

Ministry of Education

Al- Jahra Educational Zone

Hala Bint Khwaited Int. school

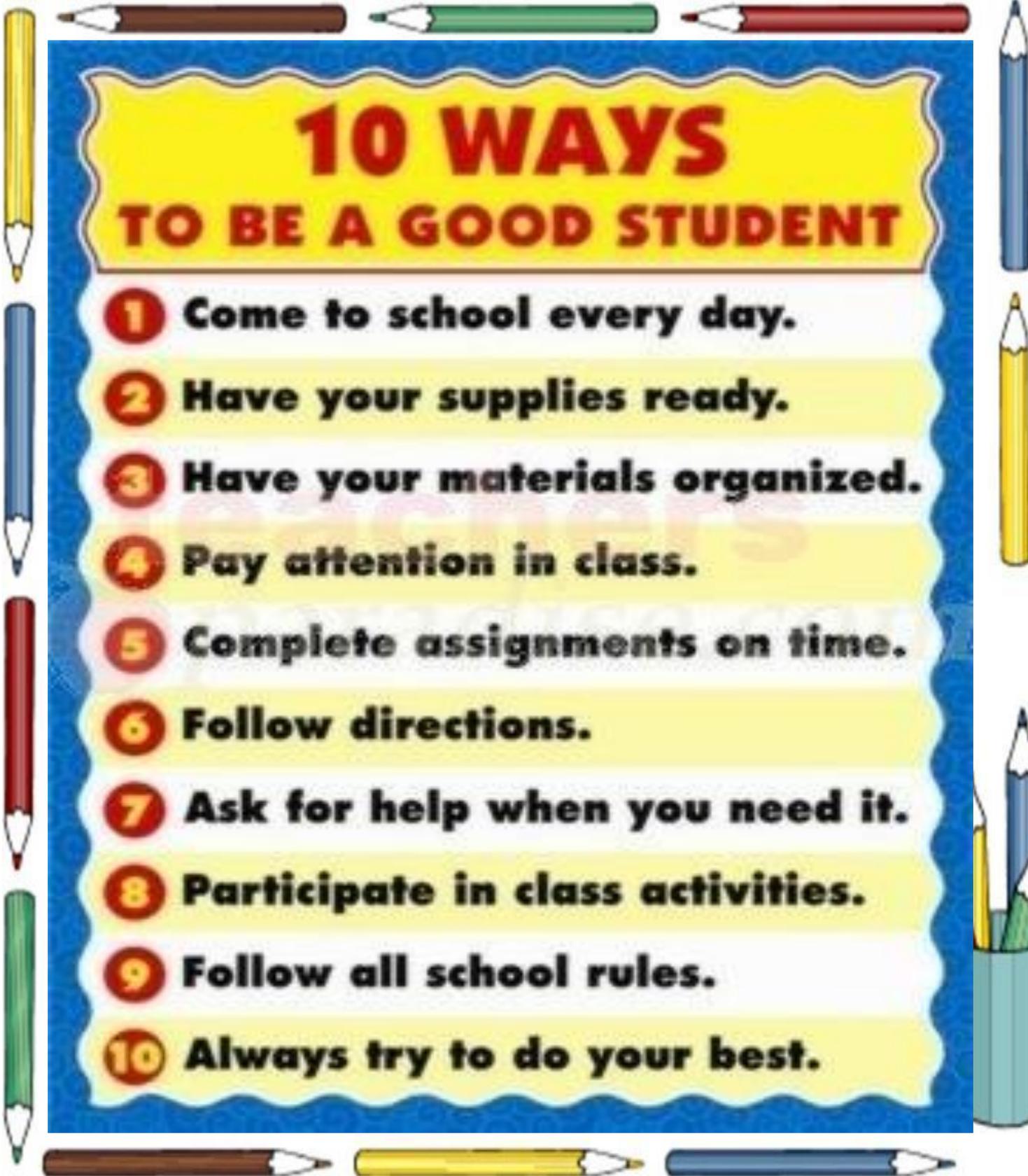


2nd Term



Hello!
My name is _____





10 WAYS TO BE A GOOD STUDENT

- 1 **Come to school every day.**
- 2 **Have your supplies ready.**
- 3 **Have your materials organized.**
- 4 **Pay attention in class.**
- 5 **Complete assignments on time.**
- 6 **Follow directions.**
- 7 **Ask for help when you need it.**
- 8 **Participate in class activities.**
- 9 **Follow all school rules.**
- 10 **Always try to do your best.**



Unit 7

VOCABULARY

Word	Part of speech	Arabic meaning
1- water cycle	(n.)	دورة الماء
2- experiment	(n.)	تجربة
3- heat	(v.)	يسخن
4- blow	(v.)	نهب
5- result	(n.)	نتيجة
6- degree	(n.)	درجة
7- temperature	(n.)	درجة الحرارة
8- measure	(v.)	يقيس
9- mirror	(n.)	مرآة
10- straight	(adj.)	مستقيم
11- reflect	(v.)	يعكس
12-petrol	(n.)	وقود/ بنزين
13-pipeline	(n.)	خط أنابيب
14-export	(v.)	يصدر
15-tanker	(n.)	حاوية/ ناقلة

Date :

Unit :7 Science Data SB P.59

New Vocabulary

Word		Meaning
water cycle	(n.)	دورة الماء
experiment	(n.)	تجربة
heat	(v.)	يسخن
blow	(v.)	تهب (الرياح)
result	(n.)	نتيجة
degree	(n.)	درجة
temperature	(n.)	حرارة / درجة الحرارة
measure	(v.)	يقيس



A-Fill in the spaces with words from the list:-

(degree – experiments – water cycle – heat – petrol)

- 1- We know the way of water on Earth from the
- 2- We go to science labs to do
- 3- In winter the temperature is under zeroit is very cold
- 4- We shouldfood before eating it.

Homework

Write two sentences about the water cycle.

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....



Date : _____

Unit :7 Science Data SB P.59

New Vocabulary

Word	Part of speech	Arabic meaning
1-		
2-		
3-		
4-		



Choose the correct answer from a , b , c and d :-

1- The wind candust over everything in dust storms.

a-heat b- measure c- blow d- reflect

2- We use the thermometer to measure the

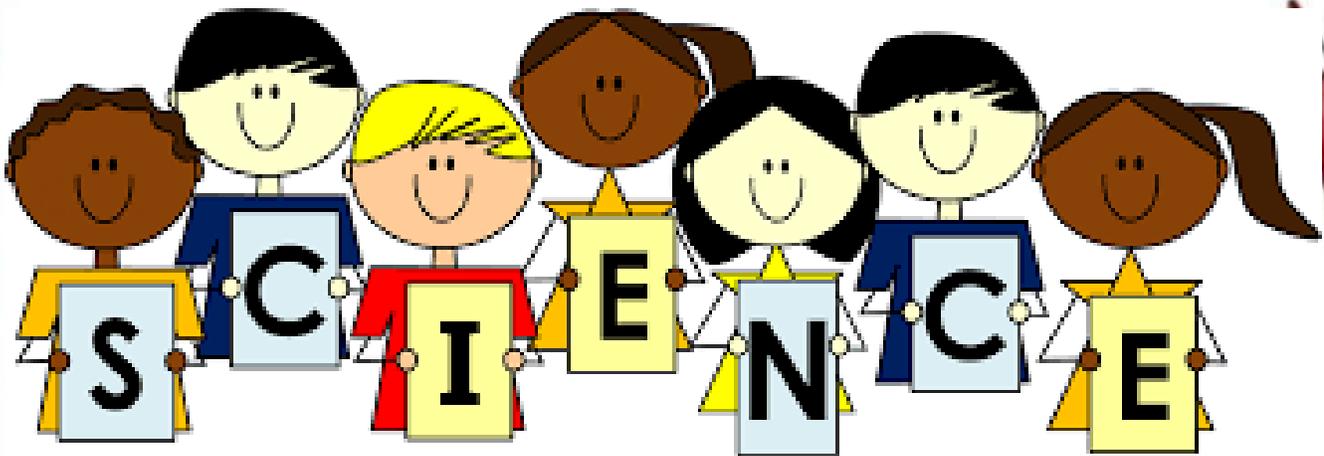
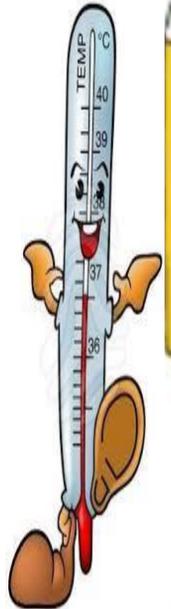
a-experiment b- temperature c- degree d- petrol

3- We canthe length and width of things by meter

a-reflect b- blow c- heat d- measure

4- I did my exam and now I'm waiting my

a-result b- temperature c- degree d- experiment



Date : _____

Unit :7 Science Data SB P.60

Grammar

PASSIVE VOICE

Present Simple Passive
am/ is/ are + **past participle**



Grandma reads books every day.
Books are read by Grandma every day.

Choose the correct answers from a, b, c, and d:

1. Experiments in the lab.
a) is done b) is doing c) are done d) done
2. E-mails are by a lot of people.
a) write b) wrote c) writes d) written
3. Honey by bees.
a) are made b) is made c) are making d) make
4. Paper for writing.
a) using b) used c) is used d) are used
5. Planes by pilots.
a) is flown b) are flown c) flown d) are flying

Date : _____

Unit :7 Science Data WB P.48

Grammar

Change the sentences into passive:

1- She studies the lessons in the afternoons.

.....
2- They see the T.V programme before bedtime.

.....
3- He cleans the car everyday.

.....

Josh plays football at weekends.



They visit Paris once a year.



Sally wakes her brother up every morning.



Date :

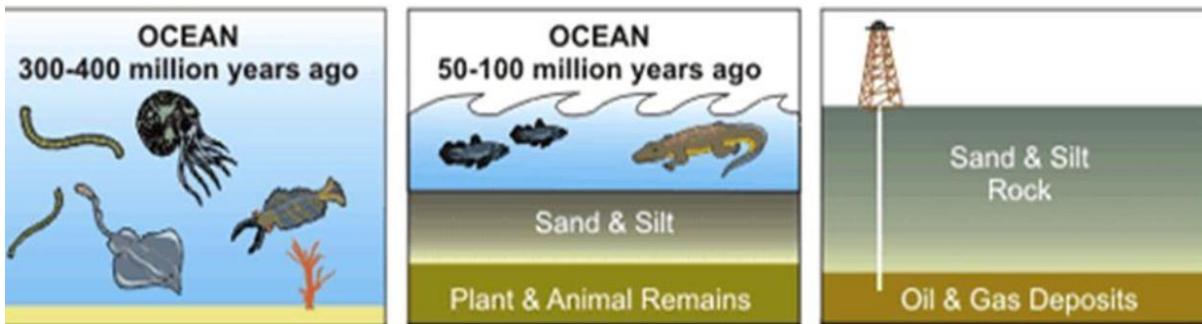
Unit :7 Science Data SB P.61

Grammar

Write the part participle of the following verbs :

Verb	Past Participle	Verb	Past Participle
1-fly		2-make	
3-go		4-eat	
5-read		6-paint	
7-do		8-heat	
9-see		10-measure	
11-find		12-keep	
13-write		14-buy	

PETROLEUM & NATURAL GAS FORMATION



Write about oil

1-Oil is found

2-Oil is used.....

