

Ministry of Education
Al Farwaniya Educational Area
Omaima Bint Al Noaman School



2023-2024

GRADE SIX



Prepared by:
Ms.Hanouf Albughaili
Ms.Ahad Almutairi
Ms.Shihana Aljassar
H.O.D: Ms.Shaikha Almutairi

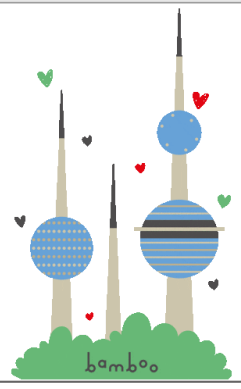
Student Name: _____

Class: 6 /

[illegible]

UNIT 1

Snapshot of Kuwait



#	WORD	PART OF SPEECH	MEANING
1	Model	(n.)	نموذج
2	Cot	(n.)	سرير البيبي (الطفل)
3	Palm leaves	(n.)	سعف النخيل
4	Show	(v.)	يعرض / يوضح
5	Passed away	(Phr.v.)	مات / توفي
6	Soundly	(adv.)	بهدوء / بسكينة / بعمق
7	Furniture	(n.)	أثاث
8	Rough	(adj.)	هائج
9	Own	(v.)	يملك
10	Collect	(v.)	يجمع
11	Move to	(Phr.v.)	ينتقل إلى
12	Background	(n.)	خلفية الصورة
13	Foreground	(n.)	مقدمة الصورة
14	Middle	(n.)	الوسط
15	Made of	(Phr.v.)	مصنوع من

UNIT 1

A Famous Artist

Date:

.....

Period:

#	Word	Part of speech	Meaning
1			
2			
3			
4			
5			
6			

Fill in the blanks with words from the list:

(palm leaves – showed – cot – passed away)

- 1- My mother bought a new for my little sister to sleep in. 2- In 2020, Sheikh Sabah
- 3- I my mother my English presentation.

Re-write the underlined words correctly:

- 1- The baby is sleeping snuoldy

.....

- 2- I bought a basket made of plam levaes.

.....

- 3- Our science teacher showed us a meodl of our brain.

.....

HOMEWORK

UNIT 1

A Famous Artist

Date:

.....

Period:

Ayoub Hussein, the famous artist, painted this picture. He was born in Kuwait in 1932. He used to be a teacher. In 1956, he was the first person to work at the Kuwait Museum. He built models of old Kuwaiti buildings. He has painted over 600 paintings about old Kuwait.

Ayoub Hussein passed away at the age of 79.

This painting shows a baby sleeping soundly. Decades ago when a baby was born, the parents didn't use to buy a cot.

They used to put lots of cloth in a large basket. The baby used to sleep in it for about ten days. Then the parents bought the baby a manazz or a karouka. A manazz used to be made of palm leaves. A karouka used to be made of wood.

Read the text on SB. page 17 to choose the correct answer a, b, c or d:

1- The best title for the passage is

- a- Old houses in Kuwait. c- Babies in the past.
- b- Famous Kuwaiti artist. d- First museum in Kuwait.

2- Babies used to sleep in

- a- Baskets c- Cots
- b- Car seats d- Models

3- The underlined pronoun " **They**" in second paragraph refers to:

- a- Cots c- Cloth
- b- Parents. d- Painters

4- The purpose of the writer is:

- a- Entertain us with a funny story. c- Tell us about a famous Kuwaiti artist.
- b- Inform us about Kuwait. d- Advice people to visit Kuwait.

Answer the following question:

1- Would you like to be an artist? why? Why not?

.....

UNIT 1

Used to – didn't use to

Date:

.....

Period:

#	Word	Part of speech	Meaning
1			

Affirmative المثبت		
I/He/She/It	used to play	
We/You/They		
Negative النفي		
I/He/She/It	didn't use to play	
We/You/They		
Questions الأسئلة		
Did	I/he/she/it we/you/they	use to play?

Used to (اعتاد على)
didn't use to (لم يعتاد على)

- للتحدث عن فعل كان يمارس في الماضي بانتظام وتوقف في الوقت الحاضر.

Examples :

- 1) Dave **used to** work in a factory. Now he works in a supermarket.
- 2) When I was a child, I **used to** like chocolate.
- 3) When I was a child, I **didn't use to** like tomatoes.
- 4) What **did** you **use to** eat when you were a baby?

A- Do as shown between brackets:

1- Reem used to live in Kaifan. (Ask a question)

.....

2- They used to work in the factory. (Negative)

.....

Choose the correct word:

- 1- What (did - do - does – done) you use to eat when you were a baby?
- 2- Abrar used to (play – plays – played – playing) in a small house .

HOMWORK

UNIT 1

Listening and speaking

Date:

.....

Period:

#	Word	Part of speech	Meaning
1			
2			
3			
4			

Choose the correct answer from a , b, c or d:

1. I always have sea sickness if the sea is

a. passed away b. move to c. rough d. calm

2. My grandpa likes to stamps.

a. show b. collect c. wear d. own

3. IKEA is one of the most famous shops in Kuwait.

a. palm leaves b. model c. cot d. furniture

HOMEWORK




UNIT 1

Possessives

Date:

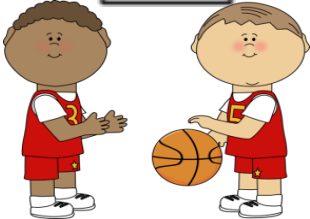
Period:

الملكية - Possessives



S

This is the boy's bag



S

This is the boys' bag

Whose → تستخدم للسؤال عن الملكية

Examples: - Whose book is it ?

- It is the boy's



- Whose toys are these ?

- These are the babies'

- Whose car is the green one ?

- It is Ali's.



Choose the correct answer:

1- I took car.

a- Ahmeds' b- Ahmed's c- Ahmeds d- Ahmed

2- This is new iPad.

a- Sara's b- Saras c- Saras' d- Sara

3-The teacher graded the exam papers. They all passed.

a- students b- students' c- students's d- student's

4- I go to my house every Friday.

a- grandparent's b- grandparents' c- grandparents d- grandparent

UNIT 1

Describing pictures

Date:

.....

Period:

#	Word	Part of speech	Meaning
1			
2			
3			
4			

Fill in the blanks with words from the list:

(backgrounds - middle - move to - made of)

1- These photos have wonderful

2- Why don't you buy a new table wood?

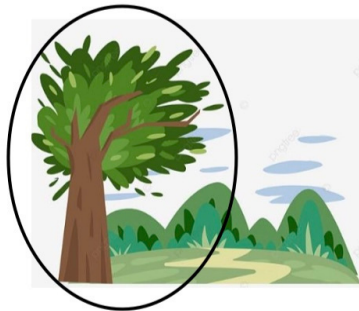
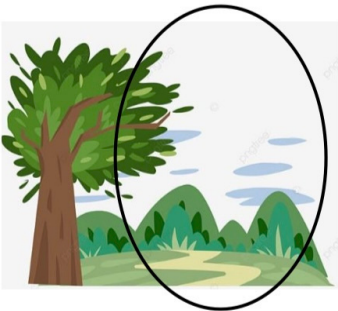
3- Don't walk in the of the street. Cars are coming fast.

