



الوحدة لسياحة
(رحلة إلى الماضي)

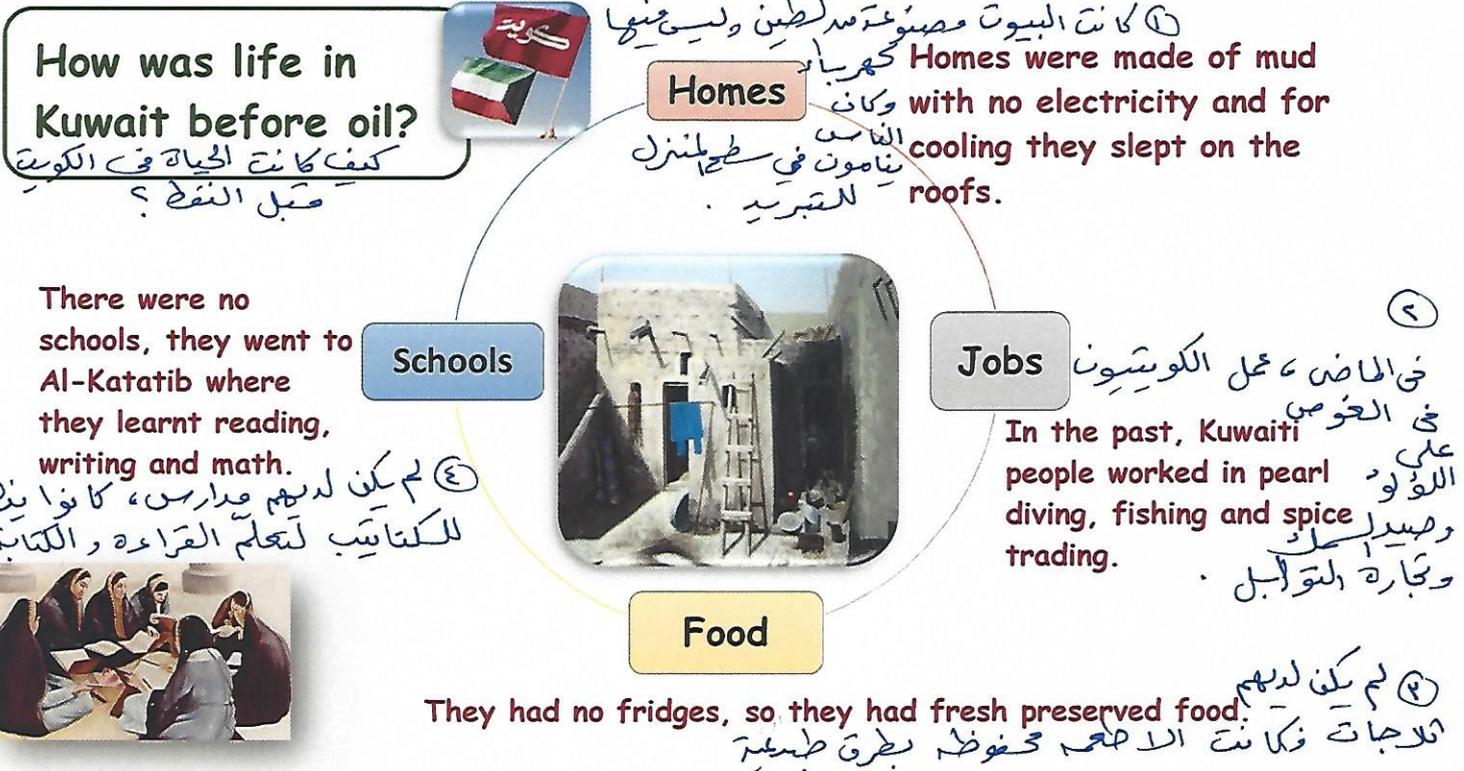
Second Term
تسجلات الفصل الثاني للصف السابع
تساعد على فهم الدروس وتدريب
المواضيع الراجعة في المنهج للتدريب
على كتابة النجيب و نماذج للتعبير والقواعد

Unit 7
Journey to the past

Vocabulary Corner:

Word	Meaning	Word	Meaning	Word	Meaning
trade	يتاجر	cultivation	زراعة او رعاية	rule	يحكم
trading	تجارة	restore	يستعيد	cultural	ثقافي
privileged	يتمتع بميزة او نعمة	ancient	قديم او عتيق	instrument	أداة او آلة
rather	بدلاً عن	gladiator	مصارع	include	يتضمن او يشمل
preserve	يحفظ	cheerfully	بمرح	calligraphy	فن زخرفة الخطوط
realise	يدرك	chariot	عربة	curiously	بفضول
endangered	مهدد بالخطر	Take place	يحدث او يقام		