3-Oil is formed

Date : _____

Unit :7 Science Data SB P.62

New Vocabulary



Word	Part of speech	Arabic meaning
1-		
2-		
3-		

Fill in the spaces with words from the list :-

(reflect – mirror – result – straight)

1-I should look at myself in thebefore I go out from my home .

2-To know the way to the park goon then turn right .

3- White clothesthe sun heat in summer .

Match words with shapes:-

1-circle	
2-square	
3-triangle	
4-rectangle	

Date : _____

Unit :7 Science Data SB P.63

New Vocabulary

Word	Part of speech	Arabic meaning
1-		
2-		
3-		
4-		

Choose the correct answer from a , b , c and d :-

- 1-We useto make cars move .
 a-degree b- mirror c- petrol d- pipeline
- 2-We useto carry water from place to place .
 a-mirrors b- degrees c- results d- pipelines
- 3-Kuwait and other Gulf countriesOil to other countries .
 a-heat b-export c- blow d- reflect
- 4-I can see a bigcarrying oil .
 a-tanker b- mirror c- result d- petrol

Homework



Write a paragraph of six sentences about oil

.....

.....

.....

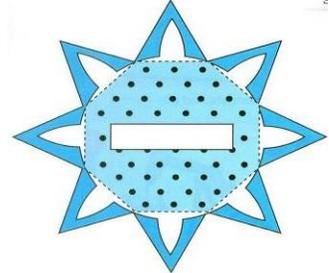
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Date :

Unit :7 Science Data SB P.64

Re-order the sentences to make a meaningful report about how to do the experiment:

- 1-Then, the name is written in the middle.
- 2-Next, the triangles are folded into the middle.
- 3-After that, the picture is coloured and cut out.
- 4-Finally, the picture is put on the water.
- 5-First , the picture is copied.



.....

.....

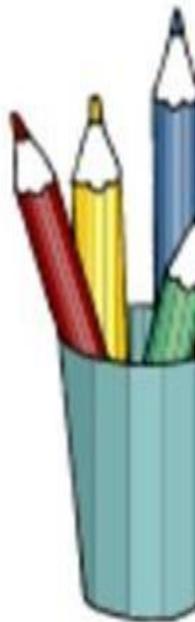
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.....

.....

Complete the sentences with missing words, the match them with the pictures:

- 1- scientists do many in the lap.
- 2- Mirrors the people images.
- 3- The is 20 c. degree.
- 4- The sunthe water and turns it into evaporation.
- 5- is used for cars and planes.



Date:-.....

Reading comprehension

Read the following passage then answer the questions below:

Last summer, my friend Peter and his family came to visit Kuwait. They came by plane and stayed in a big hotel in Kuwait City.

His father is a bank manager and his mother is a doctor in a well-known hospital in Wellington. They visited many interesting places. They visited Kuwait Towers and took a lot of photos there. They also visited the zoo and saw a lot of animals and birds, but Peter liked the lion most.

They enjoyed playing, eating, drinking and dancing in the Fun City. They spent a nice time by the sea where they went fishing and scuba diving.

At last they went shopping in The Avenues Mall where they bought nice presents for their friends. They liked The Avenues very much . They spent a lovely time there. Peter entered Kidzania where he had a lot of fun.

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d:

1. The most suitable title for this passage is

- a) Interesting places b) A visit to Kuwait c) A big hotel d) Nice presents

2. The underlined pronoun "They" in paragraph 1 refers to

- a) Peter's father b) Peter's family c) Peter d) Peter's friend

3. The underlined word "well-known" in paragraph 2 means

- a) famous b) not known c) strange d) happy

4. The main idea for the last paragraph is

- a) spending time in the Avenues b) shopping
c) Kidzania d) nice presents

5. Peter's mother is a

- a) teacher b) bank manager c) doctor d) student

Date:-.....



Write a short paragraph of (6) sentences with the help of the guide words about " Oil "

Kuwait / expensive / under the ground/ pipelines / factory/ petrol / used for



.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....

Date:-.....

Listening Quiz

Read the questions and choose the correct answer :-

1- Buckingham Palace is in

- a)Paris b)Kuwait c)London d)Bahrain

2- The palace hashundred rooms.

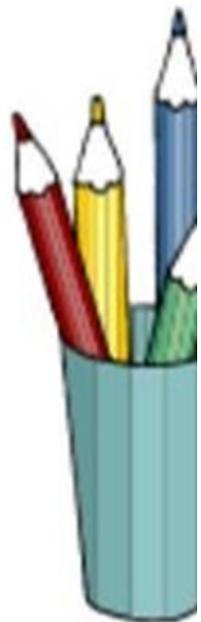
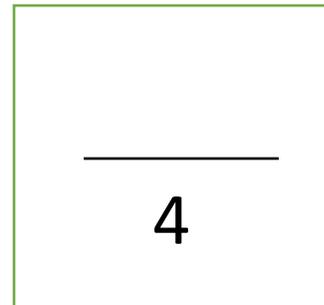
- a)two b)six c)four d)ten

3- There are five kilometres ofcarpet.

- a)yellow b)blue c)green d)red

4- Buckingham Palace is like atown.

- a)small b)big c)noisy d)hilly



Unit 8

VOCABULARY

Word	Part of speech	Arabic meaning
1- bacteria	(n.)	بكتيريا
2- chemicals	(n.)	الكيمياء
3- fortunately	(adv.)	لحسن الحظ
4- invent	(v.)	يبتكر
5- purify	(v.)	يُنقى / يصفى
6- fatal	(adj.)	مميت
7- simply	(adv.)	ببساطة
8- contaminated	(adj.)	ملوث
9- light bulb	(n.)	مصباح كهربائي
10- source	(n.)	مصدر
11- lose	(v.)	يفقد
12- put off	(v.)	يؤجل
13- put on	(v.)	يشغل
14- flood	(n.)	فيضان
15- drought	(n.)	جفاف
16- North Pole	(n.)	القطب الشمالي
17- South Pole	(n.)	القطب الجنوبي
18- cross	(adj.)	غاضب
19- energy-saving	(adj.)	موفر للطاقة

Date : _____

Unit :8 Science in our Life SB P.65

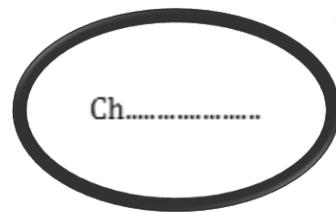
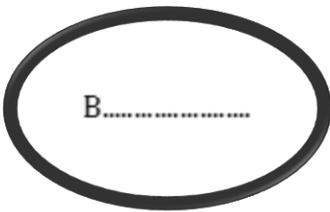
New Vocabulary

Word	Part of speech	Arabic meaning
1-		
2-		
3-		
4-		

Choose the correct answer from a , b , c and d :-

- 1- Some kinds of can make people very ill.
 a) mirror b) bacteria c) pipeline d) experiment
- 2- We useto make experiment s in science lab. They're dangerous.
 a) tankers b) bacteria c) chemicals d) mirrors
- 3- There was a car accident but ,no one was hurt .
 a) fortunately, b) happily c) soundly d) hastily
- 4- Scientists canmany inventions to make our life easy
 a)blow b)heat c)reflect d)invent

Write the words of the pictures



Date : _____

Unit :8 Science in our Life SB P.65

New Vocabulary

Word	Part of speech	Arabic meaning
1-		
2-		
3-		
4-		

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d:-

1- We use some filters to dirty water.

- a) reflect b) purify c) blow d) heat

2- There are someillnesses. We should look after our health.

- a) contaminated b) straight c) fatal d) broken

3- Mona is a good girl. She talks with people.

- a) simply b) fortunately c) hastily d) soundly

4- Some water in poor countries isIt is undrinkable.

- a)fatal b)worried c)rough d)contaminated



Date :- _____ **Write**

two sentences about the LifeStraw:

.....

.....

.....



Date : _____

Unit :8 Science in our Life WB P.52

Grammar

Used for + V. +ing
EX . Apen is used for writing

Write Sentences about the picture:

1- A LifeStraw is used for.....

2-.....

3-.....



Do as shown between brackets :-

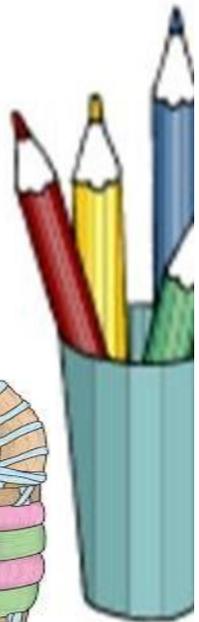
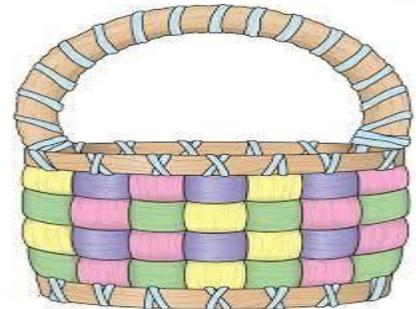
1- A camera is used for (take) photos. (Correct)

..... 2-A

tennis racket is used for(Complete) 3-A

basket is used for carrying things . (Ask a question)

.....



Date : _____

Unit :8 Science in our Life WB P.52

Grammar

Will

We use will to talk about things that will happen for sure.

Ex . : I **will go** shopping after work

Won't

We use won't to talk about things that are not going to happen.

Ex.: I **won't eat** in the lesson.

**might
could**

We use might and could to talk about the things that may or may not happen.

Ex. : I **might see** my uncle soon

Ex.: It **could rain** tomorrow

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c & d :

1. I ----- go to to mall this afternoon, I'm sure.

- a- might
- b- will
- c- am
- d- can

1. Khalid is absent today, he ----- be ill.

- a- won't
- b- might
- c- will
- d- can

)Home work)

Write about things you might do at the weekend:

Write about things you Will do this afternoon:

Date : _____

Unit :8 Science in our Life SB P.67

New Vocabulary

Word	Part of speech	Arabic meaning
1-		
2-		
3-		
4-		
5-		

Choose the correct answer from a , b , c and d :-

- 1- We use the newto save energy .
 a)experiment b)mirror c)light bulb d)petrol
- 2- The library is theof knowledge in our school .
 a)pipeline b)source c)tanker d)bacteria
- 3- If you want to weight , you should play sport .
 a)heat b)purify c)reflect d)lose
- 4- Wemany lights in dark places .
 a)put off b)invent c)put on d)heat
- 5- We shouldthe lights to save energy .
 a)blow b)put on c)blow d)lose



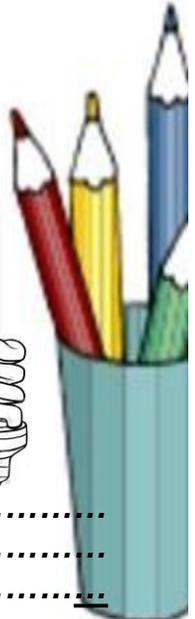
Date:- _____

Write two sentences about the light bulb:-

.....

