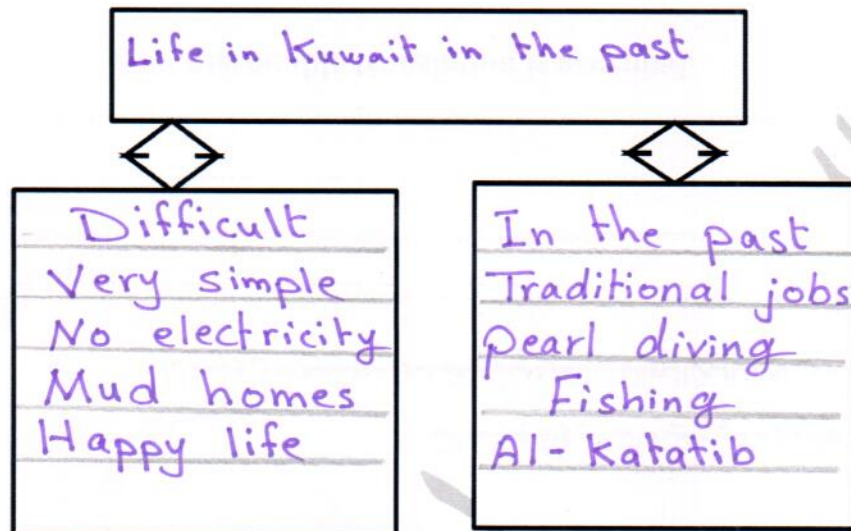
- 4- They bought a new car last year. (Ask a question)  
When did they buy a new car?
- 5- He found a shipwreck while he (dive) in the sea. (correct the verb)  
was diving
- 6- Ahmed fought his friend in the mall. ( change into negative )  
Ahmed didn't fight his friend in the mall.
- 7- When my father (arrive), I was reading a story. ( Correct the verb )  
arrived

Plan and write a report of two paragraphs not less than (10 sentences) about "Life in Kuwait in the past". How life was and What people did in the past .

The following guide words may help:

(difficult - mud homes - electricity - pearl - camels - Al-Katatib- fishing -happy)

### Planning



### Life in Kuwait in the past

Life in Kuwait in the past was difficult. It was also very simple. There was no electricity. People lived in mud homes. They used camels to go from one place to another. They lived a happy life.

In the past, people worked in traditional jobs. They worked in fishing and pearl diving. There were no schools. Children went to Al-Katatib. They learned reading and writing.

meaning	Part of speech	word	meaning	Part of speech	word
العامة – الجمهور	(N)	public	مُثابِر – مجد	(Adj)	hard-working
حارس منتزه	(N)	park ranger	نادرًا	(Adv)	rarely
عالم أحياء	(N)	biologist	مخبأ – مخفي	(Adj)	hidden
مدرج	(N)	runway	يحفر	(V)	dig up
هيئة – طاقم (موظفين)	(N)	staff	يبذر – يزرع	(V)	sow
أمتعة	(N)	luggage	قيمة	(N)	value
جواز سفر	(N)	passport	يكسب	(V)	earn
ممشى – ممر	(N)	aisle	يقف في صف (طابور)	(V)	queue
مندوب – وكيل	(N)	agent	يؤدي – ينجز (عمل)	(V)	perform
بطاقة صعود الطائرة	(N)	boarding pass	سلوك	(N)	behaviour

### Vocabulary

#### A) Choose the right word from a, b, c & d:

1- Most people work to ..... money for their daily needs.

- a) queue                      b) perform                      ☒ c) earn                      d) sow

2- The boy's ..... was strange. His father was angry with him.

- a) staff                      ☒ b) behaviour                      c) public                      d) agent

H.I.L.

3- Don't forget to take your ..... when you travel.

- a) aisle                      b) value                      c) runway                      ☒ d) luggage

4- My uncle is a famous ..... He is skillful in animals' science.

