

سلسلة مذكرات
"مدرسك في بيتك"
"مش محتاج مدرس في البيت"

KNOWLEDGE

Dr . Lamiaa Adam

GRADE 8

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فيديوهات مهمة للطلاب

تكوين السؤال



زمن المضارع البسيط



زمن الماضي البسيط



زمن المضارع المستمر



اجزاء الكلام



ضمائر الفاعل



استخدام الفعل في المضارع مع الفاعل



Unit 1					
sprinting	N	الركض	arrow	N	سهم
extremely	adv	للاغاية	strict	adj	شديد - صارم
resistance	N	مقاومة	risk	N	مخاطرة
flexible	Adj	مرن	obesity	N	سمنه
session	N	جلسة - نشاط	gain	V	يحصل علي
regimen	N	نظام غذائي	amount	N	كمية
cool down (ed)	V	يهدئ	lack -ed - ed	V	ينقص
promise -d - d	V	يودع	adequate	adj	مناسب

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d:

- 1- ----- needs strong body and good training .
a. sprinting b. arrow c. a mount d. session
2. Throwing the ----- is a sport that needs strong muscles .
. sprinting b. arrow c. a mount d. session
3. There is a big ----- of water on the floor .
a. sprinting b. arrow c. a mount d. session
4. The food we ate yesterday ----- salt, it didn't seem tasty .
a. lacked b. promised c. cooled down d. gained
- 5- Dad ----- a lot of experience when he was abroad .
a. lacked b. promised c. cooled down d. gained
- 6- He ----- me to help when I resort to him .
a. lacked b. promised c. cooled down d. gained
- 7 -The manager is so ----- he always shouts at the employees .
a) strict b) flexible c) adequate d) capable

Fill in the spaces with words from the list :

adequate -extremely -gain -resistance – flexible -lacked

- 1-You have to be ----- and change your plans when you have to do that .
- 2- To -----fame you need to work a lot on that .
- 3-He is the ----- person for this job .
- 4- ----- needs a person with strong muscles and body .
- 5- The weather is -----cold , you need to wear warm clothes .

Grammar

The present simple

Present simple

1- Usage

- We use this tense to express facts and habits "repeated actions "
- يستخدم هذا الزمن للتعبير عن حقيقة أو عادة "الاحداث المتكررة " .

2- Form تكوين

- A) With I ,we ,you ,they or any plural noun the verb is in stem .
- ياتي الفعل في المصدر مع ضمائر الجمع " I-we-you-they " او اي اسم جمع .
- B) With the third person singular pronouns " he- she -it " or any singular noun we add "s -es-ies " .

- مع ضمائر المفرد او اي اسم مفرد نضيف للفعل "s-es-ies "

عندما يكون الفاعل مفرد اي مع He-she-it

Es

- es** is added if the verb ends with "o -ch - sh - ss-x"
- EX.** Go-goes /watch-watches / smash-smashes /pass-passes /mix-mixes .
- اذا انتهى الفعل بالنهايات السابقة نضيف له **es**

Ies

- Ies** is added if the verb ends with y preceded by a consonant .

-إذا انتهى الفعل ب y قبلها حرف ساكن نضيف ies بعد حذف y .

-Ex try -tries /cry -cries /hurry -hurries .

s

-With the rest of the verbs we just add s .

-EX.play -plays /say -says /cook -cooks / swim -swims .

-مع باقى الافعال نضيف فقط s .

٣-Negative

النفى

We use don't with plural ,doesn't with singular +inf .

-ينفى ب don't مع الجمع doesn't مع المفرد ويراعى انم يتجهوا بالمصدر .

Examples

-I visit my aunt everyday .I don't visit my aunt everyday .

-Rob helps her mother regularly .Rob doesn't help her mother regularly .

- I always do my homework .I never do my home work .

Do it your own

What do you do everyday ?What don't you do everyday ?

.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....

Do it your own

What does she usually do ?What doesn't she usually do ?

.....
.....
.....
.....
.....

question

We use do and does as a main question words in yes/no question we also use do and does in wh questions but as helping verbs .

-السؤال

نستخدم do -does كأدوات استفهام رئيسية في السؤال الذي يبدأ بفعل مساعد ويجب عنه بـ yes/no بينما يستخدموا كأفعال مساعدة مع أدوات الاستفهام .

EX. Do you play football every day ? where do you usually go on Fridays ?

-Does Sara clean her room regularly ? What does Sara regularly do ?

key words

Always - sometimes - usually - often -(every "day -month -week etc")

-rarely -scarcely- never -regularly -(on "Sundays -Fridays "means every Sunday).

-N B do and does in the question form

-don't and doesn't in the negative form are followed by infinitive .

- ملحوظة تتبع do -does في السؤال don't doesn't في النفي بالمصدر.

Do it your own

Use the key words in full meaningful sentences .

The present
continuous tense

المضارع المستمر

-

'usage

We use this tense to express an action that is happening now or around now .
- يستخدم للتعبير عن حدث يحدث الآن او حدث مرتبط بالوقت الحالي .

-We use it when we talk about things happening in a period around now , which means that the action isn't necessarily happening now .

- يستخدم للتعبير عن حدث متعلق بالوقت الحالي .

-You are working hard to day .

- I'm reading an interesting story but I haven't finished it yet .

-We use this tense to express the future especially with time tables and action that a person planned for it.

- يستخدم هذا الزمن للتعبير عن المستقبل خاصة مع مواعيد القطارات والقطارات وأيضاً المستقبل الذي تم التخطيط له .

-The train is leaving at 6 tomorrow.

-They are traveling to London the coming holiday .

2-Form تكوين

-Noun /pronoun v to be gerund

I am v+ing

he -she -it is v+ing

we -you -they are v+ing

- يتكون من ضمير او اسم بالاضافة الى v to be ثم ing .

ملحوظة هامة

Important NB

A) If the verb ends with e we omit it and add ing .[.leave -leaving /choose - choosing /drive -driving] .

- إذا انتهى الفعل ب e تحذف ونضيف ing .

B) If the verb ends with a consonant preceded by a vowel we double the last letter [stop-stopping/drop -dropping].

- إذا انتهى الفعل بحرف ساكن مسبوق بحرف متحرك نضعف الحرف الأخير .

c) If the verb ends with ie we transform ie in to y [tie-tying - die -dying- lie-lying].