.....

.....

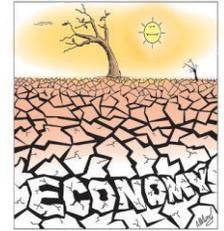


Unit :8 Science in our Life SB P.68

New Vocabulary

Date : _____

Word	Part of speech	Arabic meaning
1-		
2-		
3-		
4-		

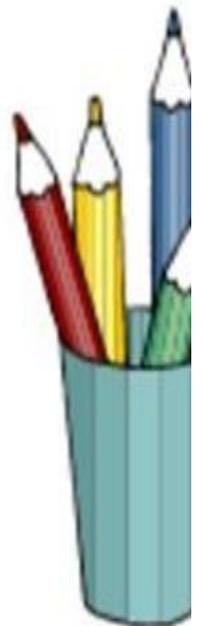


Choose the correct answer from a , b , c and d :-

1- There is a lot of water in the river .There might be a
 a)result b)mirror c)flood d)light bulb

2- It's very cold in the, No one can live there.
 a)light bulb b)North Pole c)chemical d)drought

3- There is no rain this year ,there might be a
 a)flood b)petrol c)bacteria d)drought



Date : _____

Unit :8 Science in our Life SB P.69

New Vocabulary

Word	Part of speech	Arabic meaning
1-		
2-		

Choose the correct answer from a , b , c and d :-

1- My mum getswhen I get bad marks in the exam .

- a)fatal b)contaminated c)cross d)straight

2- We should uselight bulbs to save energy.

- a)energy-saving b)cross c)pipeline d)tanker

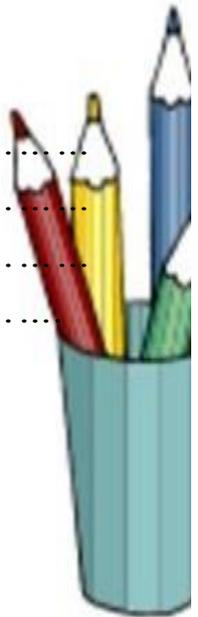
Homework

Write two advices to save energy

.....

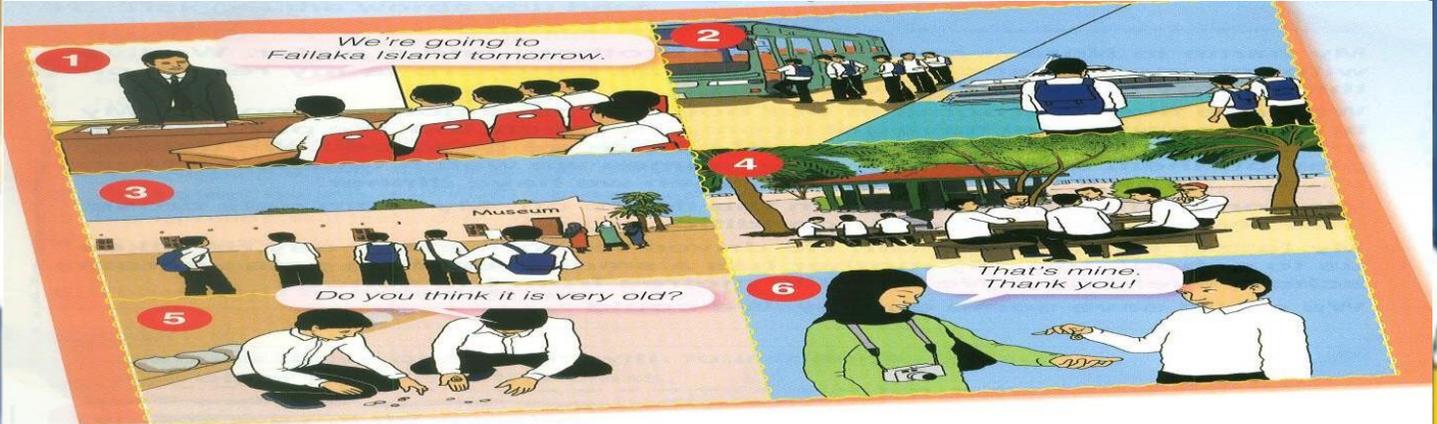
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.....



Date :

Unit :8 Science in our Life SB P.70



1. Where did the class go?
2. How did they get there?
3. What did they do?

4. What did the boy find?
5. Who did it belong to?
6. How did the boy feel?

18. Develop your answer into a well-structure paragraph in your notebook.

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

Date :

Reading Comprehensio

Read the following passage, and then answer the questions below:

Many animals in the world today are in danger because of Man. People kill them for their meat and skin. Others are killed because they eat crops or animals of farmers. In India and other countries, they hunt tigers and elephants and there aren't many left alive. However, there are now laws to stop this.

In south America many different birds and animals have lost their homes in forests because thousands of trees have been cut down or burnt. We even used farming lands for building roads and houses.

A few are now extinct and only live in natural parks or zoos like the one in Omaryia where they find food, water and care to live in peace.

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d :

- 1- The most suitable title for this passage is

a- Tigers and elephants	b - Farming new crops
c- Animals in danger	d- Parks and zoos
- 2- The underlined pronoun "they" in the first paragraph refers to

a- People	b- Animals	c- Farmers	d- Parks
-----------	------------	------------	----------
- 3- The underlined word "extinct" in paragraph 3 means.....

a- living in great numbers.	b- kept in zoos.
c- no animals left.	d- kept in natural parks.
- 4- The main idea for the second paragraph is

a- farming lands.	b- thousand trees.
c- birds and animals lost their homes.	d- kept in natural parks.
- 5- People kill animals for their

a-water	b-land	c-trees	d-meat
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ENDANGERED ANIMALS



Unit 9



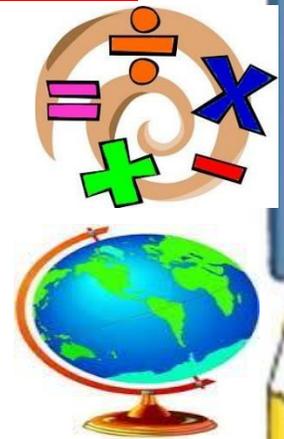
<i>Word</i>	<i>Part of speech</i>	<i>Arabic meaning</i>
<i>1- algebra</i>	<i>(n.)</i>	علم الجبر
<i>2- geography</i>	<i>(n.)</i>	الجغرافيا
<i>3- interview</i>	<i>(n.)</i>	مؤابلة شخص
<i>4- cancer</i>	<i>(n.)</i>	مرض السرطان
<i>5- chemistry</i>	<i>(n.)</i>	الكيمياء
<i>6- cure</i>	<i>(n.)</i>	بإلاج
<i>7- marry</i>	<i>(v.)</i>	يتزوج
<i>8- physics</i>	<i>(n.)</i>	الفيزياء
<i>9- prize</i>	<i>(n.)</i>	جائزة
<i>10- sadly</i>	<i>(adv.)</i>	بحزن
<i>11- hard</i>	<i>(adv.)</i>	بجد
<i>12-bright</i>	<i>(adj.)</i>	المع
<i>13-abroad</i>	<i>(adv.)</i>	بإلخارج

Date :

Unit :9 Famous People SB P.71

New Vocabulary

Word	Part of speech	Arabic meaning
1-		
2-		
3-		



Choose the correct answer from a , b , c and d :-

1- We studyin Maths .

- a) geography b)algebra c)drought d)bacteria

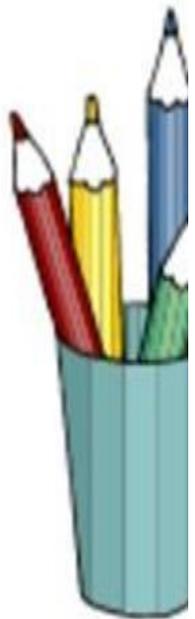
2- We study about the countries of the world in

- a)algebra b)mirror c)geography d)bacteria

3- I feel worried because I have an

- a)petrol b)result c)tanker d)interview.

Now draw your own stamp



Date : _____

Unit :9 Famous People WB P.57

Homework

Write about yourself

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....



Date : _____

Unit :9 Famous People WB P.58

Grammar

Past Simple

Usage

It is used to talk about actions which happened in the past.

Examples

**I went shopping yesterday.*

**We played tennis last week.*

Key Words

In the past / yesterday / last/ ago

Negative

didn't + inf.

**I didn't go shopping yesterday.*

**We didn't play tennis last week.*

Regular verbs

play = played
visit = visited
started = started
help = helped
finish = finished
study = studied

Irregular verbs

go = went
see = saw
do = did
eat = ate
write = wrote
is = was
find = found
read = read

Do as shown between brackets:

1. Reem (go) to London last month . (Correct the verb)

2. They found an old box yesterday. (Ask a question)

3. My grandma read me a story last night. (Negative)

4. They were in the university two years ago. (Negative)

DID YOU DO ANYTHING INTERESTING AT THE WEEKEND?

YES, I DID.

NO, I DIDN'T.