الأفكار العامة في الوحدة (الكويت قبل النفط ، مدينة جرش ، اسبانيا في العصور الوسطى)
Main Topics: (Kuwait Before Oil, Ancient Jerash & Medieval Spain)



People in Ancient Jerash enjoyed watching the gladiators fighting and chariot racing

Boys studied astronomy, philosophy and geology. Girls learned reading, writing and how to look after a home.





students	Music	Arts	Astronomy	Math & Science
They came from all Europe to study.	They introduced the flute and the oud.	They introduced calligraphy and glassmaking.	Muslim Astronomers built observatories and studied the stars.	They introduced medicine and brought numbers from India.

* قدم الطلاب من كل ارجاء أوروبا للانضمام للدراسة

* قدموا الآلات الموسيقية مثل الفايه والعود

قدم المسلمون للفن الخطوط وحنان الجراج

بن المسلمون المراصد الفلكية ودرسوا النجوم

قدم المسلمون الطب والارقام من الهند

Grammar Review:

1. Past Simple Tense

We use this tense to talk about what happened in the past with certain keywords:



* yesterday, * last... (week, month..), * ago (3 days ago.), * in the past.

العَوْدُ: الزمن الماضي البسيط يتحول الفعل الى ماضى في حال وجود هذه الكلمات في الجملة

Eman **stayed** at home last weekend.

لنفي الجملة في الماضي نضع أولاً **didn't** وبعدها الفعل في المصدر بدون اضافة
To change the sentence to the negative form, we put didn't and change the main verb to the infinitive form:

مثال على ذلك

Abdullah **studied** Geography at the university last year.

Abdullah **didn't study** Geography at the university last year.



Geography

Choose the right word from a, b, c and d:

- Basil (takes - **took** - taking) some piano lessons last month.



كيف يكون السؤال في الاختبار؟

Do as shown in brackets:

1.Sami collected the math books yesterday. [Make **Negative**]
Sami **didn't collect** the math books yesterday.

2. Dana (buy) a new blouse yesterday. [Correct the verb]
Dana **bought** a new blouse yesterday.

* تذكروا بان الافعال في الماضي نوعين (منتظم) **Don't FORGET!** لصيغته له (ed) او Verbs can be regular (surf-surfed, live-lived) OR irregular (see -saw, buy-bought) غير منتظم يتغير فيه شكل الفعل

2. Used to

Naser **used to ride** a bicycle.

Naser **didn't use to ride** a bicycle.



Used to

يعني لتتاد ان

في الماضي البسيط بدون اضافة
used to لنفي
didn't use to
صيغة

Choose the right alternative to complete the sentence:

- My friend used to (watch - watching - watching) cartoons on TV.



كيف يكون السؤال في الاختبار؟

The verb always comes in the infinitive form after used to or didn't use to.

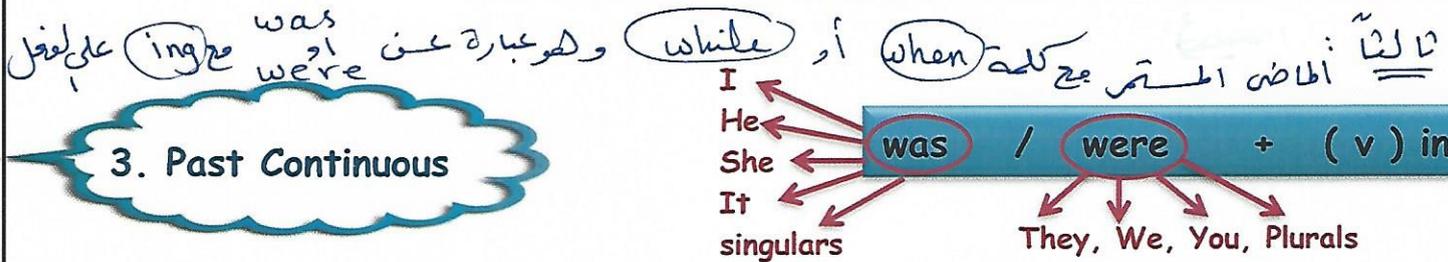


Do as shown in brackets:

*Mona used to paint pictures.

[Make Negative]

Mona didn't use to paint pictures.