- إذا انتهى الفعل ب ie تحول الى y ثم نضيف ing .

النفى 3-Negative

- We use n't after v to be .

- النفى ينفى باضافة n't بعد v to be

I → am not = amn't

He
She
It } is not = isn't

We
You
They } are not = aren't

Ex. look peter is running over there .
peter isn't running over there

-Listen Sue is singing .

Sue isn't singing

-I'm doing my homework at this moment .

I'm n't doing my homework at this moment

4-Question

Am -Is-Are are used as main question words in yes /no question

,they are used also as helping verbs in wh questions.

- Am-Is -Are يستخدموا كأدوات استفهام رئيسية في السؤال الذي يجاب عنه ب yes /no أو كأفعال

مساعدة بعد أدوات الاستفهام .

-Are you watching the TV now ? what are you doing now ?

-Is peter cleaning his room ?who is cleaning his room at this moment ?

5-Key words

Look -listen -hurry up- be careful -be quiet -
stop -at this moment -now -at the present time -

Do it your own

Form your own sentences in the present continuous tense :-

Affirmative

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

Negative

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

Question

Gerund + الفعل ing

ليحول الى اسم **ing** ننضيف للفعل اول الجمله
Walking is good for your health .

بعد حروف الجر
I'm good at running .
He is interested in swimming .

بعد الافعال الاتيه
Like - love - enjoy - prefer - can't
stand - can't resist

To + infinitive

It is important → مصدر to +
It + verb **to be** صفه
It is good **to exercise** .
It is bad **to smoke** .

To show reasons
He went to the market **to buy** some
staffs.

بعد الافعال الاتيه
Want - need - promise - would like - try
-decide - suggest - help - advise

Exercises

1 - Correct the following verbs present simple or continuous .

1- Let's go to the cinema it [n't rain] now .

2- Sally and peter [sleep] at the moment .

3- A) What --- your father [do] ?

B) He (be) a doctor .

4- The plane is never late it always [land] on time .

5- Why ----- Sally usually [go] to Alex ?

6- Be careful the train [come] .

7-Stop talking the teacher [explain] the lesson .

8-[n't talk] in class again .

9-The River Nile [flow] in Egypt .

10-The sun [rise] in the morning .

2- Ask a question .

1-I usually go to school in the morning .

2-Peter and Sue are cleaning their room .

3-My sister is listening to the radio now .

4-My father always go to work by bus .

5-They are waiting at the bus stop at the moment .

3-Do as shown in brackets .

1-He always watches TV at night [negative]

2- I [n't like] eating fish .[correct]

3-They go to the club thrice a week .[ask aquestion].

4-My sister is fluent ----- speaking English [complete].

5-She [n't think] of going out now . [correct].

اسئله القطعه

1-The best title افضل عنوان

2- Pronoun reference ضمير على اى كلمه يعود

3-The purpose of the writer هدف الكاتب

4- استخراج الجملة الصحيحة من مجموعته جمل / استخراج الجملة الخطأ من مجموعته جمل

5- meaning / opposite

الصفحة الثانية

- المجال الدراسي: اللغة الإنجليزية - امتحان نهاية الفترة الدراسية الأولى - الصف الثامن - المعلقات من القطعة

B- Reading Comprehension (16 Marks)

16

- Read the following passage carefully, then answer the questions below:

People often have to use a vehicle of some kind to travel great distances. Some people now use bicycles, motorbikes, or cars. A car has an engine called a combustion engine. That means it gets the power to move by burning gas or petrol as fuel. The car runs on tyres filled with air. Most people however probably travel by buses that also have combustion engines like cars. However, vehicles, like cars, with combustion engines burning fuel, give off gases that are dangerous for your health. They **pollute** the air and create a risk for us.

In most countries now, there are electric trains which use electricity and do not pollute the air. They go at great speeds on their rails. In some countries, **they** go almost as fast as some planes. Ships and boats have propellers to move them. A propeller causes a ship or aircraft to move, it consists of two or more blades that spin at high speed. The propellers turn very fast in the water and that pushes the ship. A rudder, like the tail of a fish, is used to guide it.

Some planes use propellers that turn in the air. However, most planes have jet engines. They push the plane with great force. If you go to an airport where the planes land you can see the jet engines on the wings of the plane, though on some planes they are near the tail.

A. From a, b, c and d, choose the most suitable answer: (6X2=12 Marks)

09. Which of the following is the best title of the text?

- a- Jet Engines
- b- Propeller Blades
- c- Vehicles Nowadays
- d- Combustion Engines

10. The **Opposite** of the underlined word “pollute” in the 1st paragraph is:

- a- clean
- b- destroy
- c- improve
- d- achieve

11. The underlined word “they” in the 2nd paragraph refers to:

- a- rails
- b- countries
- c- great speeds
- d- electric trains

12. What makes electric trains fit for a clean environment?

- a- They run using electricity.
- b- They have combustion engines.
- c- They need fuel to run fast on their rails.
- d- They use propellers and tyres filled with air.

13. According to the text, which of the following sentences is **NOT TRUE**?

- a- Cars use combustion engine to move.
- b- Cars burn gas in the engine to move.
- c- Cars with combustion engines pollute the air.
- d- Cars with combustion engines use rails to run fast.

14. What is the writer’s purpose of writing this text?

- a- To show us how combustion engines cause pollution.
- b- To tell us about the various types of vehicles people use.
- c- To compare between travelling nowadays and in the past.
- d- To advise us to travel long distances by cars or on motorbikes.

B. Answer the following questions: (2x2=4 Marks)

15. How do planes move with great force?

.....

16. What makes cars similar to buses?

.....

Writing

We have to be healthy and organize our life style to be fit and avoid diseases
write a report

Of 10 sentences about(healthy lifestyle)The importance of having a healthy life style and how to achieve

Healthy life style

its importance

good shape

strong body

clear mind

do tasks easily

How to achieve

exercise daily

eat healthy food

enough sleep

avoid stress

It is very important to lead a healthy life style .It helps us to have a good shape .It also helps us to be fit .It enables us to have a strong body .It also helps us to avoid diseases .It enables us to have a clear mind .It helps us to do tasks easily .It is a must to lead a healthy life style .