Date : _____

Unit :9 Famous People SB P.72

Grammar

A question tag is a small question at the end of a statement.
Question tags are used when asking for agreement or confirmation.

a positive statement + a negative question tag



A subject pronoun comes after an auxiliary or a form of the verb To Be

a negative statement + a positive question tag



A subject pronoun is used to replace the noun or noun phrase

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c & d

- 1-We don't go to school Friday,?
a-did we b-do we c- are we d-we don't
- 2-She was born September,.....?
a-does she b-is she c-she was d-wasn't she
- 3-They always watch T.V in the afternoon,.....?
a-do they b-aren't the c-don't they d-are they
- 4-Kuwait is a lovely country , ?
a-was it b-is it c-isn't it d-aren't it
- 5-Adel wasn't good at algebra, ?
a-was he b-isn't he c-doesn't he d-wasn't he
- 6-There weren't any books on the table, ?
a-weren't there b-is there c-are there d-were there

Do as shown between brackets:

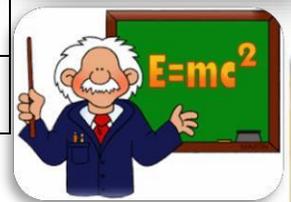
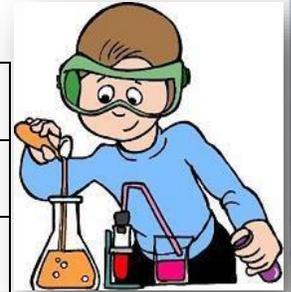
- | | |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| 1-Sara can't drive a car , | 4- My father will buy a new house,..... |
| 2- Fahd has got four sisters,.....? | |
| 3- They aren't sleeping now,.....? | |

Date : _____

Unit :9 Famous People SB P.73

New Vocabulary

Word	Part of speech	Arabic meaning
1-		
2-		
3-		
4-		



Choose the correct answer from a, b, c & d :-

- 1- Inlessons ,we go to science lab to do experiments .
 a)geography b)interview c)chemistry d)algebra
- 2-.....is a part of science to study the light , movement , etc
 a)petrol b)physics c)mirror d)geography
- 3- We should studyto get high marks.
 a)fortunately b)simply c)soundly d)hard
- 4- I got awhen I won the race .
 a)prize b)mirror c)petrol d)interview



Date : _____

Unit :9 Famous People SB P.73

New Vocabulary

Word	Part of speech	Arabic meaning
1-		
2-		
3-		
4-		



Choose the correct answer from a, b, c & d :-

1- Theis a fatal disease leads to death .

- a)physics b)chemistry c)cancer d)interview

2- Scientists try to findfor many diseases .

- a)cancer b)cure c)petrol d)algebra

3- My sister willa doctor next year .

- a)reflect b)blow c)measure d)marry

4- The girl criedafter the death of her cat .

- a)sadly b)fortunately c)hard d)simply



Date : _____

Unit :9 Famous People SB P.74

New Vocabulary



Word	Part of speech	Arabic meaning
1-		
2-		

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c & d :-

1- Some colours are veryin the sun .

- a)fatal b)straight c)bright d)contaminated

2- They will travelto complete their study at the university .

- a)hard b)abroad c)simply d)fortunately

Write your answers to the questions in your Student Book P . (74) about a famous person

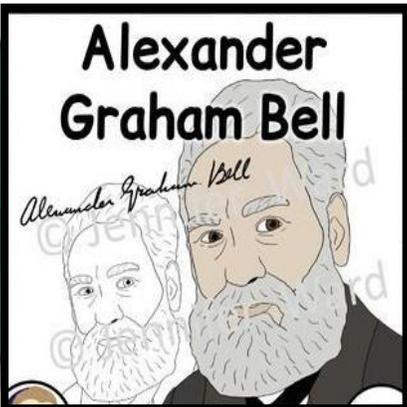
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Date : _____

Unit :9 Famous People WB P.60

Write about the most important invention according to you:

The most important invention according to me is It was invented by

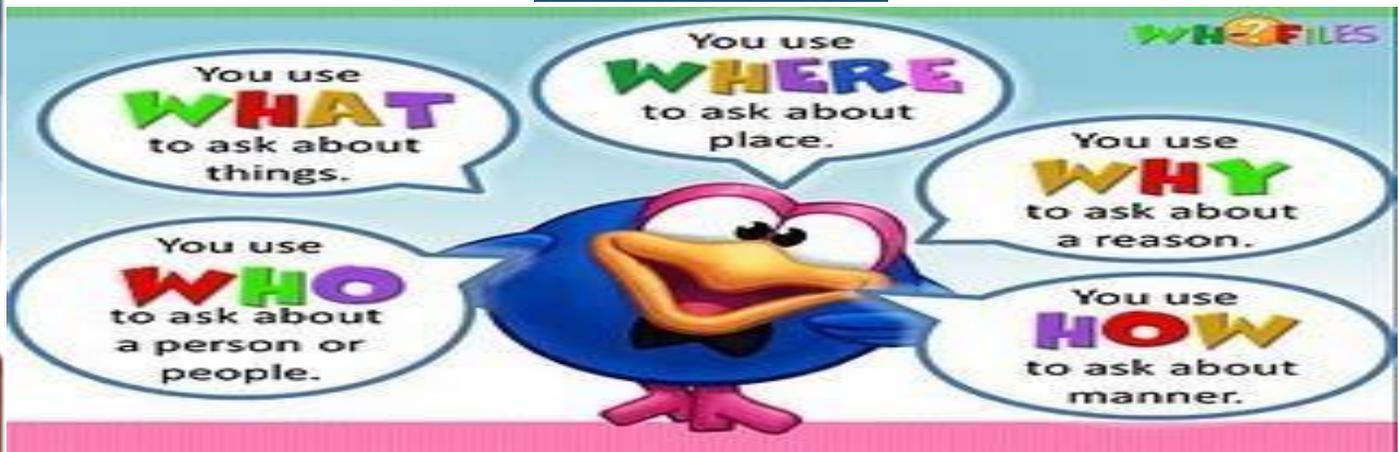
It is used for

It is very important because

Date : _____

Unit :9 Famous People WB P.60

Question Words



Date : _____

Listening Quiz

Read the questions and choose the correct answer :-

- It'smorning
 a)Friday b)Thursday c)Monday d)Sunday
- Jim is going to go toat half past eight
 a)hospital b)airport c)school d)park
- He is going to wear ashirt
 a)white b)black c)yellow d)red
- He is going to go by.....
 a)car b)plane c)bike d)bus

Date : _____

Reading comprehension

Read the following passage then answer the questions below:

A long , long time ago , sailors told tales about a ship being attacked by a giant, sea monster during one stormy night. The sea monster wrapped its long arms around the ship and tried to bring it down to the deep sea. Nobody on board survived, and the ship simply vanished! What was this horrifying sea monster? We believe that octopuses or giant squids might have stirred someone's imagination to create this imaginary beast!

There are over 150 different species of octopuses in the world. They all live in the ocean. Octopuses are not fish. They belong to the family called mollusk. Other family members include squids, cuttlefish, snails, oysters, clams and slugs.

Octopuses have very soft, flexible, bag-like bodies that we often mistake as their heads. Each of their eight arms has rows of suction cups that can keep a good grip on any object or surface. What happens if octopuses lose one of their arms? Well, they will just grow a new one!

Choose the best answer from a, b, c, and d:

- The best title for this passage is
a. Stormy night b. The monster c. The octopus d. The ship
- The underlined word " vanish " means
a. disappeared b. created c. included d. attacked
- The pronoun "it " in line 3 refers to
a. the ship b. fish c. the sea d. the monster
- The main idea of the third paragraph is
a. surface b. octopus body c. species of octopuses d. octopus arms
- The octopus hasarms.
a. seven b. three c. two d. six

Date : _____



Write a short paragraph of (6) sentences with the help of the guide words about " Marie Curie"

Scientist, university, chemistry, prize, cure, cancer



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Unit 10

VOCABULARY

<i>Word</i>	<i>Part of speech</i>	<i>Arabic meaning</i>
<i>1- receive</i>	(v.)	پس نام
<i>2- look forward to</i>	(v.)	بظرف ای
<i>3- final</i>	(adj.)	نهایی
<i>4- racket</i>	(n.)	مضرب تنس
<i>5- join a club</i>	(v.)	بضم ای ازادی
<i>6- take part in</i>	(v.)	پش ارك فی
<i>7- goggles</i>	(n.)	زظارات سباحه
<i>8- championship</i>	(n.)	بطوره
<i>9- volleyball</i>	(n.)	كره طنره
<i>10- subject</i>	(n.)	ماده درس یه
<i>11- communicate</i>	(v.)	ببواصل
<i>12-really</i>	(adv.)	حقا
<i>13-boring</i>	(adj.)	ممل
<i>14-best wishes</i>	(Expr.)	مع اطرب الفطبات

Date : _____

Unit :10 SB P.79

Communicating with the world

New Vocabulary

Word	Part of speech	Arabic meaning
1-		
2-		
3-		
4-		



Choose the correct answer from a , b , c and d :-

1- We need ato play tennis .

- a)mirror b)racket c)prize d)interview

2- We useto go swimming .

- a)petrol b)result c)goggles d)geography

3- Mona is tall ,she can play

- a)volleyball b)mirror c)goggles d)experiment

4- She will.....to play a sport .

- a)blow b)measure c)heat d)join a club

Date:- _____



Write 3 sentences about your favourite sport:-

(favourite - need - club)

.....

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Date : _____

Unit :10 SB P.79

Communicating with the world

New Vocabulary

Word	Part of speech	Arabic meaning
1-		
2-		
3-		
4-		
5-		



Choose the correct answer from a , b , c and d :-

1- Wemany presents from our visitors in our parties .

- a)heat b)blow c)receive d)reflect

2- Itravelling to London this year .

- a)look forward to b)join c)take part in d)marry

3- I will join the school theatre tothe play.

- a)take part in b)heat c)look forward to d)reflect

4-I won the cup in thecompetition .

- a)prize b)goggles c)mirror d)companionship

5- I will travel to The USA after finishing my exam .

- a)bright b)final c)straight d)fatal

Date : _____

Unit :10 SB P.82

Writing an E-mail

New Vocabulary

Word	Part of speech	Arabic meaning
1-		
2-		
3-		
4-		
5-		

Choose the correct answer from a , b , c and d :-

- 1- English is my favouriteat school.
 a)petrol b)experiment c)subject d)mirror
- 2- Some animals canwith each other by dancing .
 a)reflect b)communicate c)blow d)heat
- 3- This dress isfantastic . I like it .
 a)fortunately b)sadly c)hard d)really
- 4- The film wasI don't like to see it again .
 a)boring b)final c)bright d)fatal

Date : _____

Listening Quiz

Read the questions and choose the correct answer :-

- 1-Amy Hickson isyears old
 a)13 b)12 c)20 d)17
- 2-She is from
 a)Kwait b)Britain c)Saudi Arabia d)Egypt
- 3-She has been asince 1988
 a)runner b)doctor c)nurse d)artist
- 4-Amy says that running is
 a)easy b)noisy c)cold d)difficult

Date :

Reading comprehension

Read the following passage then answer the questions below:

The zoo is one of the most interesting places in Kuwait. A zoo is a place where we can see animals from different countries. Some people don't like zoos. They think it is cruel to keep animals in cages. Other people think that if the cage is large, the animals are not unhappy. The animals have good food every day and if they are ill, they are given medicine. They do not have to worry about animals. Small animals are safe.

Large animals like tigers, lions and elephants are unhappy in cages because they are used to live in wide open spaces.

Most children enjoy visiting the zoo. They usually prefer to look at huge animals.

Some of them are very unkind to animals. They throw things at them and annoy them.