Match the picture with the correct word:

foreground

background

middle



HOMEWORK

UNIT 1

Writing composition

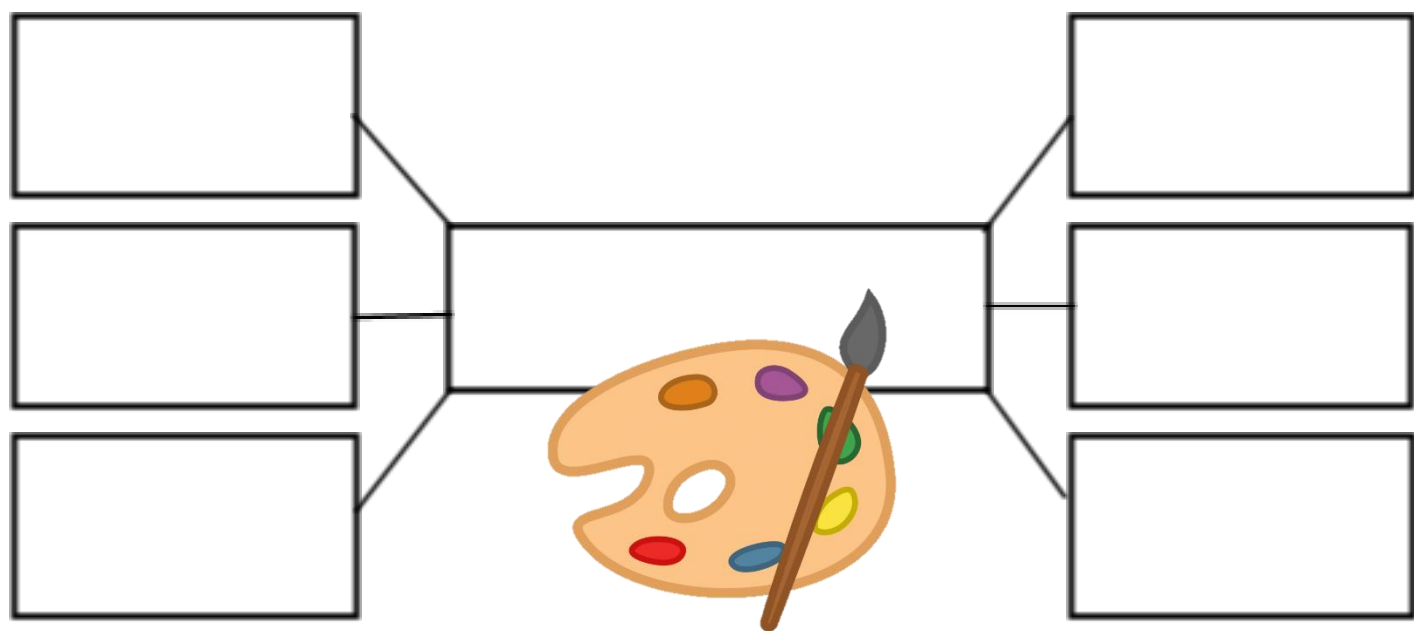


Date:

Period:

With the help of the given guide words below, plan & write a paragraph of 6 sentences about "A Famous Artist".

{ famous - Ayoub Hussein - Kuwaiti - make models - old Kuwait - the museum }



.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

READING COMPREHENSION

Date:

Period:

Read the following passage, then answer the questions below:

Ants are very beautiful insects. They are found everywhere in the world. They were mentioned in the Holy Quran. They are **hardworking** insects just like bees. They make their home in buildings, gardens etc. you can see them everywhere. **They** live in anthills. Ants are very clean insects. Throughout the summers they collect food for the winter season. Whenever they find a sweet lying on the floor they stick to the sweet and carry it to their home. Thus, in this way, they clean the floor.

There are different kinds of ants. Some are generally red and black in colour. They have two eyes and six legs. They are social insects. They live in groups or colonies. Most ants are scavengers they collect whatever food they can find. They are usually wingless but they develop wings when they reproduce. Their bites are quite painful.

A-) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d:

1- The best title for this passage is

- a) Ants b) Bees c) Animals d) Winter

2- The meaning of the underlined word "**hardworking**" in the 1st paragraph is:

- a) slow b) lazy c) quick d) big

3- the underlined pronoun "**they**" in the 1st paragraph refers to:

- a) animals b) ants c) insects d) anthills

4- The colour of ants are:

- a) black and red b) black and white c) red and white d) red and yellow

5- Ants are consider like street:

- a) pilots b) sailors c) guarders d) cleaners

6- The writer's purpose of writing this text is to:

- a) Explain how to collect ants. c) Discussing the problems of ants.
b) Show how ants are amazing insects. d) Describe how to clean streets.

B-) Answer the following questions :

7- Why were ants mentioned in the Holy Quran?

.....

8- How are ants sociable insects?

.....

UNIT 2

An advertisement to Kuwait

#	WORD	PART OF SPEECH	MEANING
1	advertisement	(n.)	إعلان
2	aquarium	(n.)	حوض للأسماك
3	happily	(adv.)	بسعادة
4	businessman	(n.)	رجل أعمال
5	sphere	(n.)	كروية الشكل / كرة
6	feed	(v.)	يطعم / يغذي
7	scuba diving	(n.)	الغوص
8	tasty	(adj.)	لذيذ
9	exciting	(adj.)	مثير / رائع
10	shows	(n.)	عروض
11	old-fashioned	(adj.)	قديم الطراز
12	miss	(v.)	يفقد
13	price	(n.)	السعر / الثمن
14	edition	(n.)	نسخة / طبعة
15	deal	(n.)	اتفاق / صفقة
16	browser	(n.)	المتصفح

UNIT 2

An advertisement
for Kuwait

Date:

.....

Period:

#	Word	Part of speech	Meaning
1			
2			
3			
4			
5			
6			

Fill in the spaces with the correct words from the list:
(happily- advertisement - businessman -aquarium)

1- Children always play in the parks.

2- I like reading the in the street.

3- The scientific Centre has the largest in the Middle East. 4-

My uncle is a He has a big company.



UNIT 2

First conditional

Date:

.....

Period:

#	Word	Part of speech	Meaning
1			

First Conditional

Structure

If + present simple , **will** / **won't** + inf.

Usage

To talk about possibilities in the present of future

تستخدم لوصف موقف محدد من الممكن حدوثه بالمستقبل

Examples

- **If** it rains , I **will** stay home.
- **If** it is windy , we **won't** go to the beach.
- I **will** miss the bus **if** wake up late.

Do as shown between brackets:

1 - If I go to the zoo, I (see) a lot of animals. (correct)

.....

2- If she (play) sports, she will be fit. (complete)

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1- If you watch TV all evening, you pass the exams.

a. won't b. wouldn't c. couldn't d. will

2- If you get back late, your mother angry.

a. won't be b. wouldn't be c. couldn't be d. will be

3- If the classes well, they will go to a trip as a reward.

a. behaves b. behave c. behaving d. behaved

HOMEWORK

UNIT 2

Listening

Date:

.....

Period:

#	Word	Part of speech	Meaning
1			
2			

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1- Hawra'a enjoys watching comedy

a- aquarium b- shows c- sphere d- model

2- My grandmother always wear clothes at home.

a- rough b- tasty c- exciting d- old fashioned

SEQUENCING WORDS

I had a nice day yesterday. **First**, I got up very early. **Next**, I had a delicious breakfast with my family. **Then**, we went to Al-Khiran where we met our friends. **After that**, we Played many games together. **Finally**, we came back home very tired, but happy. Dad promised to go there again.

First

Next

Then

After

Finally

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d:

I do many activities after school. (**First - After that - Finally**), I go for my English course in the training center next to my house. (**Then - First - Finally**), I come back home to surf the net. (**Then - After that - Finally**), I try to finish my homework. (**After that - Then - Finally**), I go to bed early to get up early for school.

HOMEWORK

UNIT 2

An advertisement for Kuwait

Date:

.....

Period:

#	Word	Part of speech	Meaning
1			
2			



Fill in the spaces with the correct word from the list: (exciting - tasty - scuba diving - palm leaves)

1- is my favourite sea sport. I like adventure.

2- Children like to watch the shows in the circus.

ON YOUR SB. PAGE 27 , READ THE SECOND PARAGRAPH TO ANSWER READING COMPREHENSION

Kuwait is a wonderful country. Kuwait City is modern and there are some interesting places to visit. As well as the Kuwait Towers, you can visit museums, Failaka Island and the Red Fort. You can also have lots of fun at the Entertainment City where you can go on rides, see shows and play games.

**Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d 1-
The best title for the passage could be:**

- a- Entertainment shows in Kuwait. c- Failaka Island.
b- Amazing places in Kuwait. d- How to travel to Kuwait

2- The opposite of the underlined word " modern" is :

- a- New c- old
b- Present d- current

UNIT 2

Writing an advertisement

Date:

.....