It is an easy task to achieve. We have to exercise daily .Doctors advise to do exercises for half an hour a day .We should eat healthy food .We need to avoid fats .We also need to have enough sleep to be able to work .We must avoid stress .To sum up it is a duty to lead a healthy life style .

فيديو شرح الوحدة الأولى



Unit 2

lead - led - led	V	يؤدي إلى	master - d - d	v	يتقن
theme	N	هدف أو فكره رئيسيه	frequently	adv	مرارا وتكرارا
provide - d - d	V	يزود	infection	N	عدوي
cavern	N	كهف	sight	N	رؤية - منظر
voluntary	adj	تطوعي	determination	N	تصميم - عزمه
native	adj	وطني	overcome	V	يتغلب على
recently	adv	حديثا - مؤخرا	barrier	N	مانع - حاجز
achieve - d - d	v	ينجز يحقق	inspire - d - d	v	يلهم
improve - d - d	v	يحسن	incredibly	adv	لا يمكن تصديقه
require - d - d	v	يطلب	capable	adj	قادر

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d:

- 1- ----- is the key way to success .
 a. infection b. cavern c. determination d. barrier
2. Corona virus has widely spread because of the rapid -----.
 a. infection b. cavern c. determination d. barrier
3. Islam always informs us that there are no ----- between Muslims .
 a. infection b. cavern c. determination d. barrier
4. you need to ----- your language to travel abroad .
 a. provide b. achieve c. require d. improve
- 5-If you want to ----- your goals , you need to have strong determination .
 a. provide b. achieve c. require d. improve
- 6- Old people always -----us with experience and wisdom .

a. provide b. achieve c. require d. improve

7 - civilized countries depend on ----- work to do
tasks that require great efforts . .

a) voluntary b) native c) adequate d) capable

Fill in the spaces with words from the list :

Voluntary -sight -barrier -native – incredibly -frequently

- 1-They -----go to work early , they are so punctual .
- 2- He lost his -----when he was you in an accident .
- 3-My -----tongue is Arabic .
- 4- It is a/an ----- serious matter .
- 5- My Dad runs a /an -----association that helps the poor .

Key words

of

The past simple tense

الكلمات الدالة

Yesterday –last – ago –one day – once – in the past –in the
ancient time –once up on a time –in [past date] in 1990 .

The past simple tense

Usage

- 1-we use the past simple to express a completed action in the past .
- يستخدم للتعبير عن حدث حدث وانتهى في الماضي .

I met Mr. Allen yesterday .

-A custom that no longer happen .

-عرف او تقليد لم يعد موجود .

All women wore veils in the past .

-A habit that no longer exist .

- عادة لم تعد موجودة .

I used to wear jeans .

Form your own sentences in the past form below

Dr. Lamiaa Adam

Form

There are two forms

يوجد نوعين من الافعال افعال منتظمة وافعال شاذة

A) The regular form

الافعال المنتظمة

-We add to the verb d-ied - ed

نضيف للفعل d -ed - ied

-d is added if the verb ends with e "like -love - hate -

-Ied is added if the verb ends withy preceded by a consonant " try -tried /cry -cried -hurry -hurried "

-Ed is added to the rest of the regular verbs .

-We double the last letter if the verb ends with a consonant preceded by a vowel ." stop -stopped/ drop -dropped"

نضعف الحرف الأخير اذا انتهى الفعل بحرف ساكن مسبق بحرف متحرك وكان الفعل يتكون من مقطع صوتي واحد

B) The irregular form of the verbs

- الافعال الشاذة .

-We have three kinds

- يوجد ثلاث انواع .

1-Verbs that have the same form

-افعال لا تختلف في تصريفها .

Cut cut /hit - hit /shut- shut

2-Verbs that have different forms

- افعال تختلف في تصريفها .

Drive -drove /ride -rode / run -ran

3-verbs that differ in pronunciation not in form.

١- افعال تختلف في النطق لكنها لا تختلف في الكتابة .

Read - read .

Question and negative

النفى والا استفهام نستخدم did ,didn't في النفي والاستفهام ويراعى انهم ياتي بعدهم مصدر .

We use did - didn't +inf

-Did is used as a main questioning word yes / no question or as an auxiliary>

-Did you meet Mona yesterday ?Yes, I did .

-Where did you go last Friday ? I went to the beach .

- I traveled to Alex three days ago ./ I didn't travel to Alex three days ago .

Negative Didn't +infinitive

I **played** well in yesterday match .

I **didn't play** well in yesterday match .

-Be careful when do id the main verb in a sentence .

كن حريصا عندما تكون do فعلا اساسيا وليس فعل مساعد .

-What did you do at the last week end ? I didn't do any thing .

-NB the past form of verb to be [am - is - are] is [was - were]

الماضي من v to be هو was -were

-We don't use did in negative and question with was and were .

لا نستخدم did في السؤال مع was - were

-Where were you yesterday ?

-I was at the stadium watching the football match .

-I wasn't at the stadium

I } was negative wasn't question was she out ?
He }
She }
It }

We } were negative weren't question were you out ?
You }
they }

Exercises

1-Correct the following verbs

1- The weather was hot so I [take] a taxi

2-Sally was in hurry ,so she [have] no time to phone me .

3-Peter left the door open and a cat [come] in to the room .

4-Where [you go] last Monday .

7- The play wasn't interesting I [not enjoy] it .

8-The situation was so funny but no body [laugh] .

9-Sally [visit] Luxor] last week .

10-How [you travel] to America last holiday .

Make negative

1-They worked hard yesterday .

2She had a party last Friday .

Present perfect

The diagram illustrates the structure of the Present Perfect tense in three forms: affirmative, negative, and question.