- ☒ a) biologist                      b) boarding pass                      c) passport                      d) park ranger

**B ) Fill in the spaces with words from the list below:**

( dig up – hard-working – value – rarely – hidden )

5- It ..... rarely ..... rains in the desert. It is hot and dry most of the year.

6- In old times, people used to ..... dig up ..... the ground to find fresh water.

7- John is a ..... hard - working ..... student. He always does his homework.

8- There are a lot of ..... hidden ..... treasures in ancient towns.

**Grammar**

**A) Choose the correct answer in brackets:**

At school, students ( has to – have to – mustn't ) wear a uniform. They ( must – has to – mustn't ) follow the school rules and obey the orders. On Friday, they ( doesn't – must – don't ) have to go to school because it is a holiday.



**B) Do as shown between brackets:**

1- A marine biologist has to travel to many places.

(Change into negative)

A marine biologist don't have to travel to many places.

2- Park rangers have to work office hours.

(Change into negative)

Park rangers don't have to work office hours.

3- Students must go to school at 7:30 in the morning.

(Ask a question)

When must students go to school?

4- You must ( doing ) your homework and study hard.

(Correct the verb)

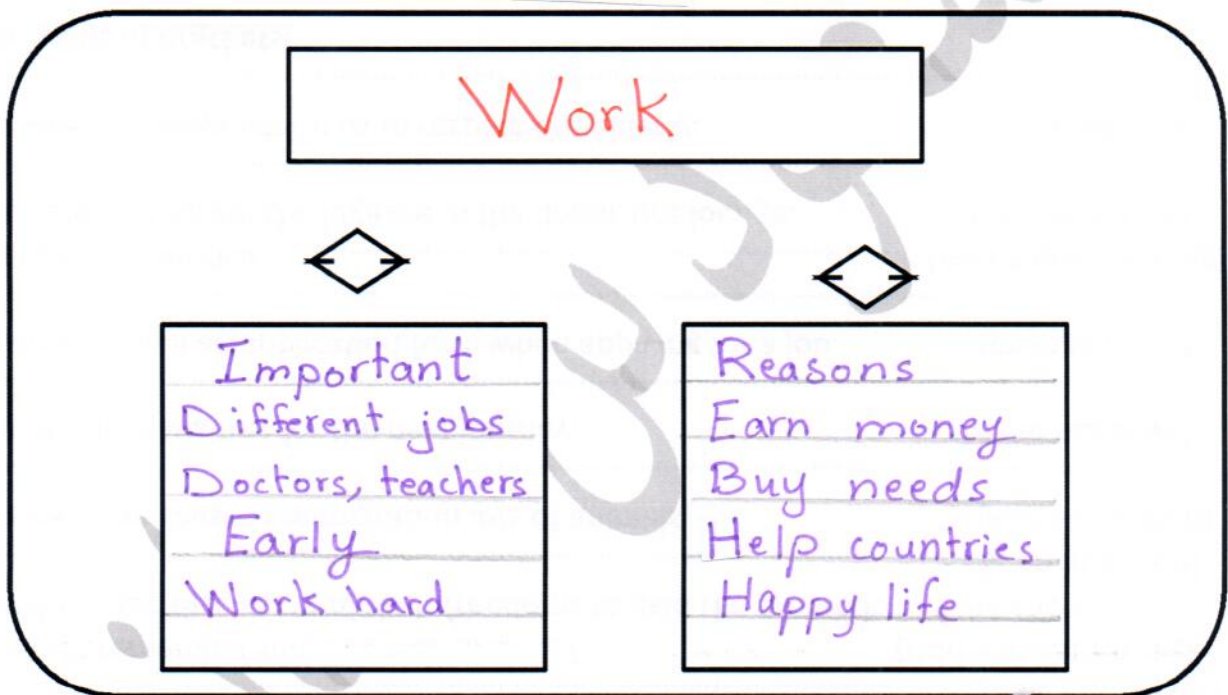
do

## Writing

Plan and write a report of two paragraphs not less than (10 sentences) about "work".  
The different kinds of jobs and the importance of work. The following guide words may help :

(jobs- work- important - earn - early – hard - happy - country )

### Planning



## Work

Work is very important. People work in many different jobs. They work as teachers, scientists, doctors and others. They have to get up early and be active. They have to work hard.