Period:

#	Word	Part of speech	Meaning
1			
2			
3			
4			
5			

Choose the correct answer from a,b, c or d: 1-

Hurry up! You will _____ the bus.

a- feed b- own c- miss d- collect

2- We bought the house at a good a- price b- edition c- show d- advertisement

3- I like the last of iPhone 13.

a- businessman b- edition c- background d- cot

4- Don't miss the summer on online shopping.

a- cots. b- deals c- spheres d- editions

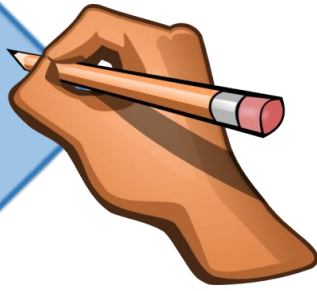
5- There are a lot of Internet _____ you can use the fastest one.

a- browser b- sphere c- furniture d- middle



UNIT 2

Writing composition



Date:

.....

Period:

"Kuwait has many interesting places to

Plan and write a paragraph (not less than 6 sentences) about
visit." " Famous places in Kuwait."

These guide words may help you: (Wonderful - Failaka Island –
the tallest towers – Scientific Center – Dickson House – museum)

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

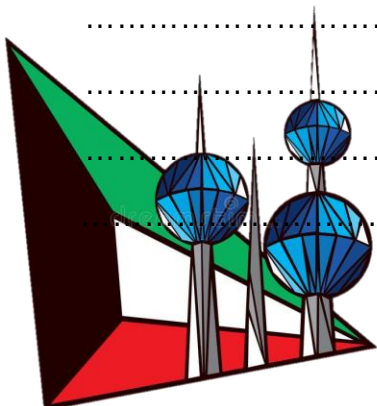
.....

.....

.....

.....

.....



READING COMPREHENSION

Date:

Period:

Read the following passage, then answer the questions below:

Horses are beautiful creatures. They can be different colours, and can run quickly. People like to watch horses because they are strong and powerful. Horses have long legs, and big eyes that can see almost all the way around them. They can walk, trot, and jump.

Horses can live up to 20 or 25 years. Sometimes people can tell how old a horse is by looking at its teeth! They generally sleep standing up, so that if a predator approaches, they can run away quickly. Horses only need about three hours of sleep per day. For food, horses eat foods such as grass, corn, apples, and carrots. **They** are herbivores, meaning they don't eat other animals. Their stomachs are small, so they need small, frequent feedings.

There are **wild** horses, but many people have horses as pets, too. They ride the horses and teach them tricks. When people first started to take horses as pets, they were just used for work. The horses would pull carriages so people could ride places, when these strong creatures are treated with care, they make wonderful companions.

A-) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d:

1- The best title for this passage is

- a) Grass b) Food c) Horses d) Creatures

2- The opposite of the underlined word "**wild**" in the 3rd paragraph is:

- a) kind b) tame c) quick d) strong

3- the underlined word "**they**" in the 3rd paragraph refers to:

- a) horses b) pets c) tricks d) people

4- Horses need small, frequent feedings because their stomach is:

- a) big b) large c) huge d) small

5- Horses are herbivores so they can only eat:

- a) plants b) other animals c) meat d) small creatures

6- The writer's purpose of writing this text is to:

- a) Explain how to feed animals. c) Discussing the problems of horses.
b) Show how horses are amazing creatures. d) Describe how to ride horses.

B-) Answer the following questions :

7- What do horses eat?

.....

8- How can horses make wonderful companions?

.....

UNIT 3

A local television programme

#	WORD	PART OF SPEECH	MEANING
1	actor	(n.)	ممثل
2	episode	(n.)	حلقة
3	broken	(adj.)	مكسور
4	frightened	(adj.)	خائف
5	safety	(n.)	الأمان
6	x-ray	(n.)	أشعة
7	remember	(v.)	يتذكر
8	receptionist	(n.)	موظف استقبال
9	hit	(v.)	يصدم
10	leave	(v.)	يفادر / يترك
11	hastily	(adv.)	بسرعة
12	programme	(n.)	برنامج
13	daughter	(n.)	ابنه /
14	worried	(adj.)	قلق منزعج
15	cartoon	(n.)	كرتون / رسوم متحركة
16	prefer	(v.)	يفضل

UNIT 3

A local television programme

Date:

.....

Period:

#	Word	Part of speech	Meaning
1			
2			
3			
4			
5			
6			
7			
8			
9			
10			
11			
12			

Re-write the underlined words correctly:

1- I like watching cooking edopises

.....

2- He is on a wheelchair because his leg is brkoen.

.....

HOMEWORK

UNIT 3

A local television programme

Date:

.....

Period:

SB. page 29, read the paragraph to answer reading comprehension questions:

Last week we saw the first episode of Road Safety. We met the main actors – the doctor, the nurse and the receptionist. At the beginning of the programme, an ambulance brought a young girl to Al-Amiri hospital. A car hit her. She had a broken leg and cuts on her head. She was very frightened and she could not remember her name. First, the nurse asked her some questions but the girl didn't answer. Then the doctor x-rayed her leg and put a plaster on it. At the end of the episode, the receptionist told them, "A man has just asked about the girl."

"A man has just asked about the girl."

"Where is he?" asked the doctor.

"He's gone," said the receptionist. "He left hastily."

What will happen this week?

A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1- What does the underlined pronoun " it " refers to?

a- X-ray b- nurse's questions c- plaster d- girl's leg

2- What is he synonym of the underlined word " frightened "?

a- scared b- exciting c- happy d- young

3- All the following statements are FALSE except:

a- A young girl had an accident.

b- The young girl was very calm.

c- The girl answered all of the nurse's questions.

d- The doctor x-rayed the girl's hands.

B) Answer the following questions:

1- Why should people drive carefully?

.....

2- What rules may help to reduce car accidents?

.....

UNIT 3

Past simple

Date:

Period:

PAST SIMPLE TENSE

✓
Affirmative مثبتة



walk - walked

-They walked to school yesterday.



Negative نفي



eat - ate

-She didn't eat chocolate last night

NEGATIVE

- They walked to school yesterday.
- They didn't walk to school yesterday.

QUESTIONS

Wh- questions

- Did you walk yesterday? - Yes, I did

Yes /No questions

- What did you do yesterday? - I studied Math.

FORM

Regular verbs

play - played carry - carried
cook - cooked smile - smiled
dance - danced cry - cried

Irregular verbs

eat - ate see - saw
sleep - slept go - went
write - wrote read - read

Key words:

- Ago
- Yesterday
- Last
- In the past
- in 2000 ...

UNIT 3

Past simple

Date:

.....

Period:

Do as shown between brackets:

1- I (went) to the school yesterday. (Make negative)

.....

2- She (slept) early last night. (Make negative)

.....

3- He (buy) a new house last month. (Correct)

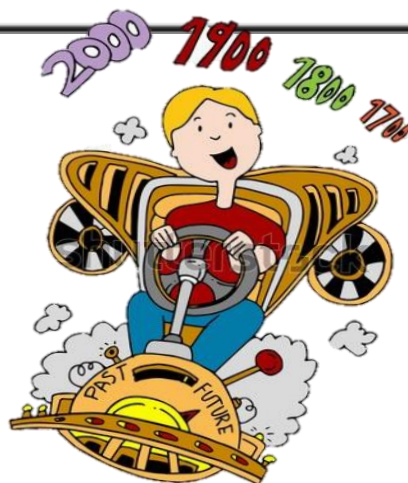
.....

4- They (has - have - had) a party last night. (Choose)

Choose the correct answer:

I spent a nice time last Summer holiday. I (travel - travelled - am travelling) to London with my family. We (go - went - goes) there by plane. We (**stayed - stay - staying**) in an expensive hotel. We (visits - visited - visit) many interesting places there.

HOMEWORK



UNIT 3

Question formation

Date:

.....

Period:

QUESTIONS

YES / NO QUESTIONS

The answer is (yes or no)

READ THE EXAMPLES:

- 1- Are you hungry?
- Yes , I am - No, I am not
- 2- Did you travel to Spain?
-Yes, I did - No, I didn't
- 3- Is Hajar a teacher?
-Yes, she is - No, she isn't
- 4- Do you like chocolate?