A) Choose the correct answer from a, b c, or d:

1- The best title for the passage is

- a- The zoo
- b- Kuwait Towers
- d- My school
- c- Dickson House

2- The underlined pronoun they in line 4 refers to

- a- children
- b- cages
- c- animals
- d- people

3- The underlined word huge in line 8 means

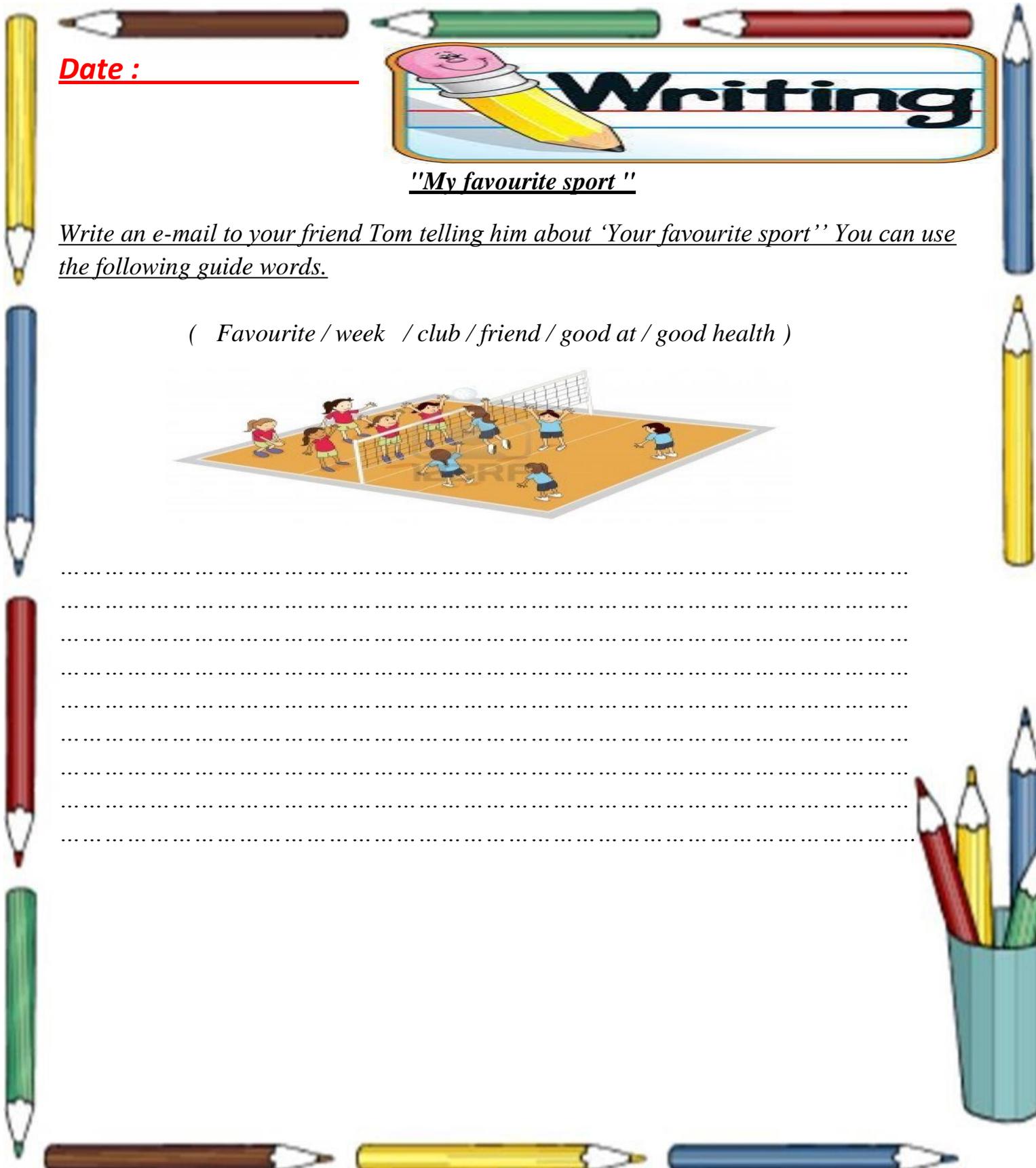
- a- Kind
- b- happy
- c- small
- d- very big

4- If the animals are ill , they are given

- a- medicine
- b- cage
- d- food
- c- water

5- the zoo is a place where we can see.....

- a-things
- b-people
- c-animals
- d-countries



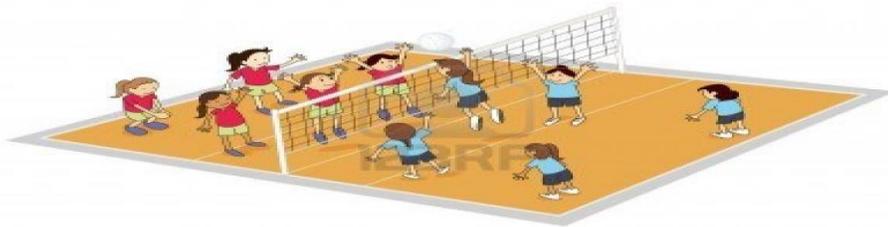
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"My favourite sport "

Write an e-mail to your friend Tom telling him about 'Your favourite sport' You can use the following guide words.

(Favourite / week / club / friend / good at / good health)



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Unit 11

VOCABULARY

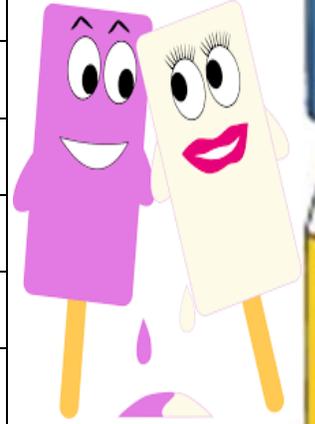
Word	Part of speech	Arabic meaning
1- ocean	(n.)	محيط
2- similar	(adj.)	مشابه
3- approximately	(adv.)	تقريباً
4- population	(n.)	عدد السكان
5- capital	(n.)	عاصمة
6- landscape	(n.)	منظر طبيعي
7- tourist	(n.)	سائح
8- forest	(n.)	غابة
9- volcano	(n.)	بركان
10- active	(adj.)	نشط
11- hole	(n.)	فتحة
12-smoke	(n.)	دخان
13-area	(n.)	منطقة
14-grow	(v.)	ينمو / يكبر
15-crop	(n.)	محصول
16-hilly	(adj.)	أرض مرتفعات

Date : _____

Unit :11 SB P.84

A Beautiful Country

New Vocabulary



Word	Part of speech	Arabic meaning
1-		
2-		
3-		
4-		
5-		

Choose the correct answer from a , b , c and d :-

1- There are a lot of sharks in the Pacific

- a)prize b)ocean c)cancer d)racket

2- Theof Kuwait is about three million people .

- a)population b)pipeline c)mirror d)petrol

3- Kuwait City is theof Kuwait .

- a)ocean b)chemistry c)goggles d)capital

Homework

Write 2 sentences about New Zealand .



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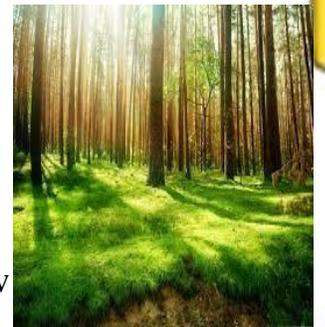
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Unit :11 SB P.84

A Beautiful Country

New Vocabulary

Word	Part of speech	Arabic meaning
1-		
2-		
3-		
4-		
5-		



Choose the correct answer from a , b , c and d :-

1- Kuwait Towers and the sea is the most excitingin Kuwait

- a)ocean b)landscape c)tourist d)mirror

2- John is afrom London .This is his first visit to Kuwait .

- a)tourist b)experiment c)racket d)interview

3- Wild animals live in the

- a)population b)bacteria c)result d)forest

4- Theis a very hot mountain .

- a)volcano b)tanker c)degree d)prize

Date : _____

Unit :11 SB P.85

A Beautiful Country

Grammar

COMPARATIVES AND SUPERLATIVES

Mary is **taller than** Anna.



Anna is **shorter than** Mary.



Sarah is **the tallest** girl in the class.



* *Ali is tall*

نسى نضع الكايزين بدون بهي العلم بالصفة تأتي شخص وصرفي

المقارنة عند *** الصفة زائدة (er) وبعد الصفة than

* *The horse is faster than the donkey*

في نفس نيل واحد على مجموعة نضع نيل الصفة وزائدة الصفة *** (est) و

* *The elephant is the biggest animal*

Do as shown in brackets:

1-Ali is (tall) than Ahmad

(Correct)

..... 2-
The nearest supermarket is next to the hospital.

(ask a question)

3-She is the (short) girl in the class.

(Correct)

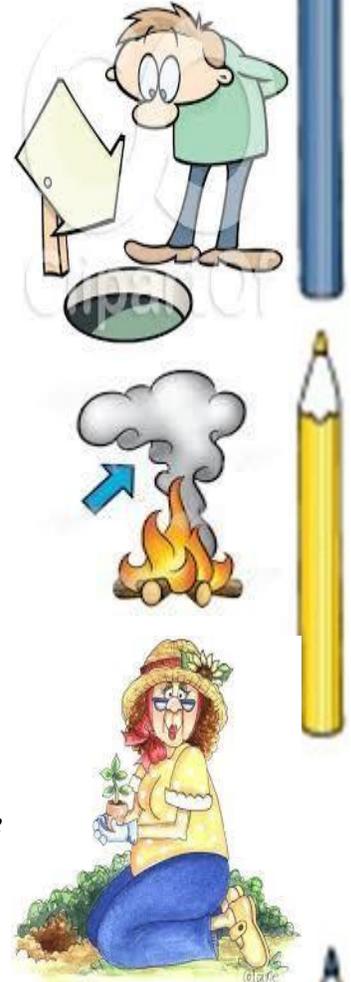
Date : _____

Unit :11 SB P.86

A Beautiful Country

New Vocabulary

Word	Part of speech	Arabic meaning
1-		
2-		
3-		
4-		
5-		



Choose the correct answer from a , b , c and d :-

- 1- The turtle makes ato put their eggs .
 a)result b)mirror c)petrol d)hole
- 2- The dangerouscomes from factories .
 a)ocean b)flood c)smoke d)degree
- 3- Al –Jahra is the biggestin Kuwait .
 a)area b)tanker c)volleyball d)subject
- 4- Weflowers in our garden .
 a)heat b)grow c)flow d)measure
- 5- The farmers plant manyin the farm .
 a)mirrors b)pipelines c)crops d)subjects

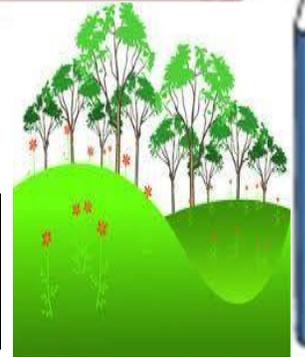
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Unit :11 SB P.87

A Beautiful Country

New Vocabulary

Word	Part of speech	Arabic meaning
1-		



Choose the correct answer from a , b , c and d :-

1- Kuwait is a flat country . It is not

- a)fatal
- b)hilly
- c)similar
- d)active

Describe the pictures.