People work for different reasons. They earn money. They can buy their needs. They help their countries. Work makes people live a happy life.

## Grade 7

## Unit : 9

word	Part of speech	meaning	word	Part of speech	meaning
profile	(N)	لمحة جانبية	Nobel Prize	(N)	جائزة نوبل
composer	(N)	ملحن	contribute	(V)	يساهم
generous	(Adj)	كريم	faculty	(N)	كلية
imaginative	(Adj)	مبدع - واسع الخيال	voyage	(N)	رحلة
selfish	(Adj)	أناني	theory	(N)	نظرية
organise	(V)	يرتب - ينظم	citizen	(N)	مواطن
cabinet	(N)	خزانة	admire	(V)	يعجب
regularly	(Adv)	بانتظام	achievement	(N)	إنجاز
sweep	(V)	يجرف - يكنس	quote	(N)	اقتباس
laundry	(N)	غسيل			

VocabularyA) Choose the right word from a, b, c & d:

1- You shouldn't be ..... You should share your things with your brothers.

- a) regular      ☒ b) selfish      c) imaginative      d) generous

2- Scientists ..... a lot in our life by their useful inventions.

- a) sweep      b) organise      c) admire      ☒ d) contribute

3- Sara always helps her mother in doing the .....

- ☒ a) laundry      b) profile      c) quote      d) faculty

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4- A good ..... must respect the rules of his country.

a) cabinet

b) theory

✓ c) citizen

d) voyage

**B ) Fill in the spaces with words from the list below:**

( composer – regularly – admire – achievement – generous )

5- It is well-known that Arabs are ..... generous ..... and brave.

6- Jack likes music very much. He wants to be a ..... composer .....

7- Teachers really ..... admire ..... brilliant and polite students.

8- You must clean your room ..... regularly ..... Always keep it tidy.

**Grammar**

**A) Choose the correct answer in brackets:**

To be healthy, we (1) ( should – shouldn't – didn't have to ) eat healthy food.  
We should also do exercises (2) ( regular – regularly – more regular ) to keep fit. Our teacher always asks us, "Why don't you (3) ( walked – walks – walk ) for thirty minutes every day?"

**B) Do as shown between brackets:**

4- Sami had to wake up early on last Friday.

(Change into negative)

Sami didn't have to wake up early on last Friday.

5- We should listen to the teacher to understand the lesson.

(Ask a question)

Why should you listen to the teacher?

6- Yesterday, we ( have to ) finish our work early.

( Correct the verb )

..... had to .....

7- People should drive their cars ( slow ) in snowstorms.

( Correct the word )

..... slowly .....