WH- QUESTIONS

Who is a person 	What is a thing or an action 	When is a time
Where is a place 	Why is the reason something happened 	How is a number, or the way something is done

READ THE EXAMPLES:

- 1- Who is that woman?
- She is my mother.
- 2- What is your favourite colour?
- My favourite colour is blue.
- 3- When do you wake up everyday?
- I wake up at 7 AM everyday.
- 4- Where did you buy your bag from?
- I bought my bag from H&M.
- 5- Why were you late?
- I was late because I was stuck in traffic.
- 6- How often do you go swimming?
- I go swimming twice a week.

EX.) DO AS SHOWN BETWEEN BRACKETS

1- Sara finished her homework yesterday. (Ask a question)

.....

2-They played football in the park lastweek. (Ask a question)

.....

3- Yes, I did my homework. (Ask a question)

.....

UNIT 3

conjunctions (because- so)

Date:

.....

Period:

#	Word	Part of speech	Meaning
1			
2			

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1- They have 3 sons and a

a- episode b- actor c- cartoon d- daughter

2- Abeer about her exam result.

a- X-rays b- worries c- remembers d- hits



BECAUSE



To explain the reason behind things

SO



To explain the result behind things

READ THE EXAMPLES :

- We were driving along the road because I was going to work.
- It was an important person on the phone so I listened very carefully.

Do as shown between brackets:

1- I was tired. I took a break. (Join)

.....

2- Dalal was late. She missed her bus. (Join)

.....

UNIT 3

Gerund (verb+ing)

Date:

Period:

#	Word	Part of speech	Meaning
1			
2			

Fill in the spaces with the correct word from the list:
(cartoon - prefer - remember)

1- Tom and jerry is my favourite

2- I reading books than watching TV.



prefer
like
enjoy } + (verb + ing)

GERUND (V. + ING)

READ THE EXAMPLES :

- I like watching television.
- I prefer listening to music.
- I enjoy reading English stories.

Correct the verbs between the brackets:

1- My brother likes (play) tennis with his friends.

.....

2- Do you prefer (drink) coffee or tea?

.....

3- What do you enjoy (do) in the evening?

.....



UNIT 3

My favourite film



Date:

Period:

1. Read about two films.

A

This is a true story. A man and a woman meet while they are studying at university. He goes to live in Bahrain. She goes to live in Canada with her aunt and uncle. They both have great lives but they are not happy. Six years later, they come back to Kuwait. Watch the film to find out what happens. Sometimes it is funny, sometimes it is sad.

B

This is an exciting story. There are two families who do not like each other. Both families are very rich and live in huge houses. There are fast car races which are very exciting. We see people swimming in the sea with sharks and an octopus. It is very frightening. But ... one family loses all its money. Which one?

Read the films on SB. page 33 to choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1- The best title for film A is:

- a- The rich and the poor c-Coming home
- b- Fast cars d- Good friends

2- The best title for film B is:

- a- Good friends c- The rich and the poor
- b- Coming home d- Fast cars

Answer this question:

1- Which film do you want to see ? why?

.....
.....

**WRITE ABOUT YOUR FAVOURITE FILM ON WORK BOOK PAGE 25
AND SHARE IT WITH YOUR CLASS !**

UNIT 3

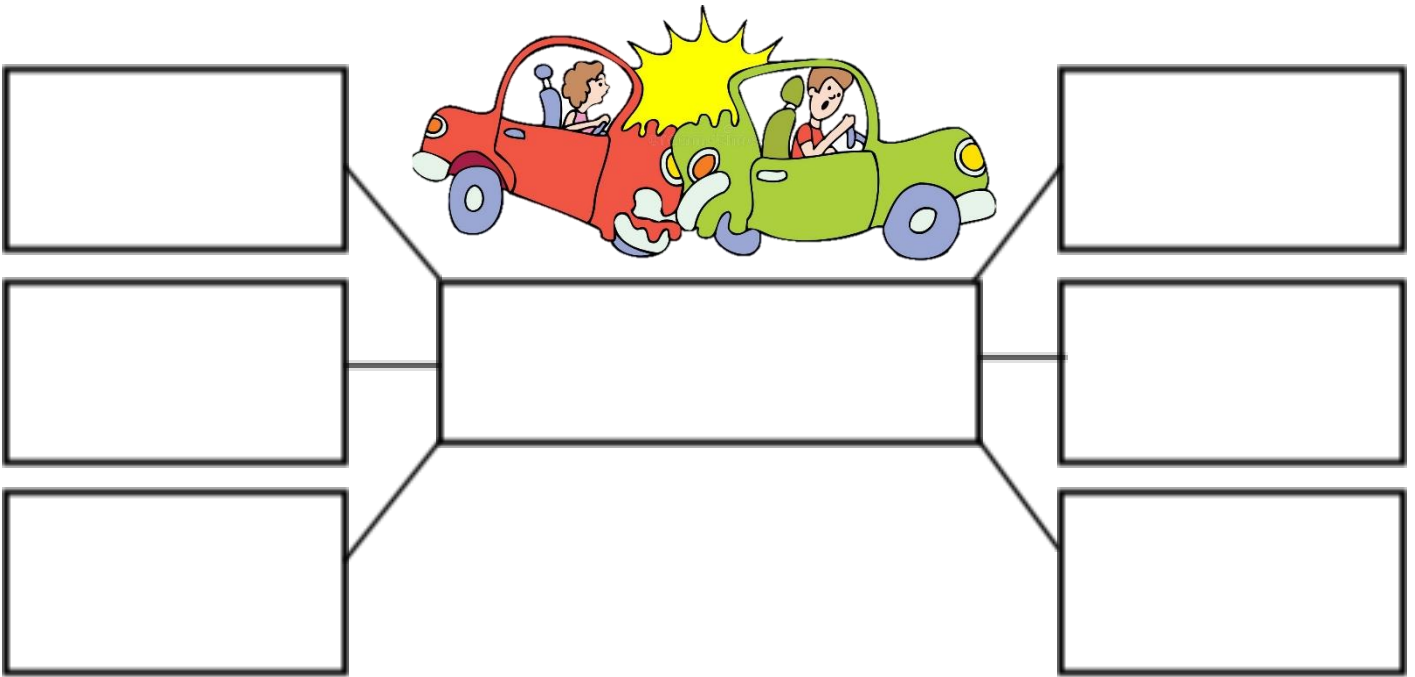
Writing composition

Date:

Period:

"Driving fast may cause car accidents" Plan and write a paragraph (*not less than 6 sentences*) describing **"A car accident."**

These guide words may help you: (suddenly - hit - ambulance - broken – carefully –x-ray)



-Read the following text carefully, then answer the questions below:

The woodpecker is an interesting and amazing bird. It has a strong, pointed beak that acts as a hammer to remove bark from trees and find insects to eat. It has a very long tongue, up to four inches long, **that** is sticky on the tip for catching insects.

Most birds have one toe pointing back and three pointing forward on each foot. Woodpeckers are a little bit different. They have two sharp claws pointing back and two sharp claws pointing forward on each foot to help them hold on the sides of trees.

The life span of a woodpecker is 4-11 years. Their favourite foods are insects, fruit, acorns and nuts. These **awesome** birds live in forests and wooded areas with lots of trees. Woodpeckers can be found all over the world, except in Australia. Have you ever seen a woodpecker in Kuwait? Of course, not! These small birds can not survive the heat in Kuwait and because we have no forests or large trees here!