Affirmative:

- SUBJECT:** I / you / we / they (underlined) / he / she / it
- AUXILIARY:** have / has
- PAST PARTICIPLE:** lived, studied, eaten

Negative:

- SUBJECT:** I / you / we / they (underlined) / he / she / it
- AUXILIARY:** haven't / hasn't
- PAST PARTICIPLE:** lived, studied, eaten

Question:

- AUXILIARY:** Have / Has
- SUBJECT:** I / you / we / they (underlined) / he / she / it
- PAST PARTICIPLE:** lived, studied, eaten

Present perfect tense

Irregular verbs

Present	Past	Present perfect
go	went	have / has gone
see	saw	have / has seen
eat	ate	have / has eaten
break	broke	have / has broken

Regular verbs

Present	Past	Present perfect
ask	asked	have / has asked
cook	cooked	have / has cooked
wait	waited	have / has waited
open	opened	have / has opened



Present perfect

1 Complete the sentences with the Present perfect tense of the verbs in the brackets.

Have you ever gone to Japan? I have never gone to Japan, but she has gone to China three times. (GO)

- 1) _____ you ever _____ to the USA? Yes, I have. (BE)
- 2) She _____ never _____ cabbage before. (EAT)
- 3) We _____ recently _____ an airplane. (FLY)
- 4) _____ he ever _____ your movie? No, he has not. (SEE)
- 5) I _____ that song since last year. (NOT HEAR)
- 6) You _____ the tango for years. (DANCE)
- 7) _____ you ever _____ a big gift from your uncle? (GET)
- 8) You _____ to Brazil. (GO)
- 9) _____ you ever _____ a pet? Yes, I have. (HAVE)
- 10) They _____ handball since they were 10. (NOT PLAY)
- 11) We _____ our cousins in America since 2002. (NOT VISIT)
- 12) He _____ never _____ alcohol. (DRINK)
- 13) You _____ my chocolate cake. (NOT TRY)
- 14) _____ she _____ a horse before? No, she has not. (RIDE)
- 15) They _____ recently _____ a new house. (BUY)
- 16) _____ you ever _____ Harry Potter? (READ)
- 17) We _____ recently _____ him. (MEET)
- 18) I _____ never _____ to my sister. (LISTEN)

Key words

already -ever -never - just

recently -since -for -yet

So far - uptill now

lately

already and just

I have already done my home work .

I haven't done my homework yet .

Sara has just arrived .

Sara hasn't arrived yet .

Ever

Have you ever visited Sara ?

This is the place I have ever met .

This is the best film I have ever watched .

Never

I have never gone to Failaka .

الفرق بين (Since – for)

Since	منذ بعدها مدة محددة مسماها مؤرخه ماضي بسيط	For + المدة التي يستغرقها العمل
3 o'clock		3 hours
Saturday, Sunday, ...		2 days
April, August,		7 months
2010, 1990, ...		5 years
last week		3 weeks
I left school		a long time
تستخدم مع زمن المضارع التام والمضارع التام المستمر والماضي التام		تستخدم مع جميع الأزمنة

أمثلة للإيضاح:

They study **for** two hours every day.

They are studying **for** three hours today.

He has lived in Bangkok **for** a long time.

He has been living in Paris **for** three

To
لکی

مصدر

I study to succeed .
She travelled to earn living

So that لکی

فاعل

can
Could

مصدر

مصدر

I study so that I can succeed .
She travelled so that she could earn living .

For لاجل

+ فعل
Ing

I study for succeeding .
She travelled for earning living .

Correct the verbs :

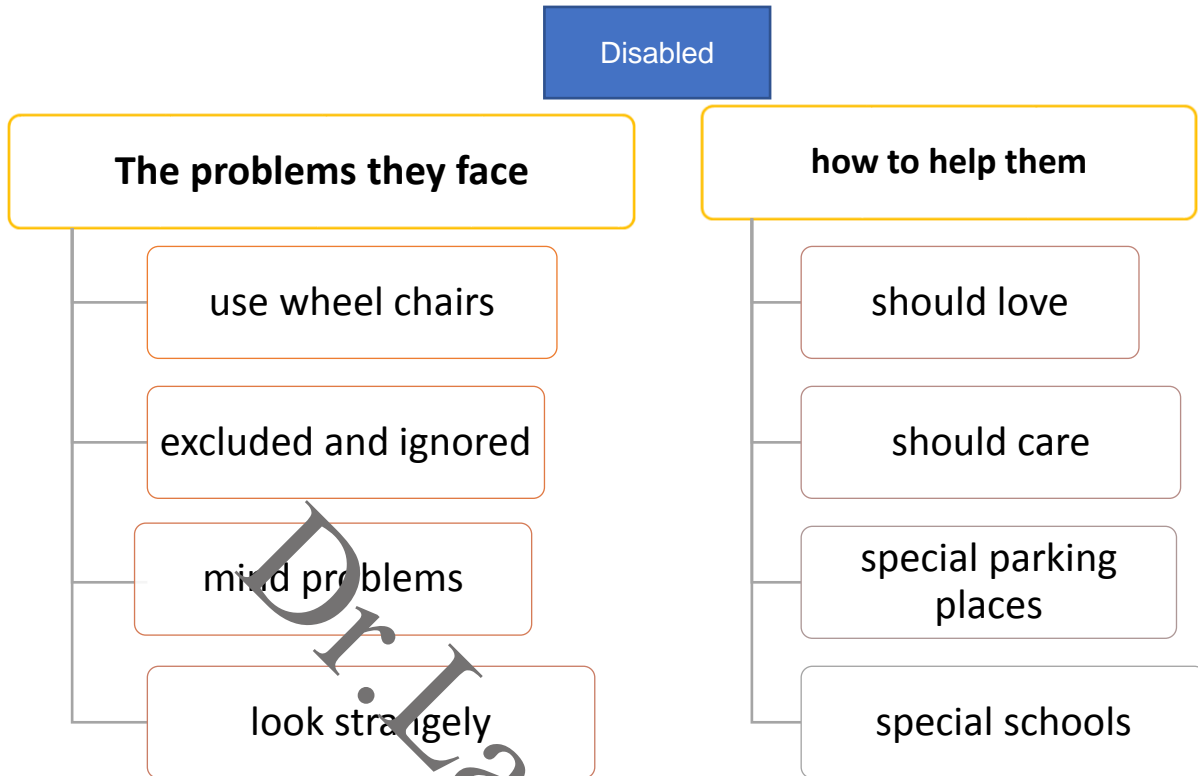
I work hard for (have) better position .

They left the town so that (find) better place .

I do the house hold to (help) Mum .

The slept early for (get) up early .

Write a report about the (disabled) people , and explain the challenges they face and how to help them .



Disabled people are those people who have disabilities in moving or doing tasks. They face many problems. They use wheelchair to move. They do activities with difficulty. They have difficulties in socializing with others. They are excluded and ignored. People look to them strangely.