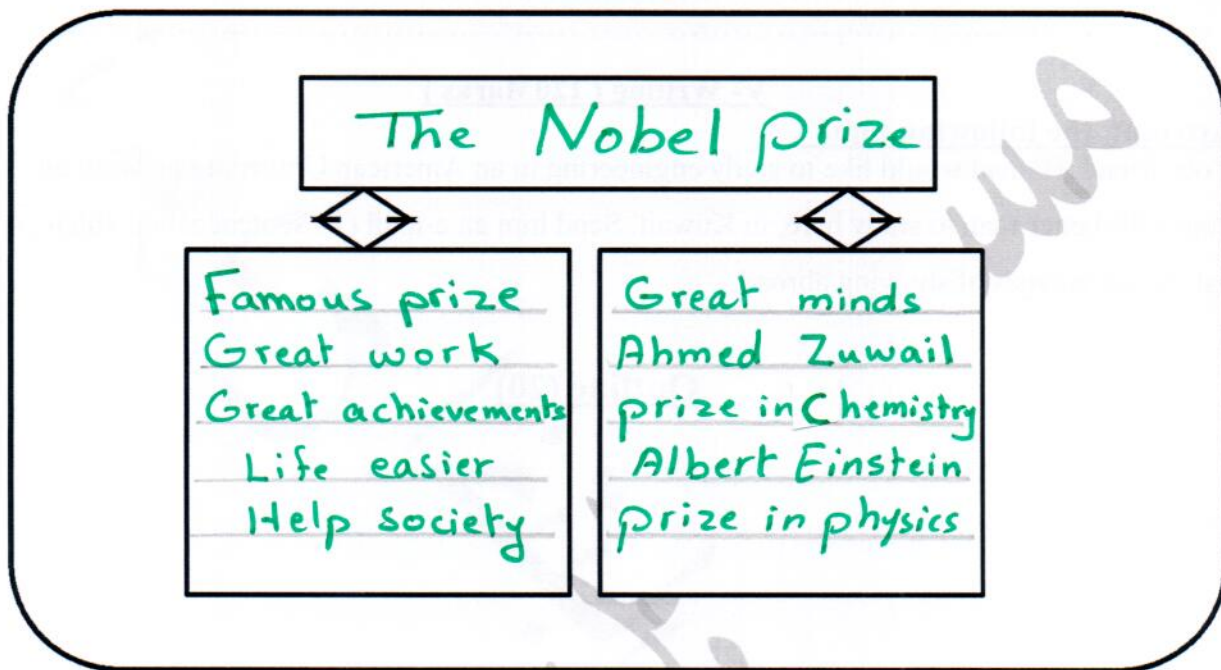
H.L.

## Writing

Plan and write a report of two paragraphs not less than (10 sentences) about "The Nobel Prize". The importance of science and The Noble Prize winners. The following guide words may help :

( famous – great minds – contribute – achievements – Zuwil- chemistry- Einstein- physics)

## Planning



## The Nobel Prize

The Nobel Prize is a famous prize. It is given to people who made great work and achievements. It is also given for great inventions which make life easier. People who contribute in saving people's life and help the society can get this prize.

People with great minds won the Nobel prize. Ahmed Zuwail was an Egyptian scientist. He won the Nobel prize in Chemistry. Albert Einstein was a very famous scientist. He won the prize in physics.

Grade 7

Unit 10

word	Part of speech	Meaning	word	Part of speech	meaning
silver	(N)	فضة	create	(V)	يصمم - ينشئ
ambitious	(Adj)	طموح	brilliant	(Adj)	رائع
repair	(v)	يصلح	mausoleum	(N)	ضريح
engine	(N)	محرك	concert	(N)	حفلة موسيقية
submarine	(N)	غواصة	population	(N)	تعدد السكان
quality	(N)	ميزة - صفة	impatiently	(Adv)	بفارغ الصبر
issue	(N)	عدد - إصدار	seagull	(N)	نورس
film	(V)	يسجل فلم	fascinated	(Adj)	مسحور - مفتون
neatly	(Adv)	بغاية - بدقة			

Vocabulary

A) Choose the right word from a, b, c& d:

1- Gold and ..... are precious metals. They are used for making jewelry.

a) issue

b) seagull

c) concert

✓ d) silver

H.L.

2- Our holiday was ..... We enjoyed our time a lot.

- a) ambitious      ✓ b) brilliant      c) neat      d) fascinated

3- Taj Mahal is a famous ..... in India. A lot of tourists visit it every year.

- ✓ a) mausoleum      b) engine      c) submarine      d) quality

4- My friend can ..... web pages. He is good at using the computer.

- a) operate      b) film      ✓ c) create      d) repair

**B ) Fill in the spaces with words from the list below:**

(impatiently - seagull - population - film - ambitious )

5- Ali is a/an ..... student. He will complete his university studies.

6- My father used to ..... our childhood memories.

7- We are waiting for our summer holiday .....

