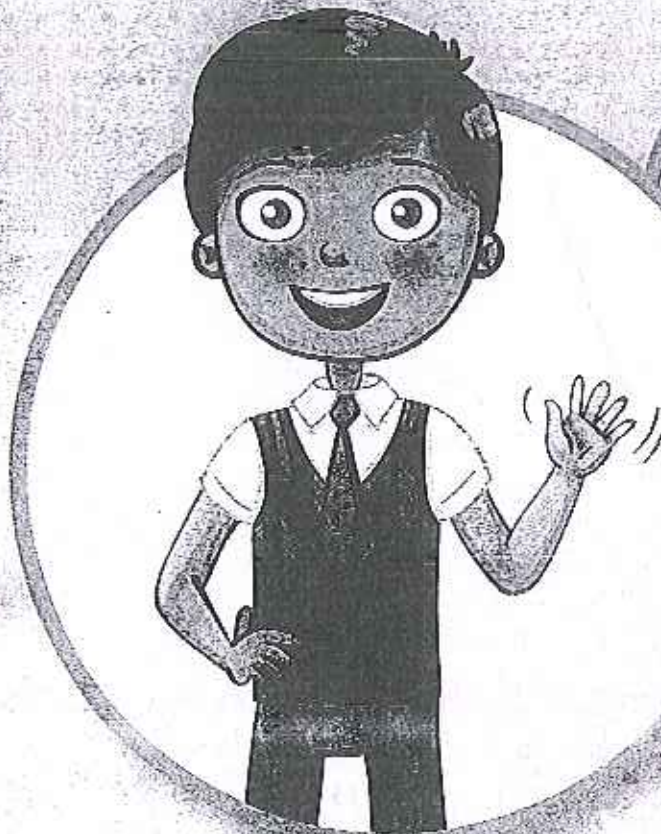


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4B

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١٠٥



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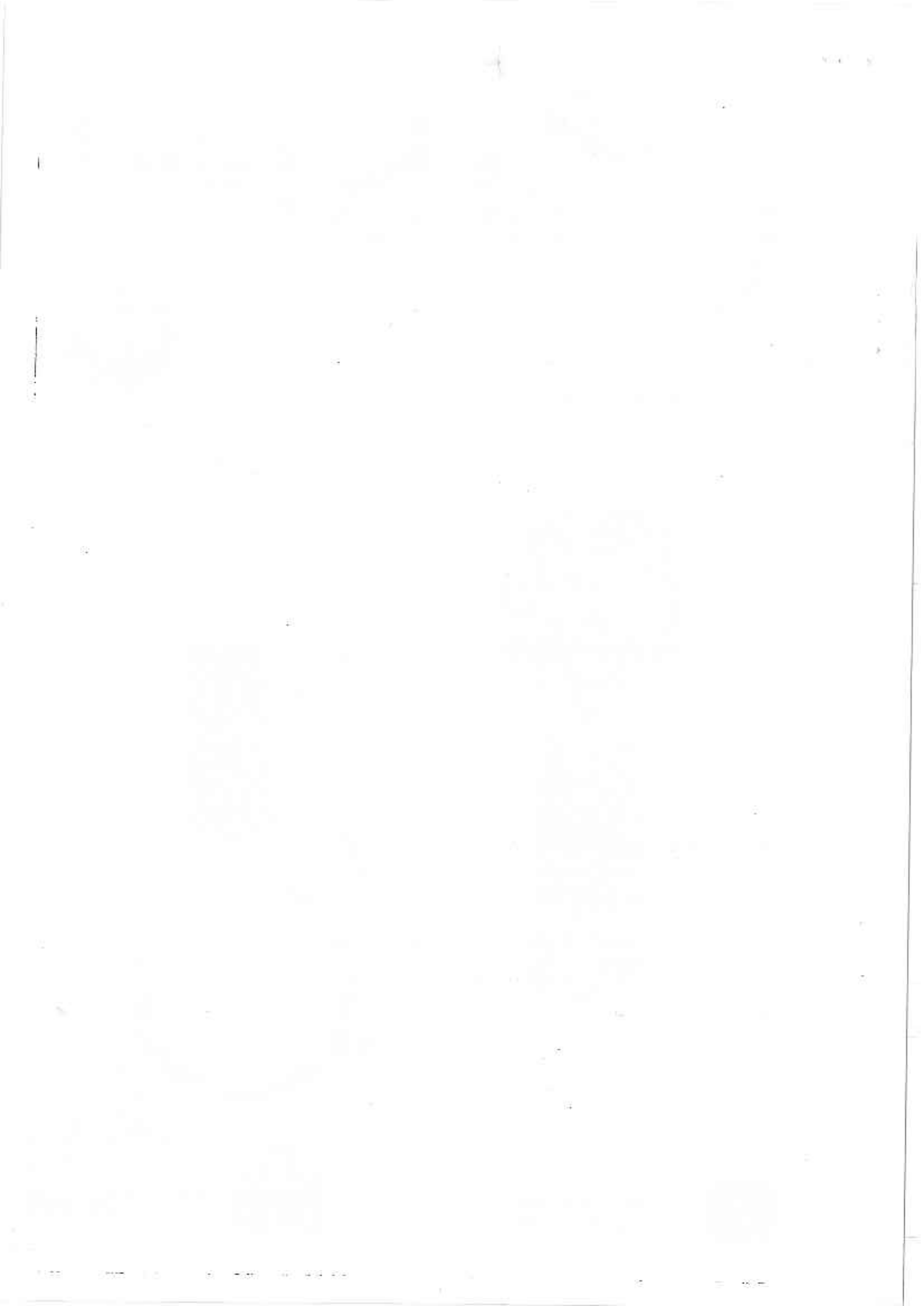


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Cool Study





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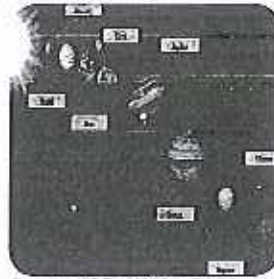




استمع وردد الكلمات



planet كوكب



Solar System
النظام الشمسي



freezing متجمد



book يحجز



night ليل



50 km per hour
لكل



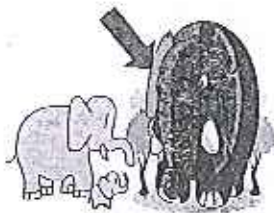
mountain جبل



noise ضوضاء



consist of يتكون من



large كبير/ضخم



Kuwait Bay
جون الكويت



coast ساحل



oasis واحة



island جزيرة



stone حجر



cave كهف





استمع وردد الكلمات



around حول



close to بالقرب من



different مختلف



Earth الأرض



Moon القمر



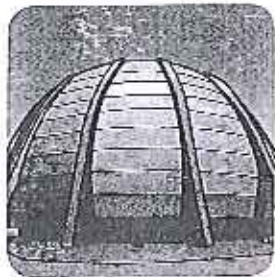
star النجم



far بعيد



need يحتاج



Planetarium
القبة الفلكية



footprints
أثار أقدام



land يهبط



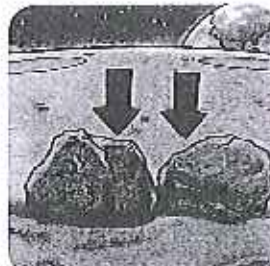
The earth
looks like a ball
look like
يشبه / يبدو