It is our duty to help and care. We should love them. We should care for them. The government has to set special parking places for them. They need special schools. We are all humans and we have to help others.

فيديو شرح الوحدة الثانية



Unit three

separate	adj	منفصل	hearty	adj	مشبع بالطعام
employ - e-ed	v	يوظف	justice	N	عدالة
wage	N	اجر	crowd	N	جمهور - حشد
instead of	adj	بدلا من	unfair	adj	غير عادل
trap	N	فخ - مصيدة	dispose of	phv	يتخلص من
drop out	phv	يتوقف عن	float - ed - ed	v	يطفو
jobless	adj	بلا وظيفة	package	N	طرد
inhale -d - d	v	يستشق	gravity	N	جاذبيه
stingy	adj	بخيل	casual	adj	ملابس غير رسمي
furious	adj	غاضب	specialized	adj	متخصص

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d:

1-He is a real money maker , he is so -----

- a. stingy b. furious c. specialized d. jobless

2. He can't afford the cost of living as he is -----.

- a. stingy b. furious c. specialized d. jobless

3. Islam urges us never be ----- and to have a self restrain when we get angered .

- a. stingy b. furious c. specialized d. jobless

4. There is no ----- in space that's why astronauts float .

- a. gravity b. package c. hearty d. justice

5- wearing -----clothes is so comfortable specially in Summer .

- a. a. gravity b. package c. casual d. justice

للسؤال عن المدة how long تستخدم

How long have been living in Kuwait ?

How long has she studied English ?

فترة زمنية محسوبة for + period of time	نقطة زمنية محددة في الماضي since + specific point in time
for 30 minutes for 2 days for 3 months	since 4:00 o'clock since Saturday since January

Too

صفه

To

مصدر

The tea is too hot to drink .

So → صفه → that subject → can } مصدر
Could

The shelf was so high , I couldn't reach it .

The tea is too hot to drink .

SO + ADJECTIVE + THAT

He is very strong. He can lift a car with his hands.

He is **so strong that** he can lift a car with his hands.

Rewrite using SO ---THAT:

1- He was very tired; he went to bed early.

2- The puzzle was difficult. He couldn't do it.

3- We were confused. We didn't know which way to go.

4- The play was fantastic; the audience was happy.

5- My car is very old. I can't travel by it.

6- Mary is very beautiful in her dress; she looks like a princess.

7- Mark stayed in the sun very long; He got sunburnt.

too + Adjective + to infinitive



Mark is too small to wear his father's sweater.

A) Write sentences using the same structure, add any necessary words.



Day /cold/walk.



Tea/sweet/drink .



They/dirty/go to the party.

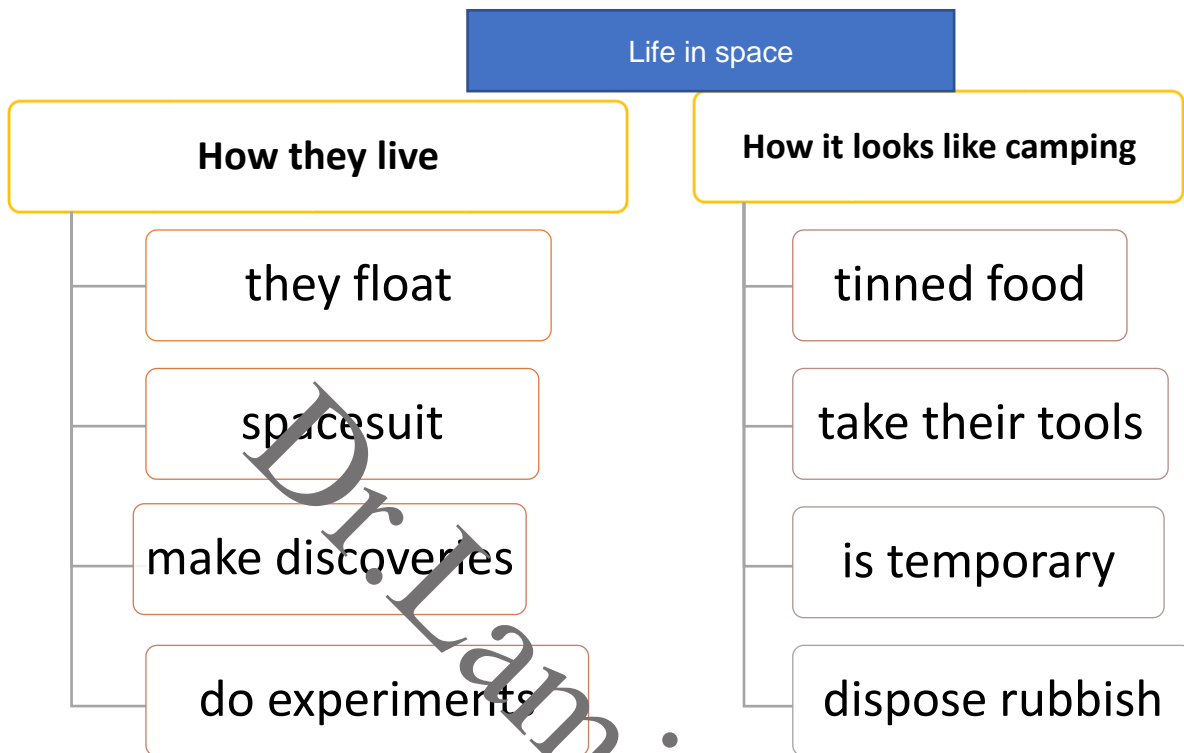


Today/rainy/ go for a walk.



Coffee/ hot /drink

Write a report about (life in space) explaining How the astronaut live in space and How it looks like camping



Astronauts' life is full of risks .They are adventurous people .They wear special suit .They make discoveries. They find out new planets .They do experiments .

Life in space looks like camping .They need to take every thing .They eat tinned food .Their stay is temporary .They have to dispose rubbish .They need to take all their tools .Despite life in space is enjoyable yet, it is risky .