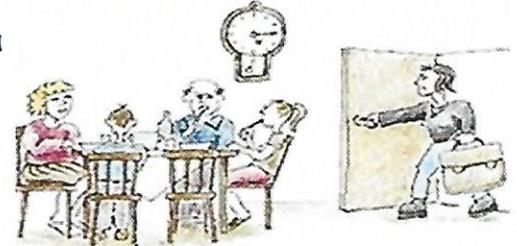
3. Past Continuous

It is used to express actions that were going on for a period of time when another event occurred.

While they were eating dinner, their aunt came home.

They were eating dinner when their aunt came home.

أصله على ذلك



بعد (when) يأتي زمن ماضٍ بسيط (while) زمن ماضٍ مستمر.



Choose the right alternative:

- While I (runs - was running - run) to school, I fell down.
- They were eating popcorn (when - while - if) the film started.

Do as shown in brackets:

1. While Fahed (drive) to work, a car hit him. [Correct th verb]
While Fahed was driving to work, a car hit him.

We use past continuous after **while** and past simple after **when**.

4. used for ..

أبجاً: used for : ويأتي بعدها الفعل مضافاً إليه (ing)

A camera is used for taking photos.



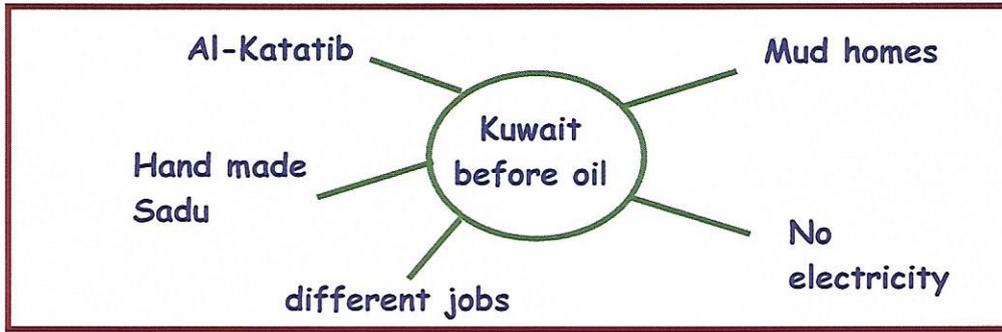
Choose the right word from a, b, c and d:

- The fridge is used for (preserve - preserves - preserving) food.
- This pen is (used to - used for - used as) writing on wood.



Writing Practice: مقال على موضوع التغيير للوحدة السابعة (الكويت ما قبل النفط)

In 8 sentences, plan and write a short report about life in Kuwait before oil.



① نرسم المخطط
 ② نكتب الفقرات
 ③ نكتب الجمل
 ④ نكتب جملته البدياه
 ⑤ نكتب الجملته الختاميه

Life in Kuwait before oil is a lot different from life nowadays. The houses then were made of mud. There was no electricity, so they used to sleep on the roofs for cooling. Kuwaiti people worked in pearl diving, fishing and spice trading. There weren't schools in Kuwait in the past. Young boys and girls went to Al-Katatib to learn reading, writing and simple math. People didn't have fridges so they rather had fresh preserved food and all hand mand thing like Sadu. In the past life was simpler and easier. I think people were happier.

Topic sentence
 The Body
 conclusion



الوحدة الثامنة
 (أعمالنا)

**Unit 8
 The Work We Do**

Vocabulary Corner:

نبدأ بدراسة الكلمات ونكتب معانيها

Word	Meaning	Word	Meaning	Word	Meaning
hard-working	مجتهد	queue	طابور	Staff	طاقم عمل
rarely	نادراً	perform	يؤدي	Luggage	الامتعة
hidden	مخبأ	behaviour	سلوك	passport	جواز سفر
dig up	يحفر	public	عام	aisle	ممر او جناح
sow	يزرع او يبذر	Park ranger	حارس الحديقة	agent	موظف
value	قيمة	biologist	عالم بيئية	boarding pass	بطاقة صعود الطائرة
earn	يكسب	runway	مدرج الطائرة		

Main Topic (Jobs & Working at the airport): الأفكار العامة (الوظائف والعمل في المطار) للوحدة



Many people work hard all their lives. They work hard to **earn money**, to **get an award** and to **have a better life**.

Dalal Al-Mutairi

dandash74 MDalalnow

Working with nature:

العمل في الطبيعة

أرغب بأن أكون عالم أحياء بحرية لأنني أحب العمل في البحر ولتعلم عن الأحياء البحرية.
 I'd like to be a marine biologist because I like working in the sea and learn more about sea animals and plants.