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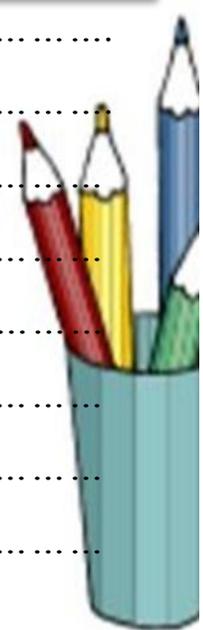
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Date :

Reading comprehension

Read the following passage carefully, then answer the questions below:

Mrs. Anderson's house was in a village but her sons' houses were in a town. Although Mrs. Anderson was old, she lived alone and far from her sons and daughter. They asked her many times to come and live with them, but she **refused**. They were afraid that thieves might come to her house and take her money or even kill her.

One day, Mrs. Anderson's daughter came to visit her. **She** saw a key on the ground at the side of the front door. " Mother ! ", she said. You must not put your key there. Thieves can see it easily and use it to open the door. " Mrs. Anderson smiled and said, " try to open the door with the key. " her daughter tried to do that. The key made a lot of noise but it didn't open the door. Mrs. Anderson said, " When a thief tries to open the door, I can hear him and shout loudly for the people to come and help.

Choose the best completion from a, b, c and d :

- The best title of the passage is
 - Mrs. Anderson and her children
 - Dangerous thieves
 - Villages and cities
 - The lonely Mrs. Anderson
- The underlined pronoun "She" in the 1st line in the second paragraph refers to
 - Mrs. Anderson
 - Mrs. Anderson's children
 - Thieves
 - Mrs. Anderson daughter
- The underlined word refused means
 - agree
 - didn't agree
 - like
 - come
- When Mrs. Anderson hears the noise of the key , she
 - smiles
 - visits her sons
 - shouts for help
 - opens the door

Date : _____

Listening Quiz

Read the questions and choose the correct answer :-

1- Mozart is a

- a)doctor b)teacher c)composer d)farmer

2- He was born in

- a)Kuwait b)Australia c)Bahrain d)America

3- He was very.....

- a)sad b)stupid c)lazy d)clever

4- He wrote his first music when he was

- a)five b)six c)ten d)eight

Unit 12

VOCABULARY

Word	Part of speech	Arabic meaning
1- helipad	(n.)	مهابط هليكوبتر
2- fortnight	(n.)	اسبوعان
3- tennis court	(n.)	ملاعب تنس
4- e-card	(n.)	بطاقة الكترونية
5- fantastic	(adj.)	رائع
6- causeway	(n.)	جسر
7- stretch	(v.)	يمتد
8- link	(v.)	يربط
9- pearl diving	(n.)	غوص اللؤلؤ
10- amazing	(adj.)	مذهل
11- experience	(n.)	خبره
12-pleasant	(adj.)	مبهج امتع
13-attractive	(adj.)	جذاب
14-kind	(adj.)	عطوف
15-comfortable	(adj.)	مريح

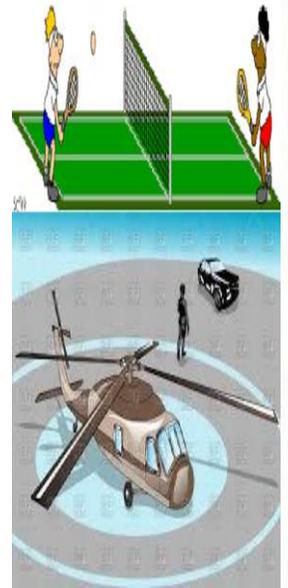
Date : _____

Unit :12 SB P.89

On Holiday

New Vocabulary

Word	Part of speech	Arabic meaning
1-		
2-		
3-		
4-		
5-		



Choose the correct answer from a , b , c and d :-

- 1- A helicopter lands on a
 a)landscape b)capital c)helipad d)light bulb
- 2- I'm going to spend a
 a)bacteria b)crop c)area d)fortnight
- 3- We play tennis on a.....
 a)tennis court b)chemicals c)e-card d)volcano
- 4-My friend sent me afrom Dubai.
 a)helipad b)e-card c)temperature d)population
- 5-I spent aholiday in Turkey.
 a)fatal b)active c)straight d)fantastic

Write 4 sentences about your last visit to Dubai :-

(plane – family – stayed – Burj Al Arab – tennis court)

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Date :Unit :12 SB P.89On HolidayGrammar

Present perfect tense

We form the present perfect tense with **have / has + past participle**.

I You We They	have	eaten	an apple.
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He She It John	has	eaten	an apple.
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Already, yet

 In the present perfect tense, we use **already** with **positive (yes)** sentences and **yet** with **questions** or **negative (no)** sentences.

☆ Have you eaten the apples **yet**? (question)

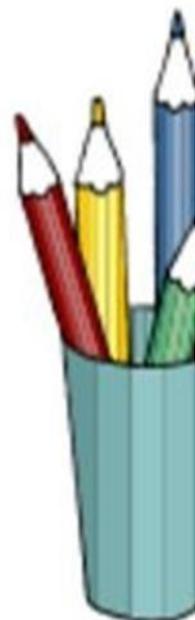
'Yet' goes at the **END** of a sentence.

☆ **No**, I haven't eaten the apples **yet**. (negative)

☆ **Yes**, I've **already** eaten the apples. (positive)

'Already' goes in the **MIDDLE** or at the **END** of a sentence.

or **Yes**, I've eaten the apples **already**. (positive)



Choose the correct answer:-

1- Bader hasn't cleaned his clothes

- a- *already* b- *ever* c- *yet* d- *always*

2- Ali has..... put his books on the shelf.

- a- *already* b- *ever* c- *yet* d- *yesterday*

3- Have you turned your computer off.....?

- a- *already* b- *ever* c- *yet* d- *never*

Do as shown between brackets :-

1- *We have already painted the house.* (Negative)

.....

2- *She (already clean) her room* (Correct)

.....

3- *No, I hanen 't been to Dubai yet.* (Ask a question)

.....

4- *Yes,he has already done his homework.* (Ask a question)

.....



Date : _____

Unit :12 SB P.92

On Holiday

New Vocabulary

Word	Part of speech	Arabic meaning
1-		
2-		
3-		
4-		

Choose the correct answer from a , b , c and d :-

1- The chair wasit helped me to sleep deeply .

- a)kind b)active c)comfortable d)cross

2- The view of the sea is veryyou like to watch it more than once .

- a)pleasant b)fatal c)final d)contaminated

3- My friend is very

- a)final b)kind c)hilly d)fatal

4- Avenues Mall is anplace .

- a)cross b)energy-saving c)similar d)attractive

Date:



Write an e-mail to your friend Sara telling her about your last visit to Bahrain :

travel –family - plane – saw – nice time – weather



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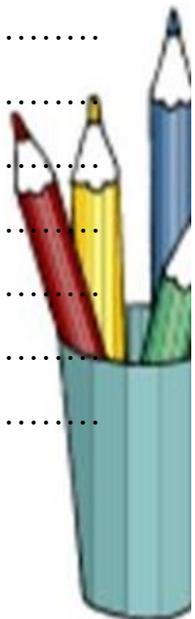
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Date : _____

Listening Quiz

Read the questions and choose the correct answer :-

1- Ania is from

- a) America b) Alaska
- c) London d) France

2- Her house is made of

- a) wood b) glass
- c) ice d) brick

3- Ania's mom is teaching her to make.....

- a) clothes b) cake
- c) pizza d) rice

4- Everyday her dad goes

- a) swimming b) diving
- c) running d) hunting

Grade 6

Module 3

Vocabulary

Unit 7

الكلمة		معناها	الكلمة		معناها
water cycle	(n.)	دورة الماء	mirror	(n.)	مرآة
experiment	(n.)	تجربة	straight	(adj.)	مستقيم
heat	(v.)	يسخن	reflect	(v.)	يعكس
blow	(v.)	تهب (الرياح)	petrol	(n.)	وقود / بنزين
result	(n.)	نتيجة	pipeline	(n.)	خط أنابيب
degree	(n.)	درجة	export	(v.)	يصدر
temperature	(n.)	حرارة / درجة الحرارة	tanker	(n.)	حاوية / ناقلة
measure	(v.)	يقيس			

Unit 8

الكلمة		معناها	الكلمة		معناها
bacteria	(n.)	بكتيريا	flood	(n.)	فيضان
chemicals	(n.)	كيماويات	light bulb	(n.)	مصباح كهربائي
fortunately	(adv.)	لحسن الحظ	South pole	(n.)	القطب الجنوبي
invent	(v.)	يخترع	North pole	(n.)	القطب الشمالي
purify	(v.)	ينقي / يصفى	lose	(v.)	يفقد
fatal	(adj.)	مميت	put off	(v.)	يطفى
simply	(adv.)	ببساطة	Put on	(n.)	يشغل
contaminated	(adj.)	مُلوث	cross	(adj.)	غاضب
source	(n.)	مصدر	energy-saving	(adj.)	موفر للطاقة
drought	(n.)	جفاف			

Unit 9

الكلمة		معناها	الكلمة		معناها
algebra	(n.)	علم الجبر	physics	(n.)	فيزياء
geography	(n.)	جغرافيا	prize	(n.)	جائزة
interview	(n.)	مقابلة شخصية	sadly	(adv.)	بحزن
cancer	(n.)	مرض السرطان	hard	(adv.)	بصعوبة
chemistry	(n.)	كيمياء	bright	(adj.)	لامع / براق
cure	(v.)	يعالج	abroad	(adv.)	بالخارج
marry	(v.)	يتزوج			

Grade 6

Module 4

Vocabulary

Unit 10

الكلمة		معناها	الكلمة		معناها
receive	(v.)	يستلم / يتلقى	championship	(n.)	بطولة
look forward to	(v.)	يتطلع إلي / يأمل	volleyball	(n.)	كرة الطائرة
final	(adj.)	نهائي	subject	(n.)	مادة دراسية
racket	(n.)	مضرب	communicate	(v.)	يتواصل
join a club	(v.)	ينضم إلي النادي	really	(adv.)	حقاً
take part in	(v.)	يشارك في	boring	(adj.)	ممل
goggles	(n.)	نظارات سباحة	best wishes (Expression)		مع أطيب الأمنيات

Unit 11

الكلمة		معناها	الكلمة		معناها
ocean	(n.)	محيط	volcano	(n.)	بركان
similar	(adj.)	مشابه	active	(adj.)	نشط
approximately	(adv.)	تقريباً	hole	(n.)	فتحة
population	(n.)	عدد السكان	smoke	(n.)	دخان
capital	(n.)	عاصمة	area	(n.)	منطقة
landscape	(n.)	منظر طبيعي	grow	(v.)	ينمو / يكبر
tourist	(n.)	سائح	crop	(n.)	محصول
forest	(n.)	غابة	hilly	(adj.)	ذو مرتفعات

Unit 12

الكلمة		معناها	الكلمة		معناها
helipad	(n.)	مهبط هليكوبتر	pearl diving	(n.)	غوص اللؤلؤ
fortnight	(n.)	اسبوعان	amazing	(adj.)	مذهل
tennis court	(n.)	ملعب تنس	experience	(n.)	خبرة
e-card	(n.)	بطاقة الكترونية	pleasant	(adj.)	مبهج / ممتع
fantastic	(adj.)	رائع	attractive	(adj.)	جذاب
causeway	(n.)	جسر	kind	(adj.)	عطوف / طيب
stretch	(v.)	يمتد	comfortable	(adj.)	مريح
link	(v.)	يربط			

Grammar**Passive الجمول**

Ali	eats	an apple
فاعل	فعل	مفعول

* لتحويل جملة للمجهول تأتي بـ :

1- المفعول

is / are -2

3- التصريف الثالث

Ali eats an apple.**An apple is eaten by Ali.**Nasser buys a car.**A car is bought.**Nada sees the films every day.**The films are seen every day.****EX. Choose the correct answer :**

Every thing **(does - is done -are done)** in a good way at home . The dishes **(is cleaned – are cleaned - cleaned)** well . Food **(are cooked – is cooked- cooks)** and served nicely. The babies **(fed –are fed – is fed)** with some delicious food.