فيديو شرح الوحدة الثالثة



Unit 4

hire -ed - ed	V	استأجر	beg - begged	V	يتوسل
raise -d - d	V	يربى - يرفع	exceptionally	Adv	بشكل استثنائي
community	N	مجتمع	humble	Adj	مواضع
demote -d -d	V	يدحض	hardship	N	صعوبة
harsh	Adj	خشن	generation	N	جيل
quit -quit (ed)	V	يتخلى عن - يترك	securely	Adv	بأمان
wound	N	جرح	through out	prep	عبر - من خلال
compelled	Adj	أجبر - مجبر	tug on- tugged	Ph.v	يشد
astonished	Adj	مدهش	heritage	N	تراث
plunge in (ed)	Ph.v	ينغمس في	beg - begged	V	يتوسل

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d:

1-No one knows why the chief of the villagesome workers last month.

a- demoted b-hired c-raised d-ouitted

2-Those old buildings are considered to be a part of our national.....

a- community b- hardship c-heritage d- wound

3-We were completely when they heard the news of Joan`s sudden death.

a- compelled b-astonished c- humble d-harsh

4- Before trying to.....in the lake, you should take a deep breath.

a- beg b- demote c-quit d- plunge

5-Thousands of people have been to leave their country because of the flood.

a-harsh b- humble c-compelled d-astonished

Fill in the spaces with the correct words from the list :

quit - raise - community - wound - hardship - beg

1-The two kids always their mother to let them watch more TV.

- 2-After his long years of, he succeeded and made a fortune.
- 3-They went on a ten-mile walk to money for charity.
- 4-Even if you often do not achieve your goals, never quit trying.
- 5-The whole was working as one team in the time of Covid-19.

The past
continuous tense
زمن الماضي المستمر

Usage

استخدامة

1-We use this tense express an action the was continuing at a particular time in the past

يستخدم للتعبير عن حدث كان مستمرا في وقت محدد في الماضي .

Ex .I was watching TV at 6 yesterday .

This means that I was in the middle of doing the action .

2-We use this tense in combination with the past simple tense to say that an action was continuing and another action interrupts it .

-للتعبير عن حدثان حدثا في الماضي ولكن أحدهما قطع استمرار الآخر .

While
Noun /pronoun / **past continuous -/past simple**

As

As

Just as

While
Noun /pro / **past continuous /past continuous**

As

As

Just as

When noun /pro **/past simple / past continuous .**

Form

I
He _____ **was +ving**

She

It

We

You _____ **were +ving**

They

Ex While I was studying my father called me .

-While I was talking to Sally, peter came .

While [past continous] , [past continous]

عندما يكون الحدثان مستمران في نفس الوقت ولم يقطع احدهما الاخر .

-While I was watching TV Sally was drawing a picture .

This means that the two actions were continuing at the same time .

-When the phone rang, I was taking a shower .

-When the phone rang, I took a shower .

Question

-نستخدم was were كادوات استفهام رئيسية او كفعل مساعد بعد اداة الاستفهام .

Was -were are used as a main question words or as helping verbs

Were you playing tennis when I called you ? -

Yes , I was

-What were you doing at 6 yesterday ?

-I was watching TV.

3-Correct the following verbs

1-While the [eat],the phone [ring].

2-While [cook], Sally hurt her self .

3-Sara didn't go to the party because she [sleep]

4-When did Jack [come] ?

5-Rob [paint] his home all the day yesterday.

6-My father [not go] to work last Friday .

7-When the train left, I [run]to catch it .

8-As they [talk], Richard [arrive].

9-Just as mother [cook] ,she [cut] her finger .

10-While [sleep], peter [fall]down .

Grammar Worksheet

Do as shown in brackets:

1- Ali wrote a letter last week. (Change into passive)
.....

2- She made a delicious cake for her brother's birthday. (Ask a question)
.....

3- Ahmed arrived. We were talking on the phone. (Join: while)
.....

4- They went to the zoo yesterday. (Change into negative)
.....

5- They were watching TV when the phone (ring). (Correct the verb)
.....

Cloze Test

C) Read the following paragraph and choose the correct answers :

Yesterday, Hamad and Salim (have, are having, had, has) a nice trip. They (play, played, plays, were playing) in the park when they saw a beautiful rare bird.

They (decided, decide, are deciding, decides) to catch it. While they (chase, were chasing, chased, chases) it, the park ranger saw them and told them to stop.

Past simple passive

Active voice: The manager chose Sara.



Passive voice: Sara was chosen by the manager.



Read the following passage carefully, and then answer the questions below:

The Social Media nowadays is so nearly to all people, believe it or not, as important as food. Yes, that is true for all generations all around the world. The applications used in the Social Media are many, but one of the most important applications is Instagram, which is a photo and video-sharing social networking service owned by Facebook. It was created by Kevin Systrom and Mike Krieger, and launched in October 2010 on Apple devices. A type for Android devices was issued a year and half later, in April 2012. The application allows users to upload photos and videos to the service, which can be edited with various filters, and organized with various data and location information. An account's posts can be shared publicly with accepted followers. Users can browse other users' content by tags and locations, and view trending content. Users can "like" photos, and "follow" other users to add their content to a story.

The service was originally distinguished by only allowing content to be put in a square. The service also added messaging features, the ability to include many images or videos in a single post, as well as "Stories" - similar to its main challenger, Snapchat, which allows users to post photos and videos that are accessible to others for 24 hours each.

After its launch in 2010, Instagram became well known so fast, with one million users in two months, 10 million in a year, and 800 million as of September 2017.

A) Choose the completion from a, b, c and d :

1. The best title for the passage is:

a) Instagram, the Best Application

b) Network services

c) Apple Devices

d) Messaging features

2. The underlined word (which) in the 3rd paragraph refers to:

a) Instagram

b) Snapchat

c) A single post

d) The service

3. The synonym of the underlined word (accessible) is:

a) Can be helped

b) Can be reached

c) Can be harmed

d) Can be cancelled

4. Instagram was launched in:

a) October, 2012

b) October, 2019

c) October, 2010

d) October, 2011

6. According to the passage, all the following statements are FALSE except:

a) Instagram became well known so quickly.

b) Instagram allows users to upload only videos.

c) Instagram was created by one person.

d) Instagram was sold by Facebook.

6. The main purpose of the writer is to:

a) let us know about the famous application, Instagram. b) inform us who Kevin Systrom and Mike Krieger are.

c) explain how to use Snapchat.

d) inform us when Instagram service started.

B) Answer the following questions:

7-What does Snapchat allow users to do?