A) Choose the best answer from a, b, c and d:

1. The underlined word **awesome** in line 8 means _____.
a) very big b) very sad c) wonderful d) stupid
2. The underlined word **that** in line 3 refers to _____.
a) hammer b) bird c) tree d) tongue
3. The main idea of the **2nd paragraph** is _____.
a) Where a woodpecker lives b) how the woodpecker is different
c) what the woodpecker eats d) when a woodpecker fly
4. The writer in this passage is _____.
a) informing us about forests. b) encouraging us to know more about birds
c) allowing us to draw more birds d) asking us to visit Australia.
5. The life span of a woodpecker is _____.
a) 4-11 years b) 20-40 years c) 1-3 years d) 12-20 years

UNIT 4

Potable Water

#	WORD	PART OF SPEECH	MEANING
1	Desalination plant	(n.)	محطة تحليه المياه
2	dirty	(adj.)	متسخ غير نظيف
3	expensive	(adj.)	غالي
4	factory	(n.)	مصنع
5	waste	(v.)	يسرف يهدر /
6	carefully	(adv.)	بحرص / بعناية
7	rich	(adj.)	غني
8	take out	(Phr.v.)	يستخرج
9	hold	(v.)	يمسك يحتفظ
10	iceberg	(n.)	جبل ثلج
11	melt	(v.)	يذوب

UNIT 4

Potable Water

Date:

Period:

#	Word	Part of speech	Meaning
1			
2			
3			
4			
5			
6			
7			
8			
9			

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1- My father bought a/an car.

a) tasty b) dirty c) rich d) expensive

2- Kuwait has modern on the Gulf to get drinking water.

a) icebergs b) desalination plants c) daughters d) cots

3- Never eat or drink if your hands are

a) dirty b) tasty c) rich d) expensive

4- Japan has lots of to make cars.

a) icebergs b) factories c) episodes d) desalination plants

UNIT 4

Potable Water

Date:

Period:

What do you know about water? Well, a person can live without food for more than a month, but a person can only live without water for a week only. Water helps us to keep healthy and is very important to us.

Where do we get our water from in Kuwait?

Two thirds of the Earth is covered in water but we can only drink a little of it. Most of the water is sea water – but people can't drink it. Rich countries like Kuwait take the salt out of sea water to make drinking water. It is difficult to do this. They have to build desalination plants, which are very expensive. They keep the water in towers around the country. Kuwait Towers are famous over the world and they hold water, too.

Many people in the world do not have safe drinking water. Every year, many people die because they drink dirty water. We need water in our homes, in factories and for farming. It is important to use water carefully and we should never waste it.

Read the text on SB. page 37 to choose the correct answer a, b, c or d:

1- The best title for the passage is

- a- Water c- Poor countries.
- b- Kuwait d- Rich countries.

2- The underlined pronoun " **it** " in second paragraph refers to:

- a- People c- Sea water
- b- Rich countries d- Salt

3- The opposite on the underlined word " **safe** " is:

- c- Harmless. c- Secure
- d- Unhurt d- Dangerous

4- The purpose of the writer is:

- a- Entertain us with a historical story. c- Tell us about the sea.
- b- Inform us about importance of water. d- Advice people to waste water.

Answer the following question:

1- How does Kuwait get safe water ?

.....

UNIT 4

Relative pronouns (who- which)

Date:

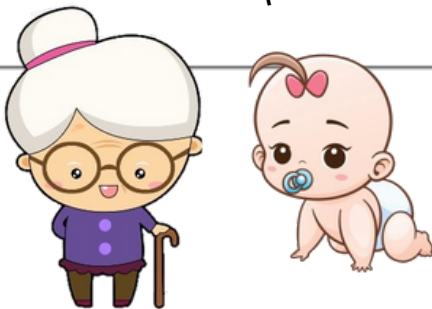
Period:

RELATIVE PRONOUNS

WHO

It is used to refer to people

تستخدم للعاقل



WHICH

It is used to refer to animals and objects

تستخدم للغير العاقل جمار حيوان



READ THE EXAMPLES:

- 1- That is Ms. Sara who teaches us English.
- 2- I liked the bag which was in the market .

Do as shown between brackets:

1- This is the doctor. He helps sick people. (Join)

2- I bought the car. My father advised me to buy it. (Join)

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1- Students Get full marks always study hard.

a- which b- where c- who d- when

2- My sunglasses I bought yesterday were broken.

a- when b- who c- which d- where

HOMEWORK

UNIT 4

Listening

Date:

Period:

#	Word	Part of speech	Meaning
1			
2			

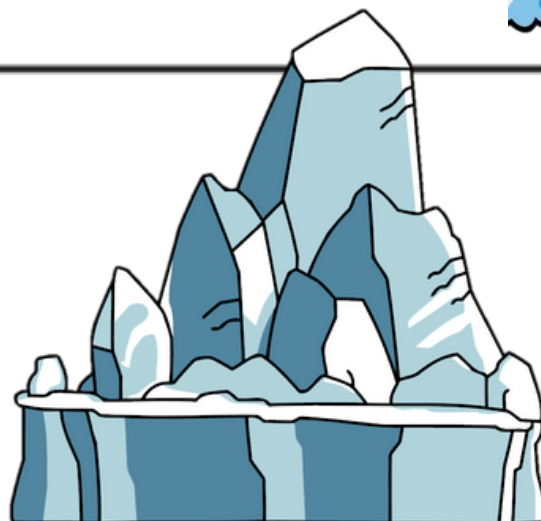
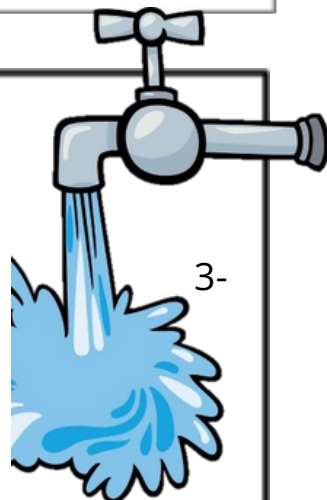
Fill in the spaces with the correct word from the list:

(hold - melts - iceberg)

- 1- If you leave ice out of the freezer, it will
..... . 2- The Titanic was hit by a big
.....

WHAT ARE THE USAGE OF WATER?

- 1- We use water for
2-
.....



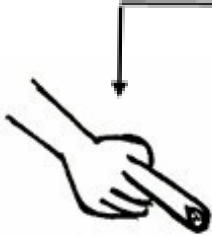
UNIT 4

Imperatives

Date:

Period:

IMPERATIVES



Ordering someone
للأوامر و الطلب

READ THE EXAMPLES:

- Open the door!
- Take the medicine - Pay attention



The negative (Don't)
للأوامر النفي

READ THE EXAMPLES:

- **Don't** touch that
- **Don't** pick up the flowers
- **Don't** play with your brother

Do as shown between brackets:

1- Play with water. (negative)

.....

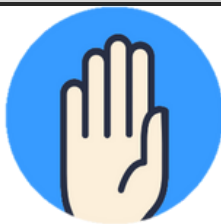
2- Don't close the water tap. (correct)

.....

3- Always waste water. (negative)

.....

Describe our classroom rules by using imperatives:



.....
.....

.....
.....

HOMEWORK

UNIT 4

Writing composition

Date:

Period:

" A drop of water means life."

Plan and write a paragraph of not less than (6 sentences) about **"Saving water"**

These guide words and phrases may help you: (turn off - bucket - teeth -waste – garden – cars)



.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

READING COMPREHENSION

Date:

Period:

-Read the following text carefully, then answer the questions below:

This is a true story. It happened a few years ago in a small town. All the families in the town watched a lot of TV, but many people were not happy about this. Some people said, "TV is bad for us. It makes us lazy and unhealthy." Others said, "TV is bad for children because there is too much fighting on TV." Many people said, "People don't talk when the TV is on, and that's bad for families." One person said, "Let's stop watching TV- just for one month." A lot of people liked that idea. So, 40 families put their TVs in a cupboard and did not watch TV for one month.

Those four weeks with no TV were very different. Children played together more than before. Families talked together more and did interesting things together. One father said, "When we had TV, we did not talk much, but now we enjoy talking and laughing together. That's more interesting and more amusing than TV." A boy said, "I've started new hobbies, and I've had a lot of fun with my brother and parents." Some fat children lost a few kilos because they spent less time sitting down.