Marine Biologist

عالم الأحياء البحرية



① عدد بحيوانات

Animal Trainer

I'd like to be an animal trainer because I like working with animals, I don't have to work in an office.
 * يحب العمل مع الحيوانات ولديهم علمه العمل في مكتب

WORKING WITH NATURE

Zoo Keeper



⑤ حارس حديقة
 I'd like to be a zoo keeper because it's fun. I don't have to work with the public and I don't have to use the computer.



Park Ranger

⑥ حيوان الحديقة العامة

أرغب بأن أكون حيوان الحديقة العامة لأنني عمل خارجي وليس في المكتب ولا يجب علي تكرار الروتين اليومي.
 I'd like to be a park ranger because I like the outdoors and I don't have to do the same thing everyday.

أرغب بأن أكون حارس حديقة الحيوانات لأنني وظيفته ممتعة ولا يجب التعامل مع طرائفها ولا العمل بالكمبيوتر

Working at the airport:

العمل في المطار

Why do people go to the airport?

لماذا يذهب الناس الى المطار؟

People go to the airport to travel by plane.
 ① يذهبون الى المطار لكي يسافروا

ملاحظة: ليس الطلوب خلف الامتداد الاجابتي بل تكونين فكرة عن الموضوع حتى تتمكن الطالبة من كتابة التغير اذا كانه عندها الدرس



Working at an airport

If you worked at an airport, what would you like to do?

اذا رغبته بالعمل في المطار فماذا وظيفتك؟
 ⑤ أرغب بأن أكون طياراً لأنني أحب السفر
 I'd like to be a pilot because I love travelling a lot.

What do you need to bring for travelling abroad?

I need to bring my passport, a ticket and my luggage.
 * ماذا أحضر معك اذا أردت أن تسافر
 ⑤ احضر جواز السفر وتذكرة السفر والامتعة

Where can a plane land or take off?

أين تهبط أو تطلق الطائرة؟
 ④ صد المدرج

The plane lands and takes off at the runway.

Mention some jobs in an airport.

They are the air traffic controller, the pilot and the check in clerk.

② مراقب الحركة الجوية، الطيار و موظف المطار

* اذكر بعض الوظائف في المطار؟

Grammar Review:

Modals

① الأفعال الناقصة .
تكون الفعل مصدرًا بدون إضافات بعدها إلا أن

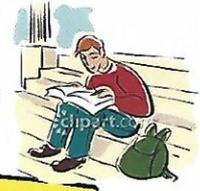
We always use (infinitive) forms after these words: (must/ mustn't - should/ shouldn't - have to/ don't have to - has to/ doesn't have to - had to / didn't have to)



Fatma must **work** hard to win the prize.

He had to **leave** the class early.

أمثلت عليه



Choose the right alternative:

- Naser must (stop - stops - stopping) smoking cigarettes.



كيف يكون السؤال في الاختبار ؟



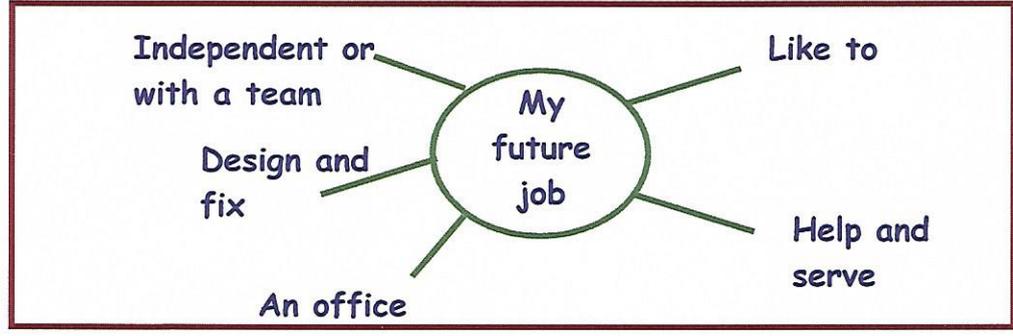
Do as shown in brackets:

- The nurse has to use a computer. [Make negative]
The nurse **doesn't have to** use a computer.
- Majed had to sleep early last night. [Make negative]
Majed **didn't have to** sleep early last night.

للمدرسة على لتعتبر (كتابة تقرير عن وظيفة أحلامك)

Writing Practice (a report on your future job):

In 8 sentences, plan and write a short report about your favourite sporting activity.



اولاً رسم المخطط ثم كتابته

The Plan

I'd like to be a computer programmer in the future. I enjoy working with modern techs. I don't have to deal with the public. I can work alone or with a team. I have to work in an office. It's an interesting job because I like to know more about the modern technology and the daily changes in it. I'd like to design computer programmes and fix the problems in their updates.
What a wonderful job! I will study and work hard to reach my dream.

Topic sentence

The Body

conclusion



Unit 9 Jobs & Personality

Vocabulary Corner:

ابدأ بدراسة الكلمات وحفظ معانيها

Word	Meaning	Word	Meaning	Word	Meaning
profile	ملف شخصي	regularly	بانتظام	theory	نظرية
composer	مؤلف موسيقى	sweep	يمسح	citizen	مواطن
generous	كريم	laundry	ملابس الغسيل	admire	يعجب ب
imaginative	ذو خيال واسع	Nobel Prize	جائزة نوبل	achievement	انجاز
selfish	أناني	contribute	يساهم	quote	اقتباس
organise	ينظم	faculty	عضو في الكلية		
cabinet	خزانة	voyage	رحلة		

Main Topic (Helping at home, Nobel Prize Winners):

الأفكار العامة (مساعدة الأم في المنزل، والفائزون بجائزة نوبل)

If you want to show gratitude to your mother, you can help at home.

إذا رغبت باظهار امتنانك لوالدتك فيجب ان تساعدك في المنزل وذلك بعدة طرق

Helping your mother at home!

Do the washing up or ironing

① غسل الأطباق او كوي الملابس

Lay the table for dinner

② تجهيز طاولة الطعام للعشاء

④ الطبخ وتنظيم خزانة المطبخ Cook and organize the kitchen cabinet

③ اجعل في الحديقة وتصليح الأشياء Work in the garden or fix things in the house

The Nobel Prize is an award and money for great people in different ways.

جائزة نوبل هي عبارة عن تكريم وجائزة مالية لتأثير عظماء من جميع الحضارات في مختلف



What did they win the Nobel Prize for?

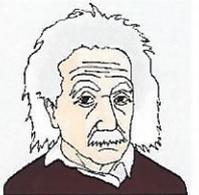
① حصل أحمد زويل على جائزة نوبل في الكيمياء

Ahmed Zuwail won the Nobel Prize in Chemistry.



② حصل اينشتاين على جائزة نوبل في الفيزياء

Einstein won the Nobel Prize in Physics.



كيف فازوا بجائزة نوبل ؟

They work hard and write books or invent things. عند طريقه انجازاتهم واختراعاتهم



Writing Practice (a paragraph about Sara Akbar: An award winner):

In 8 sentences, plan and write a short article about after school activities.



الموضوع
عبد المهدية
(ساره اكر)
التي شاركت في
احفاء حرائق
النفط بعد الغزو
العراقي على الكويت

Topic sentence

Sara Akbar is a famous great Kuwaiti woman. Sara Akbar is a Kuwaiti petroleum engineer. She worked in the Kuwait Oil Company. She is the most famous petroleum engineer in Kuwait because she worked with the Kuwaiti team who stopped the oil fires following the gulf war in 1991. She has a 30 years of experience in oil and gas. She became the middle east speaker all around the world. Sara Akbar received the "Global 500" award in USA.
I felt so proud when I read about Sara Akbar and I hope to be like her in the future.

The Body

conclusion

الوحدة العاشرة (السفر والاستكشاف)
Unit 10 Travels & Exploration

Vocabulary Corner:

Word	Meaning	Word	Meaning	Word	Meaning
silver	فضة	issue	اصدار	concert	حفلة موسيقية
ambitious	طموح	film	بصور	population	عدد السكان
repair	يصلح	neatly	بترتيب	impatiently	بفارغ الصبر
engine	محرك	create	يصنع	seagull	طائر النورس
submarine	غواصة	brilliant	ذكي او عبقرى	fascinated	مبهور
quality	جودة	mausoleum	ضريح		

الأفكار العامة: - المخترون العظماء و السفر في الاجازات
Main Topic (Great Inventors & Travelling on Holidays)

- ① الادريسي
- Al-Idrisi
- ② ليوناردو دافنشي
- Leonardo Da Vinci
- ③ الاخوة وايت
- The Wright Brothers

* كان جغرافى عربى رسم خريطة العالم من الفضة.
An Arab geographer who drew a silver map of the world.

* رسام ايطالى رسم (الموناليزا)
An Italian artist who painted the most famous painting (the Mona Lisa.)

* هم من اخترعوا اول طائرة في الولايات المتحدة.
They invented the first plane in the USA.



People like to travel on Holidays.

يمكن استخدام هذه طبعوماً في الكتابة موضوع بغير

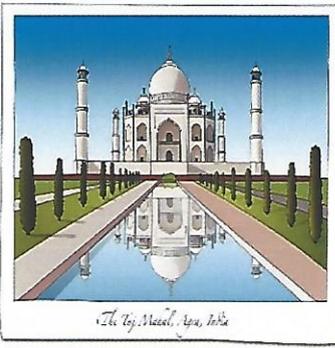
ماذا كانت أفضل جزء من عطلةكم؟
 استمتعت بالطعام اللذيذ
 والنزهة في الجبال
 5- We

Where did you travel?
 أين سافرت؟

1- I travelled to India last Summer.



What did you like best in your holiday?



whom did you travel with?

مع من سافرت؟
 2- I travelled with my family

enjoyed the spicy food and the walk in the mountains.

ماذا رأيتم وفعلتم هناك؟
 زرنا قاعة حفلات وحضرتنا حفلاً
 4- We visited Taj Mahal and listened to a music concert.

What did you do or see there?

Where did you stay?

أين كنتم في أجرة؟
 في فندق جميل في منطقة أجرا في الوند
 3- We stayed in a beautiful hotel in Agra.

Grammar Review:

Relative pronouns

We use them to join two sentences, who with humans- that/which with non-humans, where with places and when with time.

للمكان

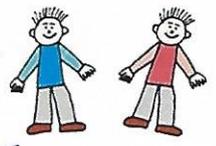
للمناسبات
 He took the box which was full of chocolates.



لغير العاقل

قد تستخدم الأسماء الموصولة للربط بين جملتين
 وقد تستخدم لتكون حجة اعتراضية في منتصف الجملة
 School
 Saad went with Ali who lives nextdoor.

Saad went with Ali who lives nextdoor.



The school, where my mother works, is opposite the bank.

كيف يكون السؤال في الوند؟

Choose the right word from a, b, c and d:

- They found the man (where - who - which) stole the bank.



Do as shown in brackets:

1. I sold my old car. It broke down last week. [Join the sentences]
 I sold my old car which broke down last week.

2. We helped Mona. She had a lot of work to do. [Join]
 We helped Mona who had a lot of work to do.

Question Formation

تكوين الأسئلة المختصر

Short answer questions: starts with a helping verb (Did / Do / Will / Does / Can)

Examples:

Did you enjoy the film?

Yes, I did

No, I didn't

تبدأ الأسئلة بهذا النوع بعجل
مساعد ثم الضاعل ثم الفعل
الرئيسي كما في المثال



Choose the right alternative:

- (Do - Had - Did) they return home yesterday? Yes, they did.

كيف يكون السؤال في الاختبار ؟

Do as shown in brackets:

2. Yes, she played the piano in a concert. [Ask]

- Did she play the piano in a concert?



Note: For the short answer you can form only one question!



Writing Practice (an e-card about your holiday):

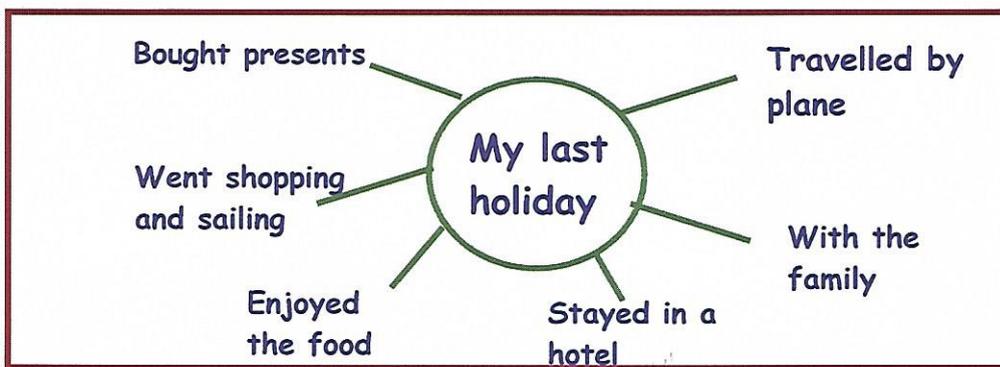
التدريب على كتابة

التجديد (بطاقة) الالكترونية عن اجازتك او رحلاتك في العطلة الماضية

In 8 sentences, plan and write an e-card about your last holiday.

لا بد من استخدام
الزمن الماضي
البيط في
كثرة الحالات

Topic sentence



The Plan

My last summer holiday was a lot of fun. I travelled to India by plane. It was a long flight to get there. We stayed in a nice hotel. I travelled with my family. The weather in India is hot and rainy sometimes. We visited many places in India but the most beautiful place was Taj Mahal. We listened to a lovely concert there. Later we went walking in the mountains. I loved the Indian spicy food. I really enjoyed my time in India and I will visit it again.

The Body

conclusion

Unit 11 Energy & Recycling

Vocabulary Corner:

نبدأ بدراسة الكلمات وحفظ معانيها

Word	Meaning	Word	Meaning	Word	Meaning
valley	وادي	recycle	يعيد التدوير	coal	فحم
steep	شديد الانحدار	impact	أثر	tiny	صغير جداً
cautiously	بحذر	reduce	يقلل او يخفف	deposit	ترسب او رواسب
Mayor	عمدة البلدة	pollution	تلوث	solar	شمسي
pump	مضخة	gadget	جهاز او اداة	Powerfully	بقوة
operate	يشغل	container	حاوية	windmill	طاحونة هوائية
attach	يوصل او يربط	several	متعدد		
flow up	يفيض او ينساب	renewable	متجدد		

الأفكار العامة : (إعادة استخدام وتدوير الأشياء + مصادر الطاقة)
Main Topic (Recycling, reusing and the sources of energy)

لماذا يقوم الناس بإعادة التدوير؟
Why do people reuse and recycle things?

Because recycling helps reduce the pollution, reduce the need for raw materials so forests are preserved.

لأنه إعادة التدوير يقلل التلوث ويخفض الحاجة إلى المواد الخام وبذلك يحفظ الغابات من الدمار



Writing Practice (a short report about the sources of energy):

Sources of Energy

مصادر الطاقة المتجددة
Renewable sources

- ① They are the energy that comes from the sun, the wind and the water.
- ② We can collect the solar energy using very big mirrors. *يتم جمع طاقة الشمس باستخدام مرايا كبيرة*
- ③ The wind energy is free and doesn't damage the air. *طاقة الرياح لا تكلف شيئاً ولا تضر البيئة*
- ④ We get electricity from the renewable sources of energy. *نحصل على الكهرباء والطاقة من المصادر المتجددة*



مصادر الطاقة غير المتجددة
Non-renewable sources

- ① الفحم والنفط والغاز الطبيعي
- ② They are coal, oil and natural gas.
- ③ توجد هذه المصادر تحت سطح الأرض
- ④ They can be found deep under the ground.
- ⑤ يتكون النفط من حيوانات ونباتات قديمة
- ⑥ Oil is made of very old animals and plants and Coal is made of very old trees.
- ⑦ We can make petrol and diesel from oil. *يصنع الوقود والديزل من النفط*



تستخدم هذه المعلومات

Future Simple:

Second Term
قواعد الوحدة الحادية عشر
أولاً: المستقبل البسيط

We use the future simple { (be) going to / will } with these keywords: [**tomorrow, next..., this evening, this afternoon, at the weekend**]



قبل فعل مساعد (is أو are) أو am

تكون جملة في مستقبل باستخدام going to وبعدها مفعول ومصدر

Khalid is going to buy a big boat in the future.



They are going to paint the fence this afternoon.

Choose the right alternative:

- I (meet - meeting - am going to meet) my friends at the theatre tonight.



كيف يكون السؤال في الاختبار؟

Do as shown in brackets:

- We (watch) the fireworks this evening. [Correct]
We are going to watch the fireworks this evening.

Question Tag

We use question tags at the end of sentences to check information. It can be positive or negative.

أولاً: سؤال التأكيد أو سؤال نفي الجملة. نضع الفعل المساعد ونغير حالته (إذا كان مثبتاً نفيه وإذا كان منفي نلغي النفي منه) ثم نضع ضميراً مناسباً للمفاعل.

Helping Verbs question tags

- You will help me, won't you?
- It wasn't raining, was it?
- Sara can't come, can she?



Choose the right word from a, b, c and d:

- She can solve math problems, (can she - can't she - isn't she)?
- The boys will travel, (were they, haven't they, won't they)?

Do as shown in brackets:

- We can't see in the dark, _____? [Add a question tag]
We can't see in the dark, can we?

We use the Past Simple Passive to talk about past action not who did it. لتغير الجملة الى ماضي للمجهول

He washed the car last night.

The car **was** washed last night.

① To change a sentence to the past passive:

1- Start with the OBJECT.

2- Use (was / were)

3- Change the verb to the past participle.



Ali studied many subjects in school.

Many subjects **were** studied in school.

⑤ نضع بعده was
were
⑥ نضع الفعل في التصريف

Islamic Calligraphy

Choose the right alternative:

- Arabic numbers (**were introduced**), introduces, was introduced to Islamic Spain.

كيف يكون السؤال في الاختبار ؟

Do as shown in brackets:

1. Da Vinci painted the Mona Lisa in 1504

[Change into Passive]

- The Mona Lisa was painted in 1504.**

الوحدة الثانية عشر (توقع المستقبل)

Unit 12

Predicting the Future

Vocabulary Corner:

أبدأ بدراسة الكلمات وحفظ معانيها

Word	Meaning	Word	Meaning	Word	Meaning
prominent	بارز أو شهير	degree	درجة	enormous	ضخم
publication	اصدار	prediction	تنبؤ	rise	يرتفع أو يزيد
calendar	رزمة	forecast	توقعات	homeless	مشرود
honour	يقدر أو يكرم	environmental	بيئي	download	يحمل
reward	مكافأة أو جائزة	polar	قطبي	recall	يسترجع
idiom	عبارة أو مصطلح	icecap	الغطاء الجليدي	disaster	كارثة
heavily	بشدة	coast	ساحل	hurricane	اعصار

Scientists predict many changes to happen in the future.

يتوقع العلماء حدوث تغيرات كبيرة في المستقبل.

* ولذلك سترتفع منسوب مياه البحر
 So the sea level will rise and glaciers will melt.

1) The ice caps and glaciers will turn into water.

متزود المناطق الجليدية وتتحول إلى الماء.

2) ترتفع حرارة البحر ويرتفع منسوبه

The sea will get warmer and higher.

* لذلك ستعرض بعض الجزر للضيقات ولنظفها وتختفي دلتا النيل

Many islands will flood and the Nile Delta will disappear.



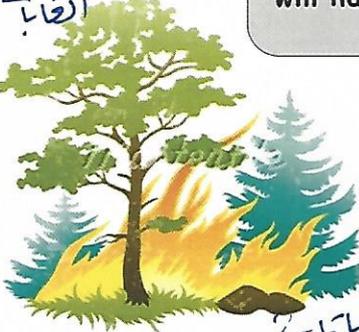
لذلك يصبح العالم أكثر جفافاً وحرارة
 The world will be hotter and drier.

Farmers can't grow plants like before

لذلك سيقول نسبة الغذاء العالمي
 So the food level will fall.

3) It will rain less and forests fires will happen more.

ستقل الأمطار وتزيد حرائق الغابات



4) لنمو المحاصيل الزراعية لنبتات كما في الماضي

Grammar Review:

☆ اقواس الرتبة في الوحدة 10

We put the verb in the infinitive form after these words: (**should, shouldn't, why don't you, will, won't, may, could**)

↑ يكون الفعل مصدر بدون اضافة بغير هذه الكلمات
 It will **be** sunny and windy next week.

They shouldn't **smoke** inside the mall.

كما هو موضح بالأضلة

Why don't you **learn** to cook?



Choose the right word from a, b, c and d:

- Why don't you _____ a haircut, Abdullah?
 a) **get** b) gets c) getting d) got
- Muslims should _____ five times a day!
 a) prayed b) praying c) prays d) **pray**

كيف يكون السؤال على هذه القاعدة في الاختبار؟

Writing Practice (a report about a famous Kuwaiti Astronomer):التدريب على كتابة
موضوع الدكتور**In 8 sentences, plan and write a short report about Saleh AL-Ojairi.**

موضوع عبد الظلي الكويتي الدكتور صباح العجيري



The Plan

Topic
sentence

Dr. Saleh Al-Ojairi is a prominent Kuwaiti astronomer. Dr. Saleh Al-Ojairi spent 70 years of his life in learning astronomy. He was the teacher of our Amir Sheikh Subah AL-AHmad. He has a famous bookshop in Hawally Area. Saleh Al-Ojairi had different publications like diaries and calendars. He received many medals and rewards. He is well-known in the Arab World. Al-Ojairi Museum was opened in 2013 in his honour. All Kuwaitis feel so proud of this great man.

The Body

conclusion

End of the Second Term

نزيه الفصل الدراسي الثاني

Study Hard**Best wishes for all,,****Dalal Al-Mutairi**

أتمنى ان تكون هذه المناسبات والتشجيرات
مفيدة للجميع
مع تحياتي للجميع الطالب
بالنجاح والتوفيق
دلال المطيري