8- Countries with large ..... suffer from many problems.

**Grammar**

**A) Choose the correct answer in brackets:**

My uncle is a doctor <sup>طبيب</sup> ( which - who - when ) is specialized in surgery. He always goes to his work early ( in - on - at ) the morning. He works in a big and modern <sup>مكان</sup> hospital ( when - that - where ) he helps a lot of sick people.

**B) Do as shown between brackets:**

1- They went to the zoo last month.

( Ask a question )

When did they go to the zoo?

2- She stayed in Dubai for five days.

( Ask a question )

How long did she stay in Dubai?

3- Ali is my friend. He lives in Saudi Arabia.

( Join using 'who' )

Ali is my friend who lives in Saudi Arabia.

4- My father has got a car. It was made in 1980.

( Join using 'which' )

My father has got a car which was made in 1980.

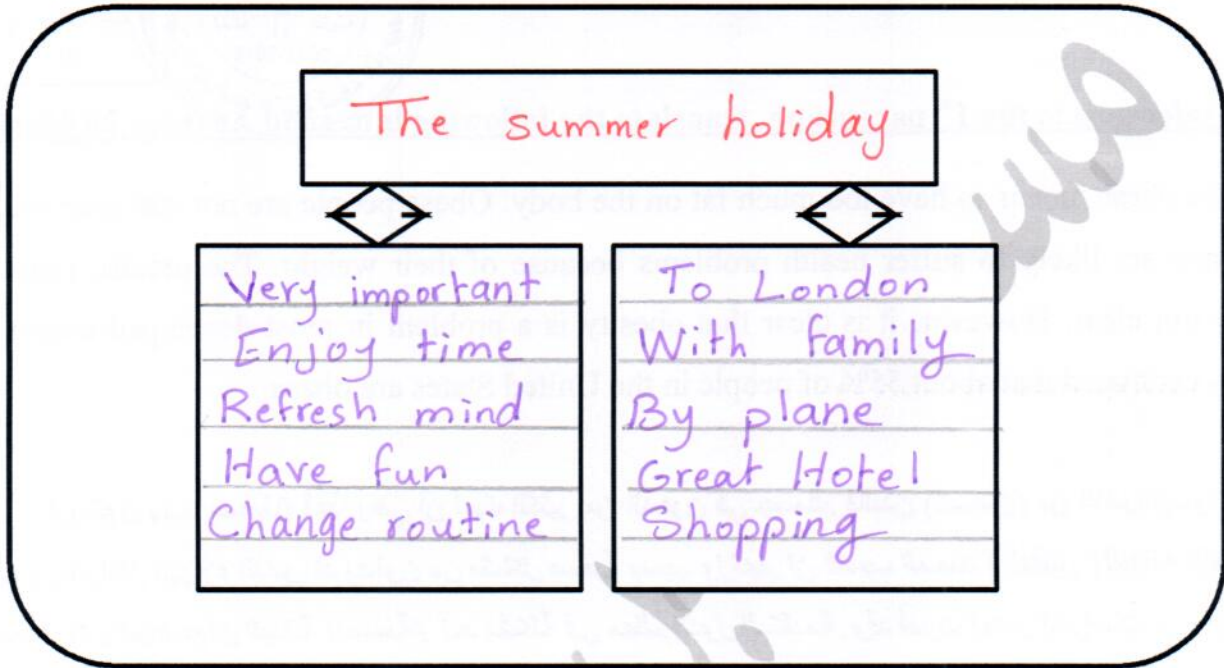


## Writing

Plan and write a report of two paragraphs not less than (10 sentences) about "The summer Holiday". Where you travel in summer and what you do. The following guide words may help :

( travel –family – plane – hotel – visit – fun- shopping - beach)

### Planning



### The summer holiday

Holidays are very important. We can relax and enjoy our time. We can refresh our minds. On holidays, we have fun. We can also change our daily routine.