A) Choose the best answer from a, b, c and d:

1. The underlined word amusing in line 10 means _____.
a) something bad b) very sad c) interesting d) unhealthy
2. The underlined word they in line 14 refers to _____.
a) families b) weeks c) TVs d) kilos
3. The main idea of the 2nd paragraph is _____.
a) Where they kept their TVs b) how life changed without TV
c) what happened in the end d) who used the TV
4. The writer in this story wants us to _____.
a) watch more programmes. b) think about the effects of watching TV
c) stop doing interesting things d) throw the TV sets out of our homes.
5. Where did this story happen?
a) in a small town b) in a big city c) in an old garage d) in a lovely school

B) Answer the following questions :

7. How was life changed in town without TV?

8. Why was the ending so surprising ?

Reading comprehension

Read the following passage and answer the question below:

The seasons of the year are autumn, winter, spring and summer. Autumn isn't too hot and isn't too cold, but it is sometimes **windy**. It's a nice season. Winter in Kuwait is cold, but we always have the sun. We wear heavy clothes like coats and jackets. We also drink hot drinks like tea and coffee. In winter, people go camping in the desert. The flowers are beautiful in spring, so people go to the parks to enjoy their time there. Children can run, ride bikes and play football.

In summer, the weather is very hot. Many people go on holidays. On holidays, people don't go to work or schools. **They** rest and have fun. Some people go to the beaches, some travel to other countries and some stay at home.

A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d:

1. The best title for the passage is:

- a. The four seasons b. spring in Kuwait c. winter d. holidays*

2. The word **windy** in line (2) means:

- a. a lot of air b. no air c. some air d. little air*

3. The main idea of the second paragraph is:

- a. summer b. schools c. beaches d. holidays in summer*

4. The underlined word **they** in (9) refers to:

- a. holidays b. people c. children d- season*

5- The purpose of the writer is:

- a- To show winter clothes b- To inform us how to spend summer holiday*
c- To tell us that flowers are beautiful d-To compare between the seasons of the year.

6- Trees are always green in:

- a- winter b-summer c-autumn d- spring*

B) Answer the following questions:

7-What are the seasons of the year?

.....

8-What do people do on holidays?

.....

UNIT 5

Sea World Secrets

#	WORD	PART OF SPEECH	MEANING
1	coral reef	(n.)	شعب مرجانية
2	pattern	(n.)	شكل
3	lay eggs	(v.)	تضع
4	turtle	(n.)	بيض سلحفاة
5	whale spike	(n.)	حوت
6	slowly	(n.)	شوكة
7	shipwreck	(adv.)	ببطء
8	squid	(n.)	حطام السفينة
9	sink	(n.)	حبا
10	poisonous	(v.)	يُغوص
11		(adj.)	سام

UNIT 5

Seaworld secrets

Date:

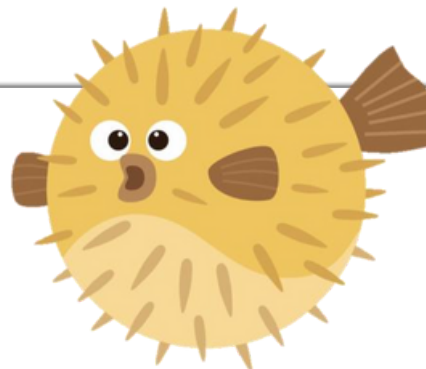
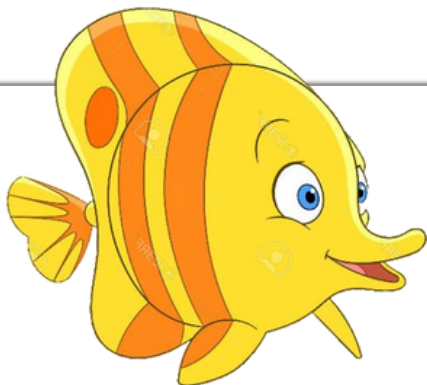
.....

Period:

	Word	Part of speech	Meaning
1			
2			
3			
4			
5			
6			
7			

Fill in the spaces with the correct words from the list:
~~coral reefs – lay eggs – spikes – patterns – sink~~)

1. Some animals live in the sea, but they in the sand.
2. When you scuba dive you can enjoy watching 3. I always choose special for my clothes.
4. Some fish have to protect themselves.



UNIT 5

Seaworld secrets

Date:

.....

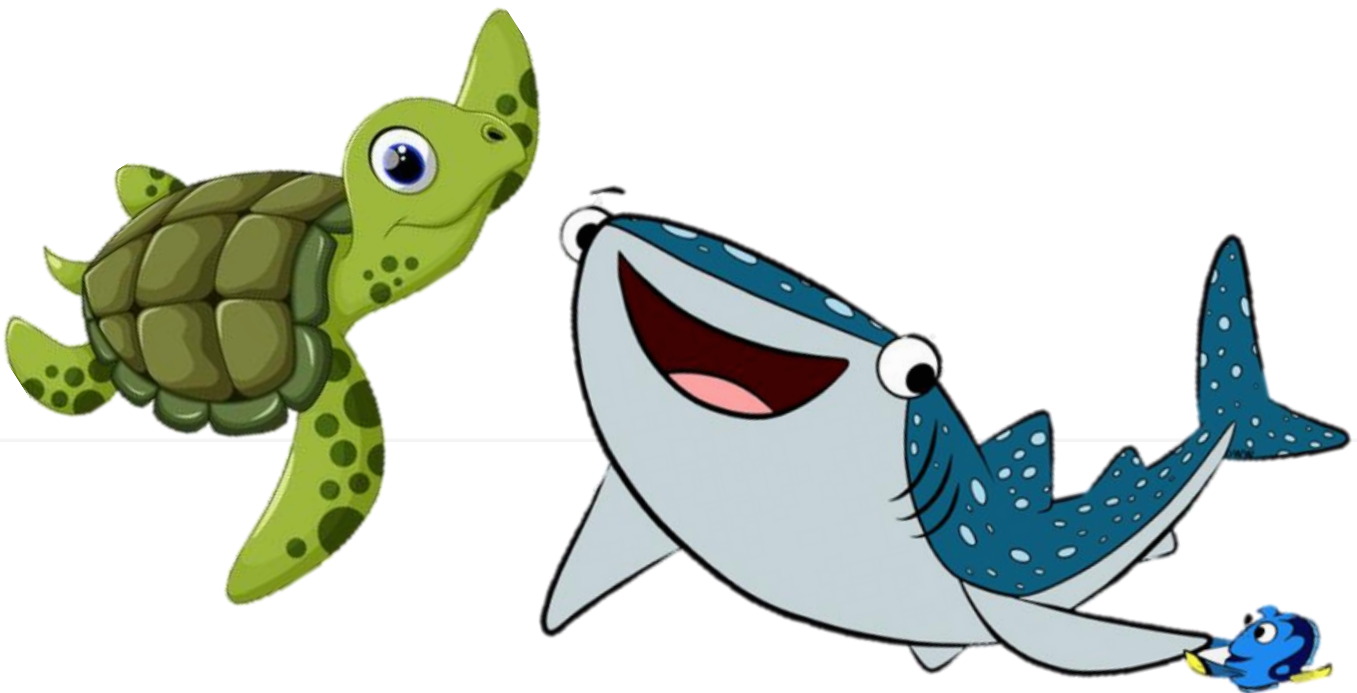
Period:

The whale shark is the largest shark. It is eighteen metres long. It eats small fish and plants in the sea. It lives in warm waters and divers sometimes see one in the sea near Kuwait. They are not dangerous but they are very big so you mustn't swim near them.

Read the text on SB. page 43 to choose the correct answer a, b, c or d:

1- The underlined pronoun " **it**" in second line refers to: a- meters c- Whale shark
b- small fish d- butterfly fish

2- The meaning on the underlined word " **dangerous**" is: a- Harmless c- Secure
b- Unhurt d- harmful



UNIT 5

continuous

Past
with when

Date:

.....

Period:

#	Word	Part of speech	Meaning
1			
2			

PAST CONTINUOUS WITH WHEN

When → past Simple → past continuous.
past continuous → when → past Simple

- Past continuous: was / were+ing
الماضي البسيط
- Past simple:

READ THE EXAMPLES:

- 1- My mother was cooking **when** my father **came** the food.
- 2- **When** I **saw** a big turtle, I was walking along the beach.

Correct the verbs:

1. The boys were playing when the teacher (call) them. 2. I was watching TV when my friends (arrive). 3. Dana (fly) a kite when the weather changed

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1- I in the sea when I saw a shark.

a- was diving b- were diving c- diving d- is diving

2- They having lunch when it started to rain.

a- were b- was c- are d- is

HOMEWORK

UNIT 5

Listening

Date:

.....