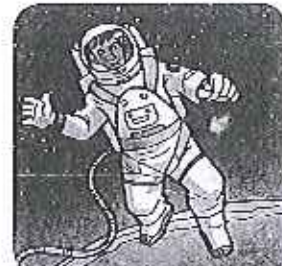
proudly
بفخر / باعتزاز



quietly بهدوء



rock صخرة - صخر



spaceman
رجل الفضاء





استمع وردد الكلمات



astronaut
رائد فضاء



spaceship
سفينة فضاء



begin
began

يبدأ
بدأ



camping trip
رحلة تخييم



heavily
بغزارة / بكثرة



select
selected
يختار
اختار



successfully
بنجاح



happily
بسعادة / بسرور



fly
flew
يطير
طار



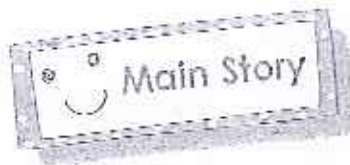
ocean
محيط



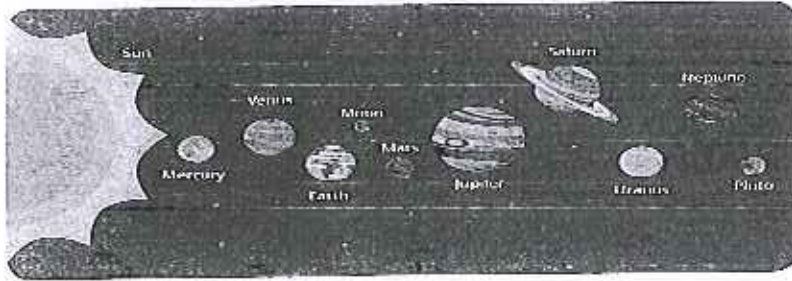
wood
غابة- خشب



gloomy
كئيب



Part 1



If you want to know about space, you should go to the planetarium. There, you can learn more about the planets, the moon and the stars. There are eight planets in the Solar System. Some of them are really hot, others are freezing. Some of the planets are close to the Sun, others are far away. The farthest planet from the Sun is the coldest one and it takes the longest time to go around the Sun. The closest planet is the hottest planet and it takes the shortest time to go around the Sun. The Earth is the third planet from the Sun. It takes one year to go around the Sun. It is the only planet in the Solar System that has life.



Set-Book

تساعد أسئلة الكتاب على تكوين الجمل الصحيحة
والأفكار الرئيسة للدرس كما تساعد في كتابة التعبير

- 1 What can you learn at the planetarium?

We can learn about the planets, the moon and the stars.

- 2 How many planets are there?

There are eight planets.

- 3 Is the Earth the biggest planet?

No. Some planets are bigger than the Earth.

- 4 Which planet takes the shortest time to go around the sun?

The closest planet to the sun.

- 5 Which are the coldest planets?

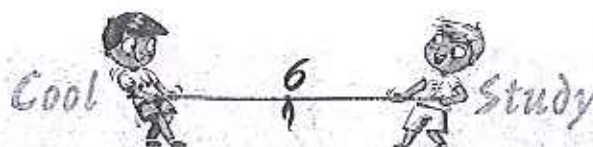
The planets that are farther away from the sun.

- 6 On which planet do we live?

We live on the Earth.

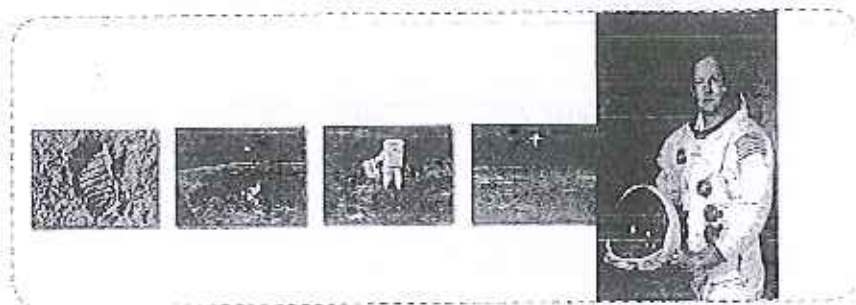
- 7 How long does the Earth take to go around the sun?

It takes one year.





Part 2



Neil Armstrong was born in 1930. His love for flying started at a young age when his father took him to an air show. He was selected by NASA to be an astronaut.

On July 16, 1969, Neil and his team flew to the Moon. Neil landed successfully and he was the first to leave the spaceship and walk proudly on the Moon. 600 million people watched the first moonwalk on TV. His team collected moon rocks and were on the Moon for over 21 hours. The footprints made by the astronauts are still on the Moon because there isn't any wind to remove them. Neil and his team happily arrived back on Earth. They landed safely in the ocean and they became heroes.





Set-Book

تساعد أسئلة الكتاب على تكوين الجمل الصحيحة
والأفكار الرئيسية للدرس كما تساعد في كتابة التعبير

- 1 What do you know about Neil Armstrong?

He was born in 1930.

He loved flying at a young age.

He was the first Astronaut to land on the moon.

- 2 When did Neil Armstrong go to the moon?

In July, 1969.

- 3 How did Neil Armstrong and his crew fly to the moon?

They flew in a spaceship.

- 4 What happened when the crew landed on the moon?

They landed successfully .

They collected moon rocks.

They stayed on the moon for 21 hours.



- 5 Are the crew's footprints still there on the moon? Why?

Yes, the footprints are still there because there isn't any wind to remove them.





Part 3



Along with the rest of the Middle East's countries, Kuwait is mostly desert. Kuwait consists largely of a flat desert. Some areas in Kuwait fill with water only during the rainy seasons, they are called wadis. The most famous one is Wadi Al Batin. Kuwait has one bay, Kuwait Bay, which has the only deep water harbour on the western coast of the Arabian Gulf. There are nine islands in Kuwait.

The biggest one is Bubyar. There is an oasis at Al Jahra, at the end of Kuwait Bay. Kuwait doesn't have any mountains, rivers or lakes.





Set-Book

تساعد أسئلة الكتاب على تكوين الجمل الصحيحة
والأفكار الرئيسة للدرس كما تساعد في كتابة التعبير

- 1 Which is the most famous wadi in Kuwait?

It is Wadi Al Batin.

- 2 What is Kuwait Bay?

It has the only deep water harbour on the Arabian Gulf.

- 3 How many islands are there in Kuwait?

There are nine islands.

- 4 Which is the biggest island in Kuwait?

Bubyan is the biggest island in Kuwait.

- 5 Are there rivers, lakes or mountains in Kuwait?

No, there aren't.