Last summer holiday, I went to London. I went with my family. We went by plane. We stayed in a great hotel. We enjoyed shopping and playing on the beach.

Unit 11

meaning	Part of speech	word	Meaning	Part of speech	Word
تلوث	(N)	pollution	وادي	(N)	Valley
أداة	(N)	gadget	شاهق - شديد الانحدار	(Adj)	Steep
وعاء	(N)	container	بحذر	(Adv)	Cautiously
عديد - متنوع	(Adj)	several	محافظ	(N)	Mayor
متجدد	(Adj)	renewable	مضخة	(N)	Pump
فحم	(N)	coal	يشغل	(V)	Operate
صغير جدا - دقيق	(Adj)	tiny	يوصل - يربط	(V)	Attach
ترسب - طبقة	(N)	deposit	يتدفق	(PhV)	flow up
شمسي	(Adj)	solar	يعيد تصنيع	(V)	Recycle
بقوة	(Adv)	powerfully	تأثير	(N)	Impact
طاحونة هوائية	(N)	windmill	يخفض - يقلل	(V)	Reduce

H.L.

## Vocabulary

### A) Choose the right word from a, b, c & d:

1- Water, wind and the sun are .....sources of

- ✓ a) renewable      b) steep      c) tiny      d) solar

2- It is better to .....the used materials to save our resources.

- a) attach      b) reduce      c) operate      ✓ d) recycle

3- .....is one of the most dangerous problems that face the environment.

- a) Mayor      ✓ b) Pollution      c) Gadget      d) Pump

4- If you look for something to keep the food in, you can use this .....

- a) valley      b) deposit      ✓ c) container      d) windmill

### B ) Fill in the spaces with words from the list below:

(coal – several – flows up – powerfully – impact )

1- The lorry hit the bridge.....powerfully.....and caused a lot of damage.

2- We can find .....several.....kinds of books in the library.

3- Every winter , water.....flows up.....through rivers because of the heavy rain.

4- The Internet has a great.....impact.....on children nowadays.

## Grammar

### A) Choose the correct answer in brackets:

Camels and horses (were used – is used – uses ) for travelling in the past.

في الوقت  
الحاضر

Nowadays, planes (was preferred – prefer – are preferred) to other means of transport. In the future, people (are – am – is) going to use modern machines to travel.

### B- Do as shown between brackets:

1- Scientists make useful inventions to save time and effort.

(Change into passive )

Useful inventions are made by scientists to save time and effort.

2- The maid cleaned the room yesterday.

(Change into passive)

The room was cleaned by the maid yesterday.

3- Sara is doing her homework.....isn't she ?

(tag question)

4- We ( visit ) our friends this evening.

( Correct the verb )