Period:

#	Word	Part of speech	Meaning
1			

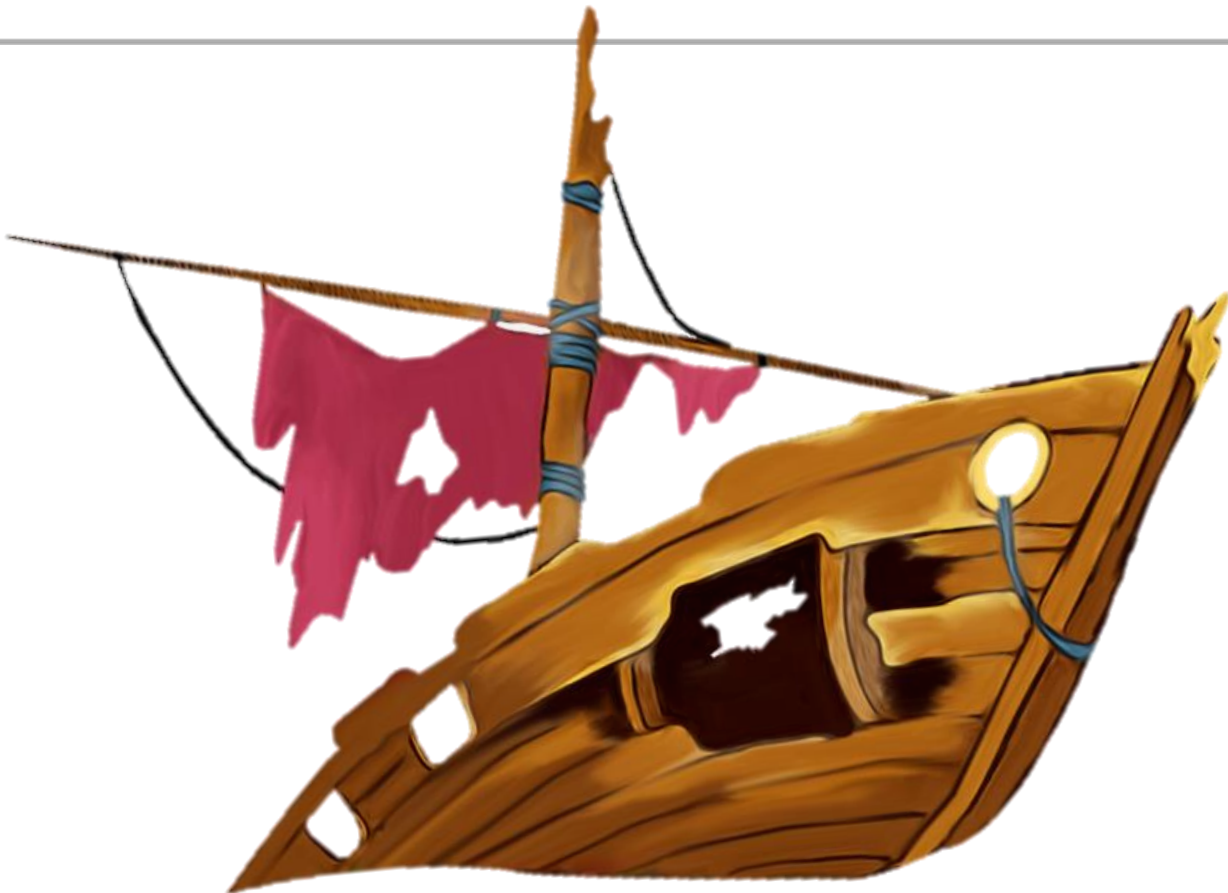
Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1- Once, I saw a ship in the

ase) afe. eding b) melting c) wasting d) sinking

2- They found a lot of old things in the

a) shipwreck b) whale c) pattern d) spikes



UNIT 5

Speaking and writing

Date:

.....

Period:



#	Word	Part of speech	Meaning
1			

Put these words ⁱⁿ meaningful sentences:

1- poisonous

.....

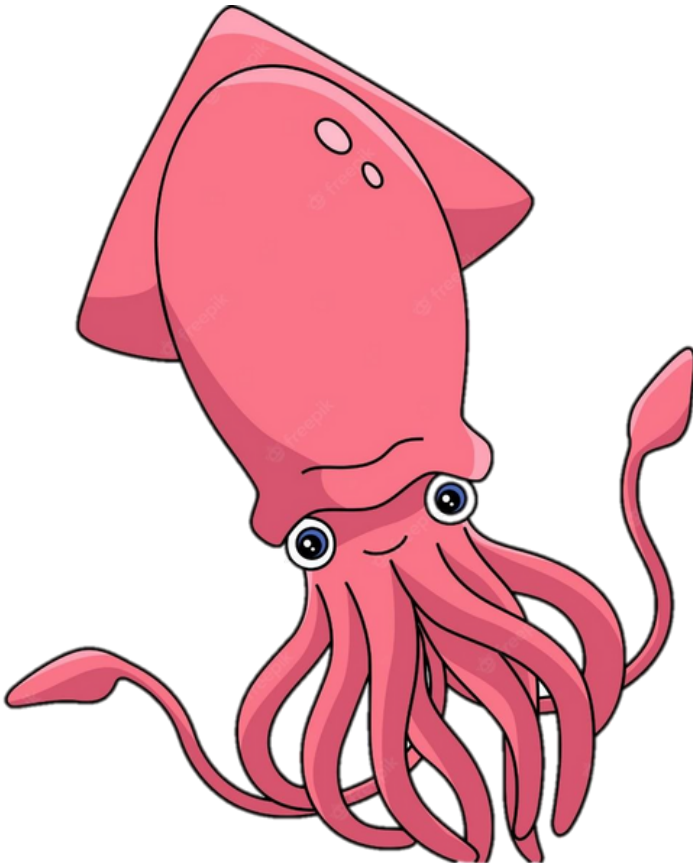
.....

2- squid

.....

.....

HOMEWORK



Date:

.....

Period:

Treasure tree

Josh and Mark were thirteen-year-old boys who came from New Zealand. They were good friends and they were both clever. They often played together on the beach.

One sunny day, they were playing on the beach when Josh found something under a tree. "Look here," he said to Mark. "What's this?" The boys opened it carefully. It was very old.

"It's a map," said Mark. "I think it's a treasure map."

The boys read the map. This was really exciting. Who put it under the tree? When? The boys didn't know. They started to walk – first straight on, then left, then straight on. Finally they saw a very big tree. This tree was on the map. They looked around and they saw a box. They couldn't open it but it was heavy. Was it treasure?

They quickly took it to the police station. The policeman was very happy with the boys. He opened the box and inside there were old gold coins!

Two days later, the boys got a present – three hundred dollars each!

Read the text on SB. page 47 to choose the correct answer a, b, c or d:

1- The underlined pronoun " **they** " in first paragraph refers to:

- a- Josh and his friend c- Josh and Mark
- b- Mark and his brother d- Mark only

2- The meaning on the underlined word " **exciting** " is:

- a- Boring c- interesting
- b- Scary d- good

3- The opposite of the underlined word " **heavy** " is

- a- light c- big
- b- dark d- old

4- The purpose of the writer is:

- a- Entertain us with a funny story.
- b- Inform us about the treasure.
- c- Advice people to be responsible and honest.
- d- Tell us about New Zealand

Compare the two stories on SB. 47 and tell which story is better is it (A) or (B) ?
page why?

.....

Writing **UNIT 5** composition

Date:

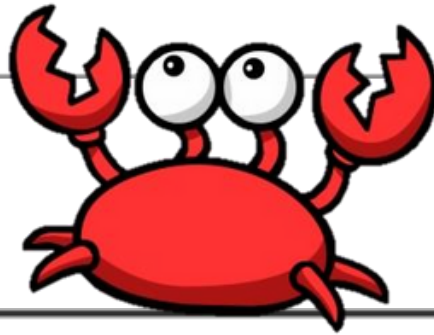
.....

Period:

"Life under the sea is interesting."

Plan and Write a paragraph of not less than (6 sentences) about **sea** animals under water.