Comprehension



تدريب محلول يبين الكلمات الدالة

Read the following passage, then write what the underlined words refer to:

Sara and Haya are sisters. Last weekend, they went shopping in Salmiya. There are many shops there. The girls wanted to buy presents for their family. First, they went to a gold shop. It was a new one. They wanted to buy something for Mum. Her birthday would be on Friday. Sara found a lovely necklace. It was made of gold. After that, the girls phoned Dad. He took them to a bookshop. The girls got two new books for him. They were about science. Then, they got a nice pen for their brother, Omar. He likes writing. Finally, they had a drink and returned home. The girls found grandma there. She was glad to see them. Everyone was pleased with the presents. Sara and Haya felt happy, too.



Comprehension



كلمات وعبارات لأبد من معرفتها حل أسئلة قطعة الإستيعاب

passage	قطعة	e-mail	ايميل
refers to	يشير الي	the writer	الكاتب
means	يعني	opposite	عكس
meaning	معني		
The underlined word "....." refers to		الكلمة التي تحتها خط تشير إلى	
The underlined pronoun "....." refers to ...		الضمير الذي تحته خط يشير إلى	

ويأتي سؤال معاني الكلمات بهذه الطريقة :

The underlined word "....." means "....."

وهذه بعض الكلمات الواردة بالقطعة مع معانيها:

word	meaning
lovely	beautiful
glad	happy

ويأتي سؤال عكس الكلمات بهذه الطريقة :

The opposite of (.....) is "....."

وهذه بعض الكلمات الواردة بالقطعة مع العكس:

Word	opposite
new	old
pleased	sad





كلمات شائعة وعكسها

Word	Opposite	Word	Opposite	Word	Opposite	Word	Opposite
big	كبير	small	صغير الحجم	the past	الماضي	the future	المستقبل
old	كبير السن	young	صغير السن	above	أعلى	below	أسفل
good	جيد	bad	غير مرتب	back	خلفي	front	أمامي
happy	سعيد	sad	حزين	begin	يبدأ	end	ينتهي
tall	طويل	short	قصير	cool	رطب	warm	دافئ
noisy	صاخب	quiet	هادئ	early	مبكر - ميكرا	late	متأخر متأخراً
hot	حار - ساخن	cold	بارد	enter	يدخل	exit	يخرج
fast	سريع	slow	بطيء	over	فوق	under	تحت
clean	نظيف	dirty	قذر	yesterday	الأمس	tomorrow	غدا
interested	مهتم	bored	يشعر بالملل	stay	يبقى - يمتك	leave	يغادر - يترك
open	مفتوح	closed	مغلق	well	بشكل جيد	badly	بشكل سيئ
pretty	جميل	ugly	قبيح	wear	يلبس (ملابس)	take off	يخلع (ملابس)
exciting	مثير	boring	ممل	inside	داخل	outside	خارج
live	يعيش	die	يموت	give	يعطي	get	يحصل على
deep	عميق	shallow	سهل	first	الأول	last	الأخير
fat	سمين	thin	نحيف	strong	قوي	weak	ضعيف
chubby	سمين	slim	نحيف	question	سؤال	answer	إجابة
poor	فقير	rich	غني	safe	آمن	dangerous	خطير
wake up	يستيقظ	go to bed	ينذهب للنوم	here	هنا	there	هناك
straight	مستقيم	curved	منحني	throw	يرمي	catch	يمسك
near	قريب	far	بعيد	speedy	سريع	slow	بطيء
wide	واسع	narrow	ضيق	true	صحيح	false	خاطئ
careful	حريص	careless	مهمل	up	لأعلى	down	لأسفل
pretty	جميل	ugly	قبيح	win	يفوز	lose	يخسر
curly	مجعد (الشعر)	straight	ناعم (الشعر)	cry	يبكي	laugh	يضحك
clever	زكي	stupid	غبى	alone	بمفرده	together	سويًا
light	فاتح اللون	dark	غامق اللون	right	يمين	left	يسار
easy	سهل	difficult	صعب	in	بالداخل	out	بالخارج
cheap	رخيص	expensive	غال	formal	رسمي	informal	غير رسمي
modern	حديث	ancient	قديم	correct	صحيح	incorrect	غير صحيح
cloudy	مغيم (الجو)	sunny	مشمس (الجو)	the fastest	الأسرع	the slowest	الأبطأ
correct	صحيح	incorrect	غير صحيح	dead	ميت	alive	حي
different	مختلف	same	نفس	asleep	نائم	awake	مستيقظ
male	ذكر	female	أنثى	go	ينذهب	stop	يقف
high	عال	low	منخفض	hungry	جائع	full	شبعان
long	طويل	short	قصير	day	النهار	night	الليل
after	بعد	before	قبل	less	أقل من	more	أكثر
come	يأتي	go	ينذهب	turn on	يشغل جهاز	turn off	يغلق جهاز
the previous	السابق	the next	التالي	top	قمة	bottom	قاع
healthy	صحي	unhealthy	غير صحي	fast	سريع	slow	بطيء
show	يُعرض	hide	يخفي	lucky	محموظ	unlucky	غير محموظ
dry	جاف	wet	مبلل	friendly	ودود	unfriendly	غير ودود
always	دائمًا	never	أبداً	official	رسمي	unofficial	غير رسمي
in front of	أمام	behind	خلف	save	يوفر	waste	يسرف
flat	مستوي - مسطح	hilly	مليء تلال	send	يرسل	receive	يستقبل
useful	مفيد	useless	عديم الفائدة	love	يحب	hate	يكره



Read the following passage and answer the questions

The sun is at the centre of our solar system. It is the star closest to the Earth. A star is a ball of hot gas. It gives heat and light. The sun looks different from other stars. Most stars look tiny and you can see them only at night. They are so far away. A planet is a large ball made of rock or gas. Each planet goes around the sun. The moon is made of rocks. It doesn't give off light. The sun is so large. The Earth is called "The Blue Planet" because it has so much water.

(A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d :

1) The best title for the passage is:

- | | |
|--------------------|----------------------|
| a) The Blue Planet | b) The Largest Star |
| c) The Game System | d) The Eight Planets |

2) The underlined word "tiny" in line (4) means:

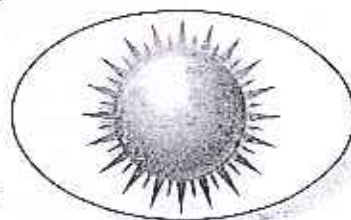
- | | |
|-------------|-----------|
| a) freezing | b) close |
| c) small | d) gloomy |

3) The underlined word "It" in line (6) refers to:

- | | |
|--------------|--------------|
| a) The sun | b) The moon |
| c) The Earth | d) The water |

4) Planet Earth is made of :

- | | |
|-------------------|------------------|
| a) rocks or gas | b) heat or light |
| c) light or rocks | d) gas or wood |



(B) Answer the following questions:

5) Why is the Earth called "The Blue planet"?

6) What does the sun give?





Read the following dialogue carefully, then answer the questions below

Bader: Sami, today is Thursday. I'd like to go on a camping trip.

Sami: Me, too. We can camp in Al-Jahra.

Bader: We can ride camels and have fun there.

Sami: Yes, but it may rain today.

[At the campsite]

Sami: Oh! It is raining heavily.

Bader: Let's sleep in the car!

[Door shut]

Sami: There's much noise outside. I can't sleep.

Bader: How about playing a card game?

Sami: The cards on the picnic table. I can't get them.

Bader: So what now?

Sami: Well, let's call our friends, Ali and Omar, for help.

Bader: No, I'll call Mum and Dad.



A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d :

1) The best title for the passage is:

a) Camping under the rain

b) Playing with Dogs

c) Riding Camels

d) Running after Cats

2) The underlined words "heavily" means: raining

a) quietly

b) proudly

c) happily

d) too much

3) The underlined word "them" refers to:

a) Ali and Omar

b) the cards

c) Mum and Dad

d) Bader and Sami

4) Sami will call his friends to:

a) come and have fun.

b) play cards with them.

c) have a picnic.

d) help him and Bader.

B) Answer the following questions:

5) When did Sami and Bader go camping?

6) Why couldn't Sami sleep?



Vocabulary



Choose the right answer



- 1- We a room in this hotel last week.
a) landed b) booked
- 2- There are no or rivers in Kuwait.
a) mountains b) islands
- 3- The Amazon is a forest.
a) large b) freezing
- 4- We live on the
a) Solar System b) Earth
- 5- The Earth is the only that has life.
a) ocean b) planet
- 6- There are 8 planets in the
a) Moon b) Solar System
- 7- I take everything I when I go camping.
a) need b) consist
- 8- We learn about planets at
a) Kuwait Bay b) the planetarium
- 9- Some planets are hot; others are
a) freezing b) gloomy
- 10- The goes around the Earth.
a) cave b) moon
- 11- The sun is a
a) rock b) star
- 12- Neil Armstrong was an He went to the moon.
a) astronaut b) island
- 13- Kuwait largely of a flat desert.
a) consists b) books
- 14- There wasn't any on the moon.
a) stone b) noise
- 15- Bubyar is the largest in Kuwait.
a) cave b) island
- 16- Mercury is very hot. It is very to the sun.
a) far b) close
- 17- The spacemen collected on the moon.
a) rocks b) stars
- 18- Neil Armstrong was the first to on the moon.
a) land b) look like
- 19- The Sahara Desert is in countries in Africa.
a) freezing b) different
- 20- It usually snows in Canada.
a) heavily b) successfully
- 21- Yesterday, we went on a in the desert.
a) camping trip b) spaceship
- 22- The astronauts left their on the moon.
a) mountains b) footprints
- 23- NASA some astronauts to go to the moon.
a) selected b) began
- 24- When night fell, the woods become dark and
a) close b) gloomy
- 25- Dana sat on the sofa and watching a movie.
a) began b) flew
- 26- This area of the desert an eye from the sky.
a) books b) looks like
- 27- There are nine in Kuwait.
a) planets b) islands
- 28- Neil and his team landed safely in the
a) star b) ocean



Vocabulary



Choose the right answer

أسئلة متنوعة على المفردات



1. Man (looks like - needs - lands - consists) water to live.
2. The moon is a ball of (soil - noise - rock - wood).
3. There are 8 (stars - mountains - caves - planets) and the Earth is one of them.
4. Kuwait doesn't have any (islands - mountains - coasts - oases).
5. My house is not near. It is (far - close - gloomy - large) away.
6. Dad is sleeping. Would you speak (heavily - proudly - quietly - successfully)?
7. They visited the (noise - planetarium - ocean - wood) to learn about the planets.
8. (Spaceships - Oceans - Planets - Astronauts) live and work in space.
9. Haya's plane (landed - selected - needed - looked like) at 7 this morning.
10. (Planets - Spacemen - Caves - Planetariums) went to the moon and collected some rocks.
11. Our English book (lands - consists - flies - books) of four units.
12. I held the Kuwaiti flag (quietly - proudly - successfully - per) and sang Kuwaiti songs.
13. Our school is (close - different - freezing - far) to our house. We go there on foot.
14. Man travels into space by (rocks - planets - spaceships - coasts).
15. You should (land - book - fly - consist) a ticket before you get into the cinema.



Vocabulary



Choose the right answer

أسئلة متنوعة على المفردات



16. Mum bought us new shirts with (large - freezing - far - different) colours.
17. This is the Earth from space. It (looks like - selects - lands - needs) a ball.
18. It rained (proudly - heavily - happily - successfully) yesterday.
19. There is an oasis in Al Jahra. It is at the end of Kuwait (Bay - Stone - Wood - Rock).
20. Neil (consisted - looked like - flew - selected) to the Moon in a spaceship.
21. The spacemen left their (footprints - oceans - spaceships - planets) on the moon.
22. This is the hottest planet. It is very (far - close - gloomy - freezing) to the sun.
23. Lots of birds and animals live in (woods - planets - stars - spaceships).
24. Ali is a clever boy. He finishes his exams (heavily - successfully - per - around).
25. When I reached the park, it (booked - began - selected- flew) to rain heavily.
26. Ali broke the window with a small (stone - ocean - island - coast).
27. The woods are nice at daytime, but they are (far - gloomy -large - close) at night.
28. NASA (selected - looked like - booked - consisted) Armstrong to travel into space.
29. A/An (astronaut - moon - oasis - star) is a green land in the desert.
30. We rode camels on our last (camping trip - spaceship - planetarium - ocean).
31. There is a big (planet - ocean - cave - noise) in that mountain. Snakes and bats live there.

66

Question Words أدوات الاستفهام

What
ما / ماذا

What do you eat ?

I eat fish.

Where
أين

Where do you live ?

I live in kuwait.

When
متى

When do you play ?

I play at 5 o'clock.

Why
لماذا

Why do you come late ?

Because the car was broken.

Which
أي / أيهما

Which car do you like ?

The green one.

Who
من

Who is she ?

She is Dana.

Whose
لـ

Whose car is it ?

It is Ali's car.

How
كيف

How do you go to school ?

I go by bus.

راجع تصريفات الأفعال ص ١٤٢ - ١٤٣





Grammar



السؤال عن طول المدة نستخدم التعبير : How long

Examples:

How long does it take to fly from Kuwait to Dubai?

It takes two hours to fly from Kuwait to Dubai.

How long	does	it	take to	go walk cook clean paint travel	around the sun? to school? lunch? the bedroom? this room? to Bahrain?
----------	------	----	---------	--	--

It	takes	a year 15 minutes an hour half an hour 2 days 3 hours	to	go walk cook clean paint travel	around the sun. to school. lunch. the bedroom. this room. to Bahrain.
----	-------	--	----	--	--

لاحظ استخدام الصفة في المقارنة



big



bigger



biggest



الصفة
(وصفت شخص أو شيء واحد)

مقارنة بين اثنين
(مقارنة + er) than

مقارنة بين أكثر من اثنين
(مقارنة + est) the

هذا جدول بأهم الصفات



Adjective	Comparative	Superlative
tall	taller	the tallest
short	shorter	the shortest
nice	nicer	the nicest
big	bigger	the biggest
hot	hotter	the hottest
cold	colder	the coldest
close	closer	the closest
large	larger	the largest
far	farther	the farthest



Grammar



نستخدم الشكل الثاني للفعل للتعبير عن الماضي البسيط كما هو مبين في الجدول.

Subject	v.2	Complement	Key word
He	walked	bravely into the dark room	last night.
She	washed	the cooker carefully	a week ago.
It	landed	quietly on the moon	in 1969.
I	collected	some rocks and soil quickly	along time ago.
We	took	some photos quickly and	went back.
You	spoke	proudly about the new house	this morning.
They	proudly left	footprints on the moon	in 1969.

There (was - were)

honey - wind - soil - noise

التعبير There is - There was يأتي بعدها كلمات مفردة مثل:

التعبير There are - There were يأتي بعدها كلمات جمع مثل:

Cars - plants - rocks - plants - animals - footprints

There are some books on the table.

نستخدم (بعض من some) في حالة الإثبات:

There aren't any books on the table.

نستخدم (أي any) في حالة النفي / السؤال:

There	is	some	soil	on the moon.
	was			
	are		rocks	
	were			



There	is	no not any	noise	on the moon.
	was		wind	
	are		plants	
	were		animals	

Was	there	any	noise	on the moon?
			wind	
Were			rocks	
			animals	





Grammar

لاحظ الأمثلة التالية في زمن الماضي المستمر

He was running when he met Ali.

They were playing when it rained.

يكون الفعل الأول مستمر ثم يأتي الفعل الثاني ليقطع الحدث



He was sleeping when the phone rang.



لاحظ تكوين زمن الماضي المستمر



I _____
He _____
She _____
It _____
We _____
They _____
You _____

was eating

were playing



Grammar

لاحظ الأمثلة

I play tennis.
She plays basketball.

نستخدم المضارع البسيط للتعبير عن العادات (الأشياء التي عادة تتكرر).

وهناك كلمات دالة تستخدم مع هذا الزمن منها :

always - usually - never - every day

لاحظ تكوين الفعل في زمن المضارع البسيط

I		
We	live	in kuwait.
They		
You		
He	lives	
She		
It		





Grammar

Choose the right answer

أسئلة متنوعة على القواعد



1. We (playing - was playing - play - were playing) when it started to rain.
2. Is the Earth the (big - bigger - biggest - bigger than) planet?
3. The (hot - hottest - hotter than - hot as) planets are the closest to the sun.
4. The sun is (larger - largest - large - the largest) than the moon.
5. When Dad (come - comes - came - coming), I was reading.
6. The elephant is (large - larger - larger than - the largest) animal at the zoo.
7. Which planet is the (far - farther - father than - farthest) from the sun?
8. June is (hot - hottest - the hottest - hotter) than January.
9. The moon (take - taking - are taking - takes) a month to go around the Earth.
10. The sun (goes - go - going - gone) around the Earth.
11. Some planets (am - is - are - was) far from the sun.
12. The Earth (take - takes - taking - are taking) a year to go around the sun.
13. How (much - many - long - old) did you stay in London ?
14. (How much - How many - Who - When) planets are there ? There are eight.
15. How long (do - does - doing - done) it take you to do your homework ?
16. The spacemen landed (carefully - careful - care - careless) on the moon.
17. Please, walk (quiet - quieter - quietest - quietly). The baby is sleeping.
18. There (am - is - isn't - aren't) any honey in the fridge.
19. Please, put (some - a - any - an) sugar in the tea.
20. There are not (a - some - any - much) shops near my house.
21. The spacemen collected (a - any - some - an) rocks on the moon.
22. The spacemen (land - lands - landed - landing) on the moon in 1969.
23. The spacemen landed on the moon and (collect - collects - collected - collecting) some rocks.
24. (There is - There are - Are there - Is there) three men in this car.
25. In 1969, the first man (fly - flies - flew - flying) to the moon.
26. The first spaceman (go - goes - going - went) to the moon in 1969.
27. Yesterday, I was (read - reading - reads - is reading) a book about the sun.
28. It was quiet (in - at - on - for) the moon.
29. Are there (some - any - a - an) rocks on the moon?
30. How many boys (is - are - can - do) there in the class ?





Grammar



Choose the correct answer:

1

The Earth is the third planet from the Sun. It (taking - take - takes) a year to go around the sun. The Earth is (smallest - small - smaller) than Jupiter.

2

Neptune is the 8th planet in the solar system. It (go - goes - going) around the sun. Neptune is the (hot - hotter - hottest) planet.

3

Plants are useful. They (needs - need - needed) the sun to grow. The sun is the (closest - closer - closer than) star to the Earth.

4

On July 16, 1969, Neil Armstrong (flies - flying - flew) with his team to the moon. The moon was very quiet. There wasn't (any - some - an) wind there.

5

Spacemen (land - landed - landing) on the moon in 1969. They walked (proud - proudly - pride) on it. They stayed there for 21 hours.

6

Astronauts landed (success - successful - successfully) on the moon in 1969. They stayed there for 21 hours. They collected (a - some - any) moon rocks and soil.

7

In 1969, the spacemen (leave - leaves - left) their footprints on the moon. They are still there because there isn't (any - some - an) wind to remove them. They will be there forever.



Grammar



Choose the correct answer:

8

Neil and his team happily (arrived - arrive - arriving) back on Earth.
They landed (safely - safe - safety) in the ocean. They became heroes.

9

Last weekend, I (am - was - were) on a camping trip. I went with my family.
We (rode - riding - ride) camels and quad bikes. Camping is fun.

10

There are nine islands in Kuwait. Bubyar is (big - bigger than - the biggest) one. Kuwait doesn't have (some - any - an) mountains or rivers.

11

I can see (some - an - any) planets in this picture. This is Jupiter. It is the (big - bigger - biggest) planet in the solar system.

12

Mercury is very hot. It is the (close - closer - closest) planet to the sun.
There aren't (an - any - some) plants or animals on it.

13

Salma was doing her homework when she (hear - hears - heard) a noise in the kitchen. She (slowly - slow - slowness) went there. It was her cat.

14

This morning, Dad (go - was going - going) to work when he saw an accident.
He carried the boy (care - careful - carefully) and took him to the hospital.



Punctuation



✦ تساعد علامات الترقيم على الكتابة الصحيحة
✦ ليس هناك سؤال على علامات الترقيم في الاختبار



أ- الأحرف الكبيرة Capital Letters : تستخدم في الأحرف الكبيرة مع :

I study English. / Are you from Brazil?	١- بداية أول كلمة في الجملة / أو السؤال.
My brother and I are going to visit Ali tomorrow.	٢- ضمير الفاعل (I)، دائما يكتب بحرف كبير.
Omar , Kuwait , Doha	٣- أسماء الناس والبلاد و المدن و العواصم دائما تبدأ بحرف كبير.
We visit grandma on Friday.	٤- أيام الأسبوع وشهور السنة.
My best friend is Omani.	٥- الصفات التي تدل على (الجنسية).
The Red Sea / The River Nile / Everest / The Atlantic.	٦- البحار والمحيطات والأنهار والجبال.
USA / GCC / UAE / KSA / UK / ARE	٧- اختصارات الدول.
Uncle Salem / Baby Maha / Mr. Tom / Dr. Bader	٨- الألقاب (بشرط أن يأتي بعدها اسم).
The four seasons are summer, winter, autumn and spring.	ملاحظة : فصول السنة لا تبدأ بحرف كبير.



ب- استخدام Full stop : تستخدم النقطة (.)

I like walking on the beach.

١ - في نهاية جملة خبرية (ليست استفهامية أو تحجبية)



ج- استخدام Question Mark : تستخدم علامة الاستفهام (?)

What are you going to do after school?

في نهاية جملة استفهامية تبدأ بكلمة استفهام

Are you going to play tennis with us?

في نهاية جملة استفهامية تبدأ بفعل مساعد

Can you play hockey?

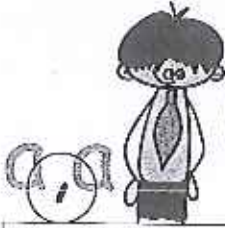
في نهاية جملة استفهامية تبدأ بفعل ناقص



Punctuation



✦ تساعد علامات الترقيم على الكتابة الصحيحة
✦ ليس هناك سؤال على علامات الترقيم في الاختبار



د - استخدام الـ Comma : تستخدم الفاصلة (,)

Yes, I'm Kuwait. / No, I don't like fast food.	١ - بعد كلمة , No, / Yes,
Can you open the door, please?	٢ - مع كلمة please
I can swim, but I can't dive.	٣ - قبل كلمات الربط مثل: but - so
Mona bought a pen, a pencil, a ruler and an eraser.	٤ - عند تعداد أكثر من شيء من نفس النوع.
Hi Sami, / Dear Bader, / Hello Omar,	٥ - عند كتابة الرسائل الخاصة
Hi Sami, / Dear Bader, / Hello Omar,	٦ - مع النداء على شخص
At the weekend, I .. / Yesterday, we / At the park, he	٧ - إذا بدأت الجملة بزمان أو مكان ثم فاعل.



هـ - استخدام الـ Apostrophe : تستخدم الفاصلة العليا (')

I'm - She's - We're - aren't - don't - haven't	في الأشكال المختصرة للأفعال المساعدة
can't - won't	في الأشكال المختصرة للأفعال الناقصة

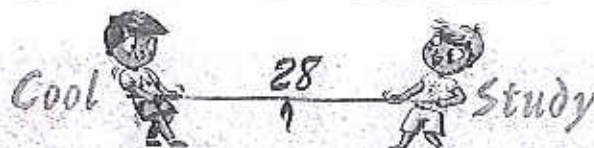
Punctuate the following sentences:

1. nada s birthday is on july 1st

2. where do you like playing golf

3. hady went to bahrain by plane

4. at the park there are flowers trees and birds

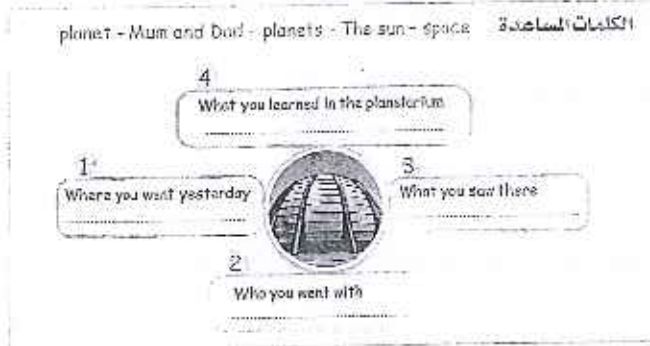




٦٦ نصائح لكتابة موضوع التعبير ٦٦

- اقرأ رأس الموضوع جيداً.
- اقرأ الأسئلة المرتبطة بالصورة ثم أكتب إجابة الأسئلة الموجودة بالمخطط Graphic Organizer مستخدماً الكلمات المساعدة.
- اكتب الموضوع مسترشداً بالإجابات التي تم كتابتها في المخطط.

نموذج لشكل المخطط



قبل الكتابة

- استخدم الماضي البسيط للحديث عن الماضي.

Ali played tennis yesterday.

- استخدم المستقبل البسيط للحديث عن المستقبل.

Ali will play tennis tomorrow.

- استرشد بإجابات سؤال Set Book

- تجنب استخدام and أكثر من مرة في جملة واحدة.

- لا تبدأ الجملة بالروابط - And , But

- اترك مسافة في بداية الفقرة

- ابدأ بالجملة الافتتاحية الموجودة في رأس السؤال

- استخدم كل كلمة مساعدة في عمل جملة قصيرة فتكون من:

- تكملة ③ → فعل ② > فاعل ①

Ali plays tennis.

- ضع (.) واضحة بنهاية الجملة.

- استخدم المضارع البسيط في وصف الموضوعات العامة

Water is important.



أثناء الكتابة

- 5 - استخدام الشكل الثاني للفعل عند استخدام زمن الماضي البسيط.

Ali played tennis yesterday.

- 6 - استخدم (مصدر + will) في زمن المستقبل

- 7 - الأخطاء الإملائية

راجع ما يلي:

- 1 - الحروف الكبيرة

- 2 - علامات الترقيم

- 3 - ترتيب الجملة:

- تكملة ③ → فعل ② → فاعل ①

- 4 - إضافة s للفعل المضارع المفرد

Ali play tennis everyday.



بعد الكتابة



Writing

1

Fill in the graphic organizer, then write a short paragraph of not less than 4 sentences about "A visit to the planetarium" with the help of the picture and guide words:

planet - Mum and Dad - planets - the sun - space

4

What you learned in the planetarium

1

Where you went yesterday



3

What you saw there

2

Who you went with



Cool



30



Study

2



Writing

Fill in the graphic organizer, then write a short paragraph of not less than 4 sentences about "The Earth" with the help of the picture and guide words:

eight - Earth - sun - a year - goes around

4

How long the Earth takes to go around the sun

1

How many planets there are



3

What the closest star to the Earth is

2

Where you live





Writing

3

Fill in the graphic organizer, then write a short paragraph of not less than 4 sentences about "A visit to the moon" with the help of the picture and guide words:

July 1969 - spaceship - team - rocks - soil

4

What did they take to the Earth

1

When the first spaceman went to the moon

3

Who he flew with



2

How he flew to the moon





4



Writing

Fill in the graphic organizer, then use it to write an e-mail of not less than 4 sentences to your friend, Ahmed, about "A camping trip" with the help of the picture and guide words:

camping trip - family - everything - needed - rode camels

4

What you did there

1

Where you went last weekend



3

What you took with you



2

Who you went with

New message

To: _____

Subject: _____

Send



Writing



الإجابة



5

موضوعات تعبير إضافية

Fill in the graphic organizer, then write a short paragraph of not less than 4 sentences about "Neil Armstrong" with the help of the picture and guide words:

(astronaut - 1930 - flew - 1969 - left spaceship - walked)

1. What Neil Armstrong was
2. When he was born
3. Why he is so famous
4. What he did on the moon.

6

Fill in the graphic organizer, then write a short paragraph of not less than 4 sentences about "Kuwait" with the help of the picture and guide words:

(mostly desert - during - rainy seasons - nine - Bubyen)

1. What the land of Kuwait is like
2. When some areas of Kuwait are filled with water
3. How many islands there are in Kuwait.
4. Which island in Kuwait is the biggest.

7

Fill in the graphic organizer, then write a short paragraph of not less than 4 sentences about "Life in the future" with the help of the picture and guide words:

(different - schools - easier - use - everyone - flying cars)

1. How life will be like in the future
2. Where students will learn
3. Who will use robots
4. How people will travel













Spelling





Write the missing words:

الكتابة الصحيحة



1 We like to go to the 
 It is a  building. We can learn more about
 the  and the  there.

2 There are eight planets in the 
 Some planets are really hot, others are 
 The  is the only planet that has life.
 It takes a year to go  the sun.

3 Neil Armstrong was the first  to
 try to fly to the moon. In 1969, he and his team 
 successfully on the moon. They collected some 
 Then, they left their  there.



Spelling

Write the missing words:

اكتب الكلمات الناقصة



4

Kuwait is on the Arabian Gulf. Kuwait is mostly desert.

Kuwait has one



..... which has the only harbour on the

western



..... of the Arabian Gulf.

Kuwait doesn't have any



..... or lakes.

5

The moon isn't a



..... or a



It is a big ball of



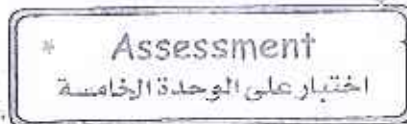
.....

It takes about a month to go around the



.....





I. Reading

A) Vocabulary

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d:

1- The first man to land on the moon, left his there.

- a) planets
- b) footprints
- c) oceans
- d) stars

2) I didn't go out yesterday because it rained

- a) heavily
- b) proudly
- c) quietly
- d) successfully

3) Dad phoned the Sheraton Hotel to a room there.

- a) look like
- b) fly
- c) land
- d) book

4) Adel sits to the window. He can see the cars outside.

- a) far
- b) close
- c) large
- d) different

Assessment
اختبار على الوحدة الخامسة

B) Reading Comprehension

Read the following e-mail carefully, then answer the questions below



Hi Sam,

Last week, Mr. Jamal, asked us to make a project on the new English lesson. It was about the moon. He asked us to work in groups. I chose my friends, Bader, Nasser and Salem, in my group. We made a model of a spaceship and wore like spacemen collecting rocks on the moon. I used pictures from the Net and Bader filmed everything. After watching the film, the students thanked us. It made the lesson interesting. The teacher talked to us proudly.

Best wishes,
Omar

A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d:

1) The best title for the passage is:

- | | |
|--------------------|--------------------|
| a) A New Teacher | b) A Nice Lesson |
| c) A Big Spaceship | d) A Gloomy Planet |

2) The underlined word "chose" in line (2) is :

- | | |
|--------------|------------|
| a) selected | b) landed |
| c) travelled | d) watched |

3) The underlined word "It" in line (6) refers to :

- | | |
|---------------|---------------|
| a) The lesson | b) The e-mail |
| c) The film | d) The week |

4)used pictures from the Net.

- | | |
|----------|-----------|
| a) Omar | b) Sam |
| c) Bader | d) Nasser |

B) Answer the following questions:

5) Which school subject does Mr. Jamal teach ?

6) How did the boys look like in the film ?

Assessment

اختبار على الوحدة الخامسة

II. Writing

A) Grammar

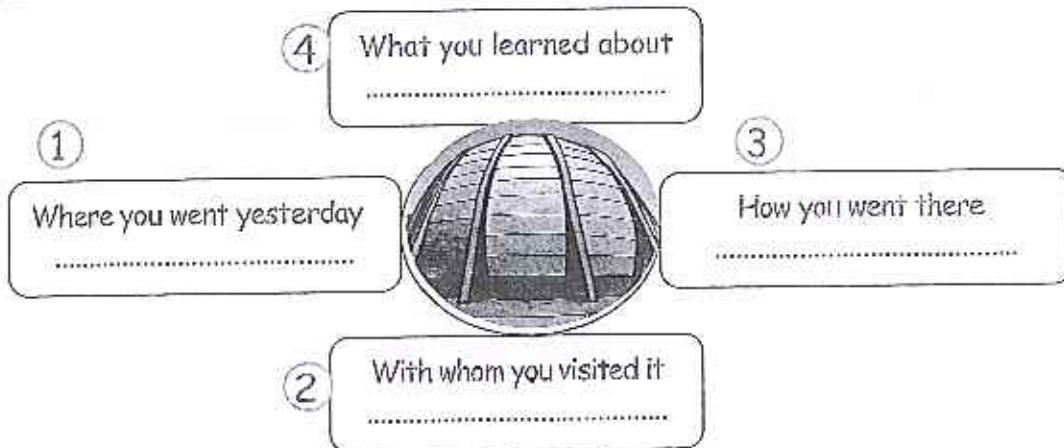
Choose the correct answer from the words between brackets:

This morning, Bader got up late and ran (quick - quickest - quickly) to catch the bus. Bader reached school, but there weren't (some - any - an) students. It was a Saturday.

B) Writing

a) Fill in the graphic organizer, then use it to write a paragraph of not less than 4 sentences about "A visit to the planetarium" with the help of the picture and guide words:

planetarium / friends / bus / space / planets



.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

Assessment

اختبار على الوحدة الخامسة

Spelling

b) Complete the text with the suitable words:

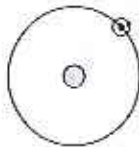
In 1969, a team of astronauts travelled into space. They



safely on the moon. They walked



on it. Their spaceship flew



the moon. Then, it went back to the



إجابة أسئلة الوحدة الخامسة



Reading Comprehension الفهم وقطع الاستيعاب

Reading Comprehension - Passage : 1				Reading Comprehension - Passage : 2			
1. b	2. c	3. b	4. a	1. a	2. d	3. b	4. d
5. Because it has so much water.				5. They went camping on Thursday.			
6. It gives us heat and light.				6. Because there was much noise outside.			

Vocabulary المفردات اللغوية



1. needs	2. rock	3. planets	4. mountains	5. far	6. quietly
7. planetarium	8. Astronauts	9. landed	10. Spacemen	11. consists	
12. proudly	13. close	14. spaceships	15. book	16. different	
17. looks like	18. heavily	19. Bay	20. flew	21. footprints	
22. close	23. woods	24. successfully	25. began	26. stone	
27. gloomy	28. selected	29. oasis	30. camping trip	31. cave	



القواعد - تدريبات متنوعة ص 24 - Grammar

1. were playing	2. biggest	3. hottest	4. largest	5. came
6. the largest	7. farthest	8. hotter	9. takes	10. goes
11. are	12. takes	13. long	14. How many	15. does
16. carefully	17. quietly	18. isn't	19. some	20. any
21. some	22. landed	23. collected	24. There are	25. flew
26. went	27. reading	28. on	29. any	30. are

القواعد - تدريبات ص (25 - 26) - Grammar (Cloze Test)



① takes - smaller	② goes - hottest	③ need - closest	④ flew - any
⑤ landed - proudly	⑥ successfully - some	⑦ left - any	⑧ arrived - safely
⑨ was - rode	⑩ the biggest - any	⑪ some - biggest	⑫ closest - any
⑬ heard - slowly	⑭ was going - carefully		

إجابة أسئلة الوحدة الخامسة



Writing التعبير

- 1 Yesterday, I went to the planetarium. I went with Mum and Dad. We saw the planets, the sun and the moon there. We learned about space in the planetarium.
- 2 There are eight planets. We live on the Earth. The sun is the closet start to the Earth. The Earth takes a year to go around the sun.
- 3 In July 1969, the first man went to the moon. He flew to the moon in a spaceship. He flew with his team. They took some rocks and soil to the Earth.

4

To : Ahmed

Subject: A camping trip

Hi Ahmed,

I went on a camping trip last weekend. I went there with my family. We took everything we needed. We rode camels and quad bikes there.

Best wishes,
Ali

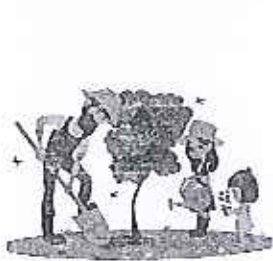
Assessment إجابة اختبار الوحدة الخامسة



Vocabulary المفردات	1. b	2. a	3. d	4. b
Reading Compr. القطعة	1. b	2. a	3. c	4. a
Grammar القواعد	quickly	any		
Writing التعبير	I went to the planetarium yesterday. I visited it with my friends. We went there by bus. We learned about space and the planets in the planetarium.			
Spelling التهجئة	landed	happily	around	Earth



استمع وردد الكلمات



plant يزرع



shade ظل شجرة



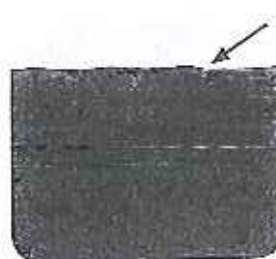
soil تربة الزراعة



stem ساق النبات



seed حبة - بذرة



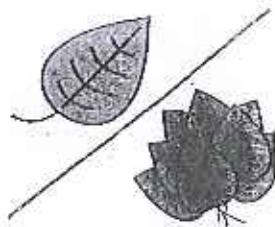
ground أرض



root جذر النبات



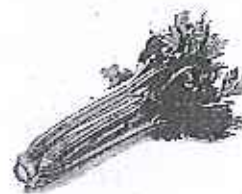
leaf ورقه شجرة



leaves أوراق شجر



peas بسله - بازلاء



celery كرفس



spinach سبانخ



استمع وردد الكلمات



potato
بطاطا - بطاطس



broccoli بروكلي



cut down يقطع



look after يعتنى بـ



Importance of water

importance
أهمية



reuse
يعيد استخدام



reduce
يقلل من



touch
يلمس



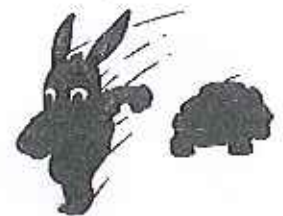
rare نادر



beak منقار



quick سريع



quickly بسرعة



استمع وردد الكلمات



frighten يخيف



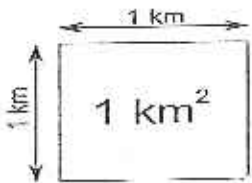
nature park
محمية طبيعية



danger خطر



natural reserve
محمية طبيعية



square kilometre
كـيـلـو مـتـر مـرـبـع



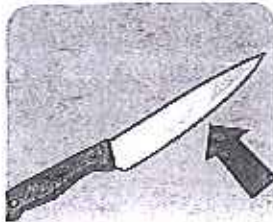
pump يضخ



bored شاعر بالملل



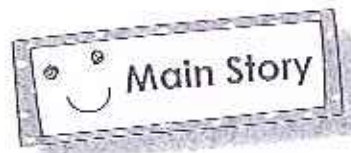
spotted منقط



sharp حاد



oxygen اكسجين



Part 1



Trees make our life green. So, let's plant trees everywhere. Trees give us food and shade. They make the air healthy. Trees need soil, water and sunshine to grow. Animals need trees for their food, shade and homes. There are lots of trees in Kuwait. It's good to plant trees and look after them.



Set-Book

تساعد أسئلة الكتاب على تكوين الجمل الصحيحة
والأفكار الرئيسة للدرس كما تساعد في كتابة التعبير

1 Are there lots of trees in Kuwait?

Yes, there are.

2 What does a tree need to grow?

It needs soil, water and sunshine.

3 Why do we need trees?

We need trees for food and shade.

4 Why do animals need trees?

They need trees for food, shade and homes.

5 How does the world look with trees?

It looks green and healthy.

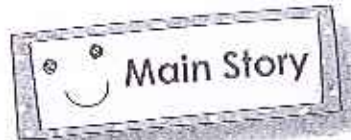
6 How can we save trees?

We should plant more trees.

We should look after trees.

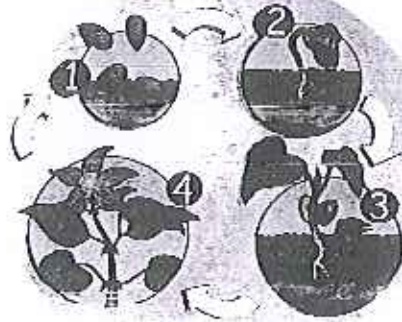
We shouldn't cut down trees.





Main Story

Part 2



Hello, I'm a flower. My life cycle has four stages. First, the farmer puts the seed into the ground. Second, the root gets water and food from the soil. Then, the stem grows. Third, the leaves grow. Finally, the flower appears.



Set-Book

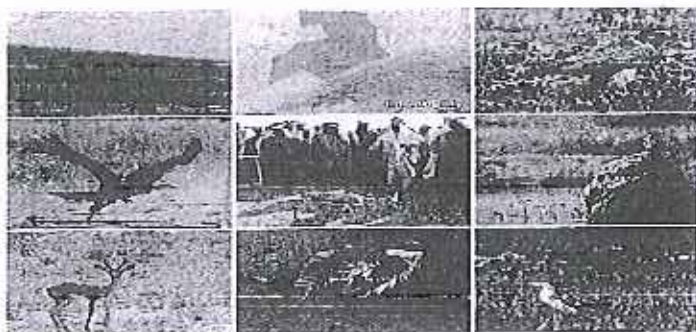