.....

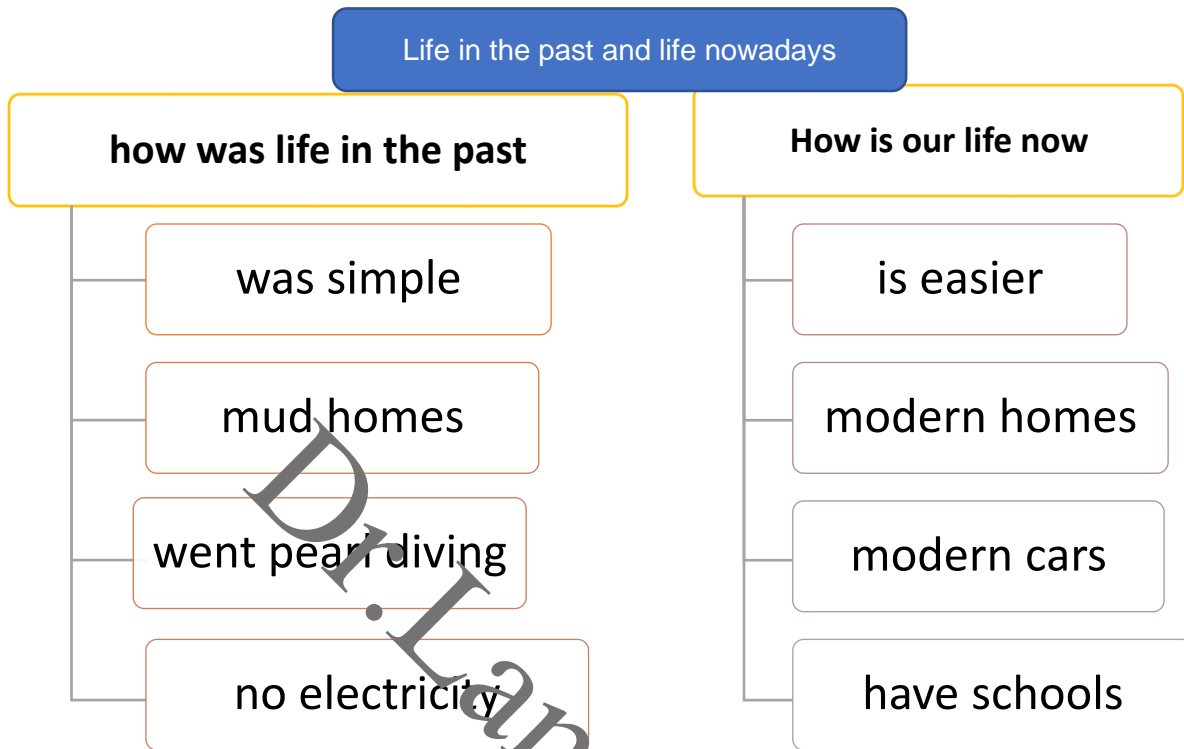
8-How long can people reach their friends' "stories?" on Snapchat?

.....

.....

Dr. Lamiaa Adam

Write a report of two paragraph about (life in the past and life nowadays)
explain how was life in the past and how is our life today .



Our life differs from our grandparents. Their life was very simple .
They lived in mud houses .They had no schools .They worked as fishermen.
They went pearl diving .They had no electricity .

Our life is totally different .Our life is easier. We have modern homes .We
have modern cars too . We have new machines that help us a lot .We have
modern schools and language schools as well .Their life was hard yet they were
happier .

فيديو شرح الوحدة الرابعة



Unit 5

equator	N	خط الاستواء	height	N	ارتفاع
Unique	adj	فريد	skill	N	مهارة
glow	N	توهج	connection	N	اتصال
reflect- ed - ed	V	يعكس	pleasure	N	سرور-متعة
antiquity	N	اثر قديم	house -d -d	V	يسكن
bargain	N	عرض-سعر	impressive	Adj	عجيب
atmosphere	N	جو	sculpture	N	فن النحت
sightseeing	N	مناظر جديره بالمشاهده	exhibit	N	عرض فني
destination	N	وجهة الوصول	illusion	N	زيف-خداع
counting	N	عد-حساب			

a. Choose the most suitable word from a, b, c and d:

1. I love the of our home when we have a birthday; it's usually fantastic.

a. exhibit b. illusion c. bargain d. atmosphere

2. This cat is of a type; there are only two other cats like it in South Africa.

a. unique b. impressive c. harsh d. astonished

3. the hours makes us feel the day longer than it is, doesn't it?

a. Pleasure b. Destination c. Counting d. Height

4. On the beach, the surface of water the moon and the stars; I loved sitting there.

a. glowed b. reflected c. housed d. raised

5. The man passed the driving test; he drove with great and confidence.

a. skill b. collection c. sightseeing d. sculpture

b. Fill in the gaps with one of the following words:

collection - glows - skill - reflects - height - houses

1. The nicest thing in winter is when the sun and fills the house with warmth.

2. His incredibly high in table tennis made him win three competitions.

3. Because she likes Europe, she has got a/an of all the European countries' flags.

4. Their father is very tall, but she is short and of the same as her brother.

5. The underwater light in the swimming pool beautifully on the walls.

Comparative and superlative adjectives

Adjectives, Superlatives and Superlatives

Adjectives	Comparatives	Superlatives
big	bigger than	the biggest
small	smaller than	the smallest
long	longer than	the longest
short	shorter than	the shortest
tall	taller than	the tallest
happy	happier than	the happiest
sad	sadder than	the saddest
fast	faster than	the fastest
slow	slower than	the slowest
fat	fatter than	the fattest

Long adjectives multi syllabus
adjectives

Long adjectives	Examples
Most two-syllable adjectives which do not end in -y	Mary is more polite than Cindy. Tom is more helpful than Peter.
All adjectives of three syllables or more	Candy is more hard-working than Maggie. Joe is more good-looking than Tom.

Ir-regular adjectives

Base Adjective	Comparative Adjective	Superlative Adjective
good	better	best
bad	worse	worst
little	less	least
many/much	more	most
far	farther/further	farthest/furthest

as

صفة بدون اضافه

as

1- Sara is as beautiful as Mona .
mona .

Negative 1-Sara isn't as beautiful as

2- Amal is as tall as Haya .

Negative 1-Sara isn't as tall as Haya

Do as shown between brackets:

1. The (beautiful) thing I have ever seen is the city from the top of the tower.

(Correct the adjective)

.....

2. Our street is quite different today; it is (clean) than it was yesterday.

(Correct the adjective)

.....

3. The student did not study harder; his marks are as (higher) as they were last exam.

(Correct the adjective)

.....

4. The smell of the garbage bin is (bad) than it looks.

(Correct the adjective)

.....

5. The film we watched yesterday on TV was the (scary) one I have watched this year.

(Correct the adjective)

.....

6- This is the (good) film I have ever watched .

7-She is the (nice) girl I have ever met .

.....

8-Sara has one million dinar .Hamad has one million Dinar , use (as -as)

.....

9-Sara is intelligent .Haya is intelligent . , use (as -as)

10- Cairo is crowded .Kuwait isn't very crowded . (as - as)

Write a report of two paragraphs about(museums) **explain their importance** and **what to keep inside** them.

Museums

Their importance

keep heritage

attract tourists

source of pride

historical

what can be displayed

mauscripts

monuments

golden objects

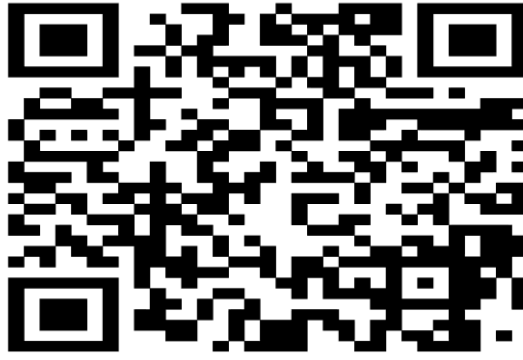
antiques

Museums are so important for every country .They keep the heritage .They are historical and valuable .They attract tourists .They are a great source of pride to all of us .We should be proud of our heritage .

There are many things that can be displayed in museums .

The old manuscripts for example .Ancient monuments are also displayed in museums .There are also golden objects in the museums .There are antiques too .We have to visit the museums in our country and be proud of them .

فيديو شرح الوحدة الخامسة



Unit Six

fictional	adj	خيالي	Chandelier	N	الثريا نجفه
thrilled	adj	سعيد-متشوق	import -ed - ed	V	يستورد
schedule	N	جدول	countless	Adj	ال يمكن عده
actually	adv	حقا	royal	Adj	ملكي
conduct- ed	V	يوصل-ينفذ	pure	Adj	خالص-نقي
spoil -ed - ed	V	يفسد	marble	N	رخام
luxury	N	فخامة-رفاهية			

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d:

1. My aunt looks young, but she's.....50 years old.

a) incredibly b) actually c) securely d) exceptionally

2. Many poor African countries lack access to..... any drinking water resources.

a) pure b) return c) fictional d) luxury

3. Dad bought this.....which is big enough to cover the whole floor.

a) chandelier b) schedule c) marble d) carpet

4. The government.....a campaign to raise environmental awareness.

a) donated b) imported c) spoiled d) conducted

5. Today, most Gulf countries.....food products from different parts of the world.

a) conduct b) spoil c) import d) donate

Fill in the spaces with the most suitable words from the list:

spectacular / oval / import / spoil / countless / donate

1. If we say that something is, it means that it looks like an egg.
2. On a clear night, you can seestars twinkling in the sky.
3. The heat of the sun was strong enough to.....the fruits on the tree.
4. There are many charity programmes in Ramadan for people tomoney to the poor.
5. There will be a/an.....firework show near the National Museum tonight.

السؤال المزيل هو سؤال مختصر يأتي آخر الجملة معناه اليس كذلك يتكون من

1- فعل مساع عكس الجملة اثبات ونفي

2- ضمير يعود ع الفاعل

Tag questions

Verb tense	+ sentence → tag	- sentence → + tag
present be	Your name is Pedro, isn't it?	She's never late, is she?
present simple	You live downstairs, don't you?	You don't live here, do you?
past simple	She studied biology, didn't she?	They didn't know, did they?
past continuous	You were joking, weren't you?	You weren't joking, were you?
present perfect	You've done this before, haven't you?	You haven't finished yet, have you?
past perfect	He had been in the war, hadn't he?	They had never been there, had they?
will	You'll be OK, won't you?	We won't arrive on time, will we?
modal verb	She can speak English, can't she?	You shouldn't be here, should you?

Determiner	Opinion	Size	Age	Shape	Color	Origin	Material	Purpose	Noun
a	handsome		young			Brazilian			man
a		huge		Round			metal		bowl
a		small			Yellow			sleeping	bag

Do as shown between brackets:

1. Your mother changed the decoration of the new villa,.....? (Add a tag question)

.....

2. The Manager spoke to his workers this morning,.....? (Add a tag question)

.....

3. You visited France last year,.....? (Add a tag question)

.....

4. My grandmother sat on her (wooden - comfortable - old) bed. (Reorder the adjectives)

.....

5. My brother bought a (woolen - fabulous - British) suit. (Reorder the adjectives)

.....

Choose the correct answer from the words between brackets:

Ahmed is a/an (athletic Kuwaiti young - athletic young Kuwaiti - Kuwaiti athletic young - Kuwaiti young athletic) boy. He always advises his friends (eat - to eat -

have eaten - are eaten) healthy food. He also says that fresh drinks are (good - best - the better - better than) sugary drinks. He is absolutely right, (isn't he - doesn't he - wasn't he - hasn't he)?

Write a report of two paragraphs Kuwait impressive buildings their importance and set models

Impressive buildings

Their importance

Attract tourist
Show how great is the country
Increase economy
Make a country famous

Examples

Avenues mall
360 mall
have many brands
have a cinema

Impressive buildings are important to any country. They reflect how great a country is. They make the country so famous all over the globe. They attract tourists. They are a corner stone in increasing the economy. They play a vital role in the countries economy.

Kuwait has many impressive buildings. It is also on her way to build more and more. The Avenues mall is a great building. It is so famous all over the world. People come to visit. It has many brands. It attracts youth. 360 mall is also an impressive building. It has a great cinema and many shops. To sum up it is important to build more and more impressive buildings to increase our economy.

فيديو شرح الوحدة السادسة