are visiting

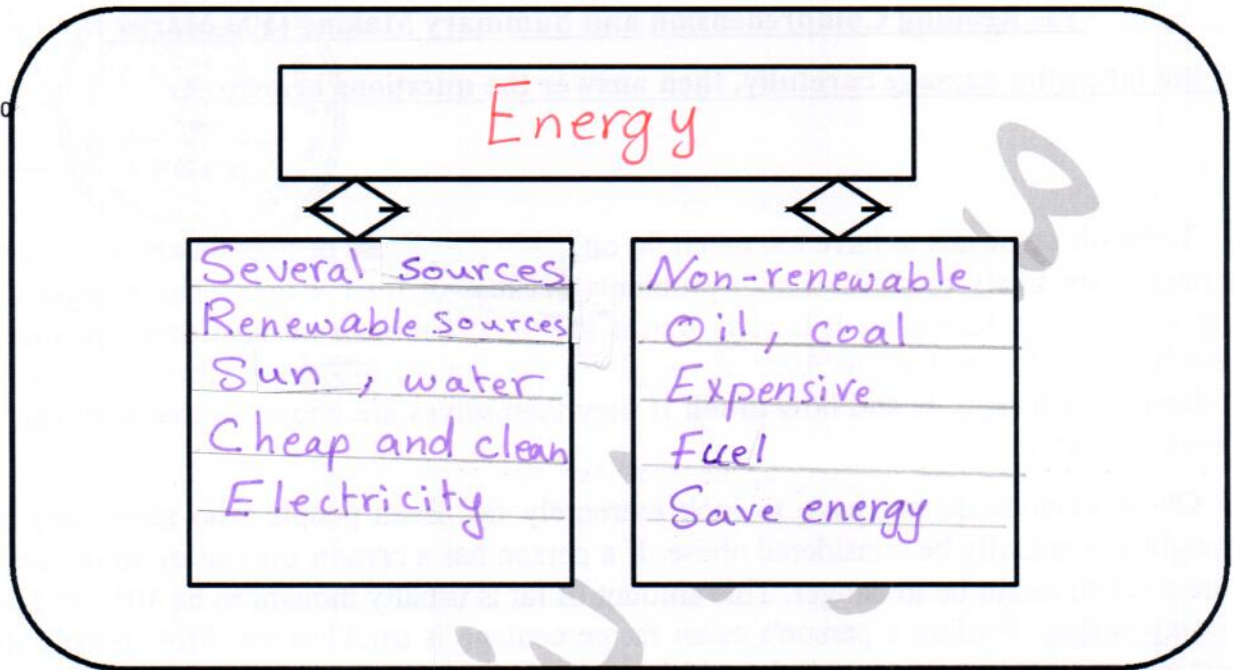
H.W.

## Writing

Plan and write a report of two paragraphs not less than (10 sentences) about "energy". The using of energy and the different kinds of energy. The following guide words may help:

(several – non-renewable – renewable – need – save – oil- electricity-power)

## Planning



## Energy

There are several sources of energy. There are renewable sources such as the sun, water and wind. They are cheap and clean. Solar energy is used in houses. We use wind energy to make electricity.

On the other hand, there are non-renewable sources of energy. They are oil, coal and natural gas. They are expensive. We use them as a fuel. We should save energy and never waste it.

## Unit 12

meaning	Part of speech	word	Meaning	Part of speech	word
قطبي	(Adj)	polar	بارز - مشهور	(Adj)	prominent
غطاء جليدي	(N)	icecap	منشور	(N)	publication
شاطئ - ساحل	(N)	coast	مفكرة - تقويم	(N)	calendar
هائل - ضخم	(Adj)	enormous	يكرم	(V)	honour
يرتفع	(V)	rise	يكافئ	(V)	reward
بلا مأوى - مشرد	(Adj)	homeless	مصطلح	(N)	Idiom
يحمل	(V)	download	بشدّة - بغزارة	(Adv)	Heavily
يسترد - يتذكر	(V)	recall	درجة (وحدة قياس الحرارة)	(N)	Degree
كارثة	(N)	disaster	توقع - تنبأ	(N)	Prediction
إعصار	(N)	hurricane	نشرة جوية	(N)	Forecast
			بيئي	(Adj)	Environmental

H.L.

## Vocabulary

### A) Choose the right word from a, b, c& d:

- 1- Eid Al-Fitr follows the Islamic ..... It comes after Ramadan.  
a) icecap      ✓ b) calendar      c) hurricane      d) degree
- 2- Man causes a lot of ..... problems. His actions harm the environment.  
a) prominent      b) enormous      c) polar      ✓ d) environmental
- 3- The boss decided to ..... the active worker for his efforts.  
a) rise      b) download      c) recall      ✓ d) reward
- 4- Natural ..... are very dangerous. We can't stop them.  
✓ a) disasters      b) coasts      c) forecasts      d) publications

### B ) Fill in the spaces with words from the list below:

( heavily – homeless – honours – prediction – hurricane )

- 1- A strong hurricane hit the city and destroyed many houses.
- 2- It rained heavily last night. The streets were covered by water completely.
- 3- Every year, our school honours the brilliant students.
- 4- After the violent earthquake, a lot of people became homeless.