Change into passive:

1. Hind cooks the food.

.....

2. Salim watches a film.

.....

3. Huda washes the dishes.

.....

4. The boys play games.

.....

Sequencing Words

I had a nice day yesterday. **First**, I got up very early. **Next**, I had a delicious breakfast with my family. **Then**, we went to Al-Khiran where we met our friends. **After that**, we Played many games together. **Finally**, we came back home very tired, but happy. Dad promised to go there again.

EX. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d:

I do many activities after school. **First - After that - Finally**), I go for my English course in the training centre next to my house. **(Then - First - Finally)**, I come back home to surf the net. **(Then - After that - Finally)**, I try to finish my homework. **(After that - Then - Finally)**, I go to bed early to get up early for school.

Spelling**Complete the missing letters to make correct words:**

1- M__rr__rs can r__f__ect the sun rays easily.

2- Oil is taken by t__nke__s to factories and e__port__d to other countries.

Grammar**will / won't / might / could**

- 1- will سوف (أكيد) = I **will** meet you tomorrow.
- 2- won't سوف لا (أكيد) = I **won't** play in the street.
- 3- might ربما (احتمال) = It's cloudy. It **might** rain.
- 4- could من الممكن (إمكانية) = He studies hard. He **could** pass the exam.

Choose the correct answers:

Tomorrow , we travel (will – could – might) to Bahrain with my father on business . We (couldn't – won't – might not) go by car because my father can't drive for long distances. My mother (might – will - could) visit her old friend whom she missed so much . I don't know if my father (could – might – will) take us in a tour in the place as he is really busy.

Used for

used for —————> يستعمل في (فعل + ing)
A knife is **used for** **cutting** meat.

Correct:

- 1- A racket is used for (play)tennis.
- 2- A camera is used for (take)photos.
- 3- Goggles are used for (swim)in the sea.

Spelling**Complete the missing letters to make correct words:**

- 1-Don't forget to p__t off all the l__ght bulbs when you go out.
- 2-Contam__nated water is full of ba__teria and microbes

Grammar

الماضي البسيط Past Simple

= يتكون الماضي البسيط من التصريف الثاني:

I play**ed** football **yesterday**.

My mother clean**ed** the house **last** week.

We **went** to the zoo two days **ago**.

Life **was** easy **in the past**.

= يأتي الماضي البسيط مع:

yesterday	أمس	last...	الماضي...
ago	منذ	In the past	في الماضي

EX. Choose the correct answer:

I spent a nice time last Summer holiday. I (travel - travelled -am travelling) to London with my family. We (go - went - goes) there by plane. We (stayed – stay – staying) in an expensive hotel. We (visits - visited - visit) many interesting places there.

السؤال المذيل Tag Question

* يأتي السؤال القصير في نهاية الجملة بمعنى (أليس كذلك؟) ويتكون من:

1- فعل مساعد.

2- n't إذا لم توجد بالجملة.

3- تنتهي كما نبدأ.

1. You are from Kuwait, **aren't you?**
2. She is a doctor, **isn't she?**
3. Kuwait is very modern, **isn't it?**

*: إذا لم يوجد فعل مساعد تأتي به :

don't إذا كان الفعل مضارع

doesn't إذا كان الفعل مضارع به

didn't إذا كان الفعل ماضي

1. You like fish, **don't you?**
2. Ali speaks English well, **doesn't he?**
3. Mona travelled to Qatar, **didn't she?**

= am – is – are – was – were – can – could – will – would – shall – should – have –
has – had – must.... الأفعال المساعدة

Add question tags:

1. We can swim, ?
2. They will travel to Qatar,?
3. Our teacher wasn't at school,?
4. The picture is on the wall,?
5. Majid would like to be a teacher, ?
6. We love our country,?
7. Ahmed looks smart,?
8. Aya went to the club,?

C) Choose the correct answer:

1- You are from Kuwait,?

a- are you

b- aren't you

c- is not he

d- you are

2- The teacher was not at school yesterday,?

a- was he

b- were they

c- wasn't he

d- he was

3- Kuwait is very modern,.....?

a- it is

b- isn't it

c- is it

d- it is not

Do as shown in brackets:

4- The boy is playing tennis now,?

(Tag question)

5- Ahmed watched a nice film yesterday.

(negative)

.....

14- He (buy) a nice car last week.

(correct)

.....

Spelling

Complete the missing letters to make correct words:

1-Dr. Ahmed Zwait got the Nobil Pr__ze in Ph__sics.

2-We study Alg__bra and C__emistry at school.

good at / look forward to / like.

- 1- I'm good at (play – playing – plays) volleyball.
- 2- We are good at (speak – speaking – speaks) English,
- 3- I'm looking forward to (meet – met – meeting) our friends.
- 4- My sister likes (read – reads – reading) scary stories

(am / is / are + going to + verb) *تستخدم

للتعبير عن شيء سوف يحدث في المستقبل:

- I **am going to** watch a film tonight.
He **is going to** buy football shoes tomorrow.
They **are going to** have an exam next week.

Choose the correct answer:

Tomorrow, all the students in my class (**are going to - is going to - am going to**) have a team work making a poster about saving water. I (**are going to - is going to - am going to**) get the pens, colours and papers. My friend Dana (**are going to - is going to - am going to**) write the title on the poster. We (**are going to - is going to - am going to**) surf the net to get the information about the topic.

Do as shown between Brackets:

1-I'm going to have a holiday next Monday. (correct)

.....

2- Ali is going to eat another apple. (Negative)

.....

3-The old men are going to walk to the garden. (Make a question)

.....

4-My father is going to travel to Dubai tomorrow . (Make a question)

.....

Grammar

The adjectives 

1- صفات قصيرة:

big x small

thin x fat

short x tall

* Ali is tall.	* عند وصف شخص نأتي بالصفة كما هي.
** Ali is <u>taller than</u> Salim.	** عند المقارنة بين اثنين نأتي بـ er than بعد الصفة.
*** Ali is <u>the tallest</u> boy.	*** عند تفضيل واحد على مجموعة نأتي بـ the قبل الصفة و est بعدها.

2- صفات طويلة:

beautiful

interesting

wonderful

delicious

* Maha is beautiful	* عند وصف شخص نأتي بالصفة كما هي.
** Maha is <u>more</u> beautiful <u>than</u> Huda.	** عند المقارنة بين اثنين نأتي بـ more قبل الصفة و than بعدها.
*** Maha is <u>the most</u> beautiful girl.	*** عند تفضيل واحد على مجموعة نأتي بـ the most قبل الصفة.

- * good ** better than *** the best
 * Sami is good. ** Ahmed is better **than** Sami. *** Ali is **the best** boy.

Choose:

1. Huda is (fat – fatter – **fattest**) than Mona.
2. English is the (easy – easier – **easiest**) subject.
3. Marwa is (good – better – **best**) than Nora.
4. The elephant is the (big – bigger – **biggest**) animal.
5. Maths is (difficult – more difficult – **most difficult**) than Arabic.
6. This is the (wonderful – more wonderful – **most wonderful**) film I have ever seen.

Choose the correct answers:

My school is a (**nice – nicer – nicest**) place where I can learn and meet my friends. It is one of the (**bigger – big – biggest**) schools in the area. My friend Sara is one of the (**good – best – better**) handball players at the school team. Although she is (**shorter than – short – the shortest**) me, she knows very well how to score goals.

نقوم بإعطاء التعليمات باستخدام فعل الأمر (Imperative) :

Turn right – Turn left – Go straight on.

Do as shown in brackets:

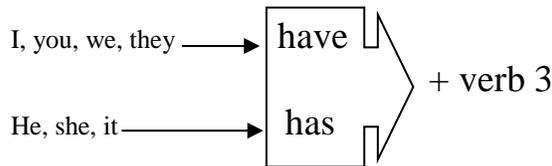
- 5- Ali is (**tall**) than Ahmad. (correct)

- 6- The nearest supermarket is next to the hospital. (ask a question)

- 7- Jahra is the (**large**) city in Kuwait. (correct)

SpellingComplete the missing letters to make correct words:

- 1- They build a new fact__ry to produce exp__nsive clothes.
2- Water level rises when __cebergs start to m—lt.

Grammar**Present perfect المضارع التام**

* يتكون المضارع التام من:

* يأتي المضارع التام مع:

since	منذ	for	لمدة	just	حالا
already	من قبل	not....yet	ليس...بعد	ever	ذات مرة

- تستخدم **already** مع المضارع التام في الإثباتI have already been to Dubai.- تستخدم **yet** مع المضارع التام في النفي و السؤالI haven't been to England yet.
Have you been to Dubai yet?- تستخدم **ever** مع المضارع التام في السؤال في وسط الجملةHave you ever borrowed a book from a friend?

Grammar**Choose the correct answers:**

My mother (**invited - inviting – invites**) many guests to a weekend gathering at our home yesterday. My sister told me to help my mother in the kitchen , but I (**have - am - has**) already helped her . We finished cooking , but we (**hasn't - haven't – aren't**) made the cake yet. All the guests came except my friend Salma who hasn't come (**already - yet - never**).

Do as shown between brackets :

1- My sister(**already send**) me a nice postcard. (**correct the verb**)

.....
2- Hassan has already bought a new Ipad. (**Make negative**)

.....
3- Leila has already cooked the lunch. (**Make negative**)

.....
4- We have been to the zoo. (**Ask a question**)

.....