These guide words may help you: (Puffer fish - spikes - whale shark - small animals - eat – dangerous)



.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

UNIT 6

A Brave Boy

#	WORD	PART OF SPEECH	MEANING
1	Decide	(v.)	يقرر
2	Newspaper	(n.)	جريدة
3	Reach	(v.)	يصل
4	Scream	(v.)	يصرخ
5	Shore	(n.)	الشاطئ /
6	Trouble	(n.)	الساحل
7	Drown	(v.)	مشكلة / ورطة
8	Suddenly	(adv.)	يفرق
9	Finally	(adv.)	فجأة
10	Award	(n.)	أخيرا
11	Try	(v.)	جائزة
12	Practice	(n.)	يحاول / يجرب
13	Problem	(n.)	ممارسة
14	Someone	(n.)	مشكلة
15	Medal	(n.)	شخص ما
16	Certificate	(n.)	ميدالية
17	Exhausted	(adj.)	شهادة
			مرهق جدا

UNIT 6

A Brave Boy

Date:

.....

Period:

#	Word	Part of speech	Meaning
1			
2			
3			
4			
5			
6			
7			
8			
9			



Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1- My sister always when she sees a spider.

a- screams b-misses c-hits d- feeds

2- I used to see my grandpa reading the every morning.

a- shore b- trouble c- cartoon d- newspaper

3- I was walking, I saw a car hitting a little boy.

a- finally b- suddenly c- carefully d- slowly

Re-write the underlined words correctly:

1- My teacher dicaded to take us to the Scientific Center.

2- I was in turolbe when I travelled alone

.....

HOMWORK

UNIT 6

A Brave Boy

Date:

.....

Period:

Brave boy saves life

Last Saturday, fifteen-year-old Waleed went to the beach. While he was walking along the beach, he suddenly heard a scream. He saw a young boy, Marwan, who was in the sea shouting for help and waving his arms. Waleed ran into the water and started swimming towards him. While he was swimming, he saw Marwan go under the water. Waleed

swam faster and faster. Finally, he reached him. Waleed put his hand under Marwan's chin and swam back to the shore. Some men helped Waleed and Marwan out of the water. Waleed said, "When I saw him, I knew he was in trouble. I am good at swimming so I went to help him." An ambulance took Marwan to hospital. He went home the next day.



Read the story on SB. page 49 to choose the correct answer a, b, c or d:

1- Waleed was years old

- a- 50 c- 30
- b- 13 d- 15

2- The underlined pronoun " **He** " refers to:

- a- Marwan c- Waleed
- b- The sea d- The ambulance

3- The meaning on the underlined word " **trouble** " is:

- a- Safety c- Comfort
- b- Struggle d- Happiness

4- All the following statements are **FALSE** except:

- a- Waleed was fifty years old. c- The ambulance didn't show.
- b- Marwan was a good swimmer d- Marwan was drowning.

Answer the following question:

1- What would you do if you saw someone drowning in the sea?

.....

UNIT 6

Past continuous with while

Date:

.....

Period:

PAST CONTINUOUS WITH WHILE



- Past continuous: was / were + v. ing
الماضي البسيط
- Past simple:

READ THE EXAMPLES:

1- **While** Ahmed **was** listening to music, his father came home.
2- **While** Hajar and Hawra'a were playing, It started to rain.

Do as shown between brackets:

1- I met Salim while I (shop) in Salmiya . (correct)

.....

2- While we (have) lunch , they arrived suddenly . (correct)

.....

3- The baby was crying . His mother came quickly. (join using : while)

.....

Choose the correct answer:

1- While Hamad golf, I met
a. m p.l aying b. were playing c. was playing d. play

2- I saw my friend while I in the mall.
a. walks b. walking c. were walking d. was walking

HOMWORK

UNIT 6

A Brave Boy



Date:

Period:

#	Word	Part of speech	Meaning
1			
2			
3			
4			
5			
6			
7			
8			

Fill in the spaces with the correct words from the list: (medal - exhausted - award - poisonous)



- 1- Nada has got an in table tennis. 2- My friend got the gold for running. 3- I was really after a busy day at work.

Re-write the underlined words correctly.

1- I'm quite good at tennis but I need to parcitse more.
.....

2- I ask my father to help me solve my porbemls.
.....

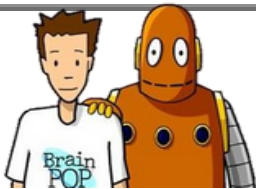

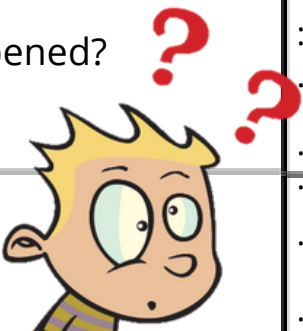
HOMWORK

UNIT 6

Waleed's story

Date:
 Period:

READ WALEED'S STORY ON SB. PAGE 49 TO COMPLETE THE TABLE: (SB PAGE 52)

Characters (who?) 	
Setting (When? where?) 	
THE PLOT	What happened? 
	Why?
	What happened at the end?



NOW READ THE NOTES ON EX.2 TO TELL THE STORY (SB PAGE 52)

UNIT 6

Newspaper story

Date:

.....

Period:

A fireman got an award because he saved a girl from a fire. The fire was very bad and seven firemen went to help. The fire started at seven o'clock in the evening. The girl went to hospital in an ambulance.

Read the newspaper story on SB. page 53 to choose the correct answer a, b, c or d:

1- What is the best title for the story?

- a- The girl in the hospital c- The ambulance
- b- A brave fireman d- A special award

2- What does the underlined pronoun "**He**" refers to?

- a- An award c- the fireman
- b- Firemen d- fire



RATE HOW MUCH DID YOU LIKE THE STORY



UNIT 6

Writing composition

Date:

.....

Period:

"Saving people's life is rewarding."

Plan and Write a paragraph of not less than (6 sentences) about " **A brave man** ".

These guide words may help you: (beach - suddenly – scream - drown - save – award)



.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....



Read the following passage, then answer the questions below:

Holidays are fantastic because families spend great time together. Some people prefer to spend time in another country after long periods of work or school. They like to visit other countries to see something different from what they have in their home country.

Tourists like to visit countries that have beautiful places like; rivers, lakes and forests. They feel **pleased** and comfortable when they see the green colour of trees and the blue colour of the sea. Other tourists like to see places like volcanoes and mountains. They enjoy climbing mountains and taking pictures next to volcanoes.

Children like to enjoy their time on the beach. They like collecting shells. They also like to build houses and castles using sand. **Some** of them like to go scuba diving and taking photographs underwater. Women like to go shopping and find nice things to buy. They like to visit gold markets and shopping malls. When people return from holidays, they come back with amazing experiences.

A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d:

9. The best title for this passage is
- | | |
|--------------------------|-------------------------|
| a. Rivers are beautiful | b. Holidays are amazing |
| c. Volcano are dangerous | d. Beaches are sandy |
10. The underlined word **pleased** in the 2nd paragraph means
- | | | | |
|----------|----------|----------|------------|
| a. happy | b. final | c. cross | d. worried |
|----------|----------|----------|------------|
11. The writer is trying to tell us about how.
- | | |
|--------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| a. people enjoy playing sports | b. countries help people to travel |
| c. countries build new markets | d. people enjoy holidays differently |
12. The underlined word **some** in the 3rd paragraph refers to:
- | | | | |
|-------------|------------|-----------|---------|
| a. children | b. castles | c. shells | d. sand |
|-------------|------------|-----------|---------|

B) Answer the following questions:

13. Why are holidays fantastic times?

.....

14. How do people feel when they see the green and blue colours?

.....

DICTATION

4

Date:

.....

Period:

1-

2-

3-

4-

DICTATION

5

Date:

.....

Period:

1-

2-

3-

4-

DICTATION

6

Date:

.....

Period:

1-

2-

3-

4-

DICTATION

1

Date:

.....

Period:

1-

2-

3-

4-

DICTATION

2

Date:

.....

Period:

1-

2-

3-

4-

DICTATION

3

Date:

.....

Period:

1-

2-

3-

4-