## Grammar

### A) Choose the correct answer in brackets:

I am not sure about my plan for tomorrow. I ( will – may – won't ) go shopping.  
But I ( could – may – will ) visit my grandpa as I do every week. In the evening, I  
could ( meet – meets – meeting ) my friends.

### B- Do as shown between brackets:

- 1- I will finish my work at 7 o'clock. (Change into negative)  
I won't finish my work at 7 o'clock.
- 2- The weather could be very hot tomorrow. ( Ask a question )  
How could the weather be tomorrow ?
- 3- She could go to the club by herself. ( Change into negative )  
She couldn't go to the club by herself.

4- Ali won't (travels) to London next year.

( Correct the verb)

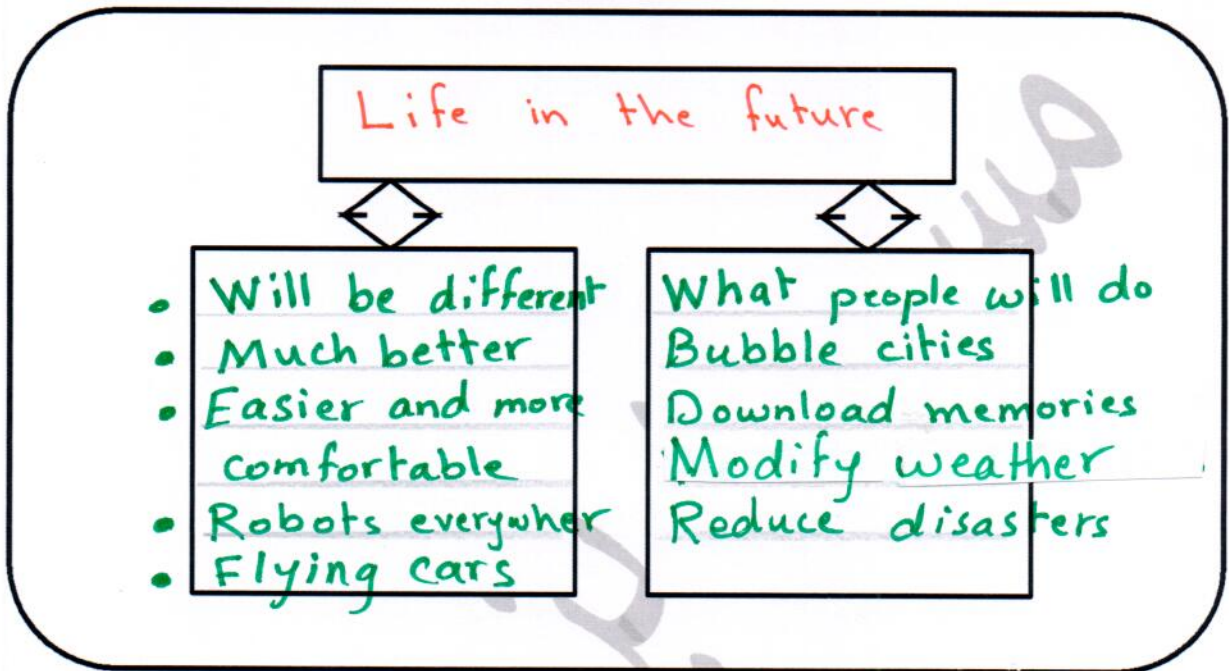
travel

مسعود بن سنان

Writing

Plan and write a report of two paragraphs not less than (10 sentences) about "Life in the future". How life will be in the future and what people will do in the future. The following guide words may help:

( different – live – modern – internet – weather – better-robots- cities )

planningLife in the future

Life in the future will be different. It will be much better. It will be easier and more comfortable. There will be robots working everywhere. There will be modern flying cars.

People will live in bubble cities. They will be able to download their memories to a computer. Scientists will be able to modify the weather. This will help stop global warming. They will be able to reduce flood and drought disasters from reaching the land.