Reading Comprehension

Read the following passage then answer the questions below:

Black tea was first discovered in China 5000 years ago. There was an old story about the Emperor of China Shen-Nung, who was drinking a cup of boiled water when some tea leaves suddenly fell into his cup. He liked the taste and started drinking it every day. Later, he found that all his pains **disappeared** and felt well.

Nowadays, most black tea comes from Africa, India and Sri Lanka and is sent all over the world. People in the UK, for example, drink over three cups of tea a day. They say that tea gives you energy in the morning before work, and helps you to relax at the end of a long day.

Scientists discovered some benefits of tea. **It** is an important part of a healthy diet, just like fruit and vegetables, and you might lose weight if you drink it without sugar. Another good news for tea lovers is that it may help to stop cancer.

A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d:

1 The main idea of paragraph (1) could be.....

- a) The Emperor of China.
- b) People in the UK
- c) The Discovery of Black
- d) Scientists and Black Tea

2- The underlined word "**disappeared**" in paragraph (1) means

- a) went away
- b) came in
- c) took over
- d) cleaned up

3- The underlined pronoun "**It**" in paragraph (3) refers to

- a) work
- b) diet
- c) fruit
- d) tea

4- The writer wrote this passage to.....

- a. advise the readers to eat fruits.
- b. give the readers information about black tea
- c. warn the readers about boiling tea.
- d. tell that drinking tea is a wrong habit.

B) Answer the following questions:

5- Why do people in UK like to drink tea every day?

.....

6- Black tea is an important part of a healthy diet, how?

.....

Reading Comprehension**Read the following passage and answer the questions:**

In the past, Kuwait City was a small town. The streets were very narrow; the houses were small and there was no electricity. People used to live on fishing and pearl diving. There were no schools, but the pupils used to go to the teacher's house. There, he taught **them** in one of the rooms. The pupils learned reading, writing and Quran.

Life was hard and difficult but simple. Now life is different, Kuwait has changed a lot. Today, we can see high buildings, wide streets and beautiful parks everywhere. People now have **modern** houses and cars.

In summer, many people travel to other countries. Some families visit Arab countries such as Lebanon, Egypt and UAE. Other people go to Europe and Africa because the weather is hot in Kuwait in summer. Life is much better now than it was before because people can get anything they need. Life has become easy and fast. Oil has changed life in Kuwait.

A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d :(4 x 2½= 10)

- The writer is trying to tell us.....
 - to have modern cars.
 - to travel to different countries.
 - to see high buildings.
 - that life in Kuwait is better now.
- The underlined word **them** in the 1st paragraph refers to
 - teachers
 - pupils
 - people
 - houses
- Pupils learned the Quran at thein the past.
 - teacher's house
 - street
 - town
 - school
- The underlined word **modern** in the 3rd paragraph means
 - new
 - fast
 - difficult
 - easy

B) Answer the following questions: (2X3= 6)

5. What can you see in Kuwait nowadays?

.....

6. Why is life much better nowadays?

.....

Reading Comprehension

Read the following passage and answer the questions:

A mouse was very hungry. She could find no food at all. She looked here and there, but there was no food, and she grew very thin. At last, the mouse found a basket full of corn. There was a small hole in the basket, and she **crept in**. She could just get through the hole. Being very hungry, she ate too much corn. So she had grown very fat and couldn't climb out of the basket." How shall I climb out?" said the mouse. Just then a rat and his son came along, and **he** heard the mouse."Mouse," said the rat, "if you want to climb out of the basket, you must wait till you have grown as thin as you were when you went in." Then, the mouse had to wait inside the basket till it could grow thinner. She learned a very good lesson," thinking before taking any action."

B) - Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d: (4 X 2½= 10 m.)

1. The best title for the passage is.....
 - a) *The Hungry Mouse*
 - b) *A Place to Live*
 - c) *Enjoying Food*
 - d) *The Safe House*
2. The word " **crept in**" in line 3 means
 - a. *ate*
 - b. *took*
 - c. *went inside*
 - d. *played*
3. The word "**he**" in line 6 refers to
 - a. *the rat*
 - b. *the basket*
 - c. *the son*
 - d. *the mouse*
4. The writer of the story wants us to
 - a. *be helpful and kind*
 - b. *be clever and wise*
 - c. *be thin and fit*
 - d. *be happy and thankful*

B) - Answer the following questions : (2 X 3 = 6 m.)

13. Why couldn't the mouse get out of the basket?

14. How long did the mouse have to stay inside the basket?

Reading comprehension**Read the following passage, then answer the questions below:**

Indians are the first people who grew potatoes. Then Spanish brought potatoes to Europe, and travellers brought them to America. Potatoes are fourth on the list of the world's important food. Today, Americans eat up about 140 pounds of potatoes per person every year, while Europeans eat twice than **them** .

One of the favourite ways to eat potatoes is potato chips. An American chef named George Crum created the first potato chips on August 1853, in New York. He sliced the potatoes as thinly as possible, making them too thin and crisp. People loved them, so he opened his restaurant and offered a basket of potato chips on every table.

In United Kingdom crisps are what people in the United States call potato chips. Ketchup-flavoured chips are popular in the Middle East. and chicken-flavoured chips are popular in Mexico. There are different flavours from around the world .

Americans **consume** 2–4 billion pounds of potato chips every year and spend more than \$7 billion a year on them. Most of them love it.

A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d: (4x2½ = 10 Ms)

- 1- Based on this passage, we understand that
- | | |
|---------------------------------------|---|
| a) Indians grew potatoes | b) potatoes are important food in the world |
| c) Spanish brought potatoes to Europe | d) how people can make potato chips |
- 2- The pronoun "**them**" in the (1st) paragraph refers to
- | | |
|-------------|--------------|
| a) Indians | b) Americans |
| c) Potatoes | d) Europeans |
- 3- The main idea of the second (2nd) paragraph is
- | | |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| a) The making of potato chips | b) The first people grow potatoes |
| c) The different chips flavours | d) Americans love potatoes |
- 4- The underlined word **consume** in line (12) means
- | | |
|----------|---------|
| a) grow | b) call |
| c) slice | d) eat |

B) Answer the following questions : (2x3 = 6 Ms)

13- Who did bring potatoes to America?

.....

14- What is potato chips call in United Kingdom?

.....

العام الدراسي 2017 / 2018 م
 اختبار نهاية الفترة الدراسية الثانية
 المجال : اللغة الإنجليزية
 الصف : السادس
 الاختبار في (أربع صفحات)

Grade 6

دولة الكويت
 وزارة التربية
 منطقة الجهراء التعليمية
 التوجيه الفني للغة الإنجليزية
 الزمن : ساعتان

(الاستيعاب - المفردات - التعبير المكتوب - القواعد)

TOTAL MARK (60)
I. Reading (30 Marks)
A. Vocabulary (14 Marks) 2)

A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d: (4x2=8 Ms)

1- Ia club to practise my favourite sport.

a) grew b) received c) joined d) linked

2- Drinking dirty water could causediseases.

a) fatal b) boring c) amazing d) fantastic

3- We went to Dubai and stayed there for a

a) fortnight b) drought c) prize d) ocean

4- My cousin studies He is in The United States.

a) really b) approximately c) simply d) abroad

B) Fill in the spaces with the most suitable word from the list : (4x1 ½= 6 Ms)

sadly – attractive – drought - pearl diving - invented

5-, our school team lost the final match.

6- Kuwait was famous for in the past.

7- We should help poor countries which suffer from

8- The Chinesethe fireworks many years ago.

II. Writing (30 Marks)**A. Grammar (11 Marks)****A) Choose the correct answer (4x2=8 Ms)**

My friend is very clever,.....? (she is – is she – isn't she) . She is
(old – older – oldest) than me. She is good at.....(swam - swimming
 – swim). She..... (give – giving – gave) me a present yesterday.

B) Do as required between brackets: (2x1½=3Ms)

1. Pilots fly the planes. (Change into passive)

The planes

2. Huda is going to the club at 10 a.m. (Make negative)

.....

B. Writing (15 Marks)

Writing (18 marks)

Write one **paragraph** of **[6 sentences]** about " **Oil** " * The following words may help you:

Kuwait / expensive / under / pipelines / factory / petrol



.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

Rubrics		mark	Total marks
Exposition of ideas and number of sentences	12		15
Grammar & spelling	1		
Handwriting	1		
punctuations	1		

B. Spelling (4 Marks)

Fill in the missing letters(4 x 1= 4Ms)

1- Scientists do their best to find a c_r_ for c_n_er .

Composition

The water cycle

The water cycle is very important. It has many stages. First, the sun heats water. Then, water changes into water vapour. After that, the water vapour changes into clouds. Finally, the clouds fall as rain. We can't live without water.

Science

At school I learn many subjects. Science is my favourite subject. At the science lab we wear a lab coat. We do experiments. We learn new facts. We write the results. I'd like to be a scientist in the future to help my country.

Oil

Oil is a black liquid. It is very expensive. It is found under the ground. It is put into pipelines. It is exported to other countries by tankers. It is made into petrol. We need oil for cars and buses.

The LifeStraw

The LifeStraw is a great invention. It is made of plastic. It is cheap. It is used for drinking any water. It is used to purify water. It has chemicals to kill bacteria. It is easy to clean. It could save many lives.

Energy

We use a lot of energy everyday. We use many electric machines and many light bulbs. If we waste energy, the weather will get hotter. There will be floods and many people will lose their homes. Also there will be dust storms. We should save energy. We can use light bulbs. We should turn the lights off. Saving energy can save our planet.

A visit to Failaka island

Last week, I went with my class to Failaka Island. We went by bus then by boat. We saw old buildings. We visited the museum and saw old pictures and pots. We had lunch there. We enjoyed the fresh air. We had a great time there.

Al Khawarinmi

He is a great scientist. He was born in Khawarim. He lived in Baghdad. He is called the father of Algebra. He was interested in Geography. He made a map of the world. He should be on a stamp.

Marie Curie

Marie Curie is a famous scientist. She was born in France. She was a brilliant student. She studied abroad. She studied physics and Maths .She worked hard to find a cure for cancer . Her work saved many lives. She won noble prize for physics and Chemistry. She died of cancer. She should be on a stamp.

Favourite Sport

I like sports . My favourite sport is football . I play it in the park with my friends . I play it at the weekend . I need a football boots and a ball to play it . The football team has eleven players . We win when we score the most goals .

Kuwait

Kuwait is a small country . It is flat . It lies on the Arabian gulf . The capital of Kuwait is Kuwait City. Its flag is green , red , white and black . It has parks , beaches , towers and modern shopping malls . The weather is hot and dry .

Holiday

Last week ,I was on a holiday .I went to Dubai.I went with my family.We went by plane. The weather was fine. The hotel was modern and big. The food was very tasty. I played tennis on a helipad. I went shopping. We enjoyed a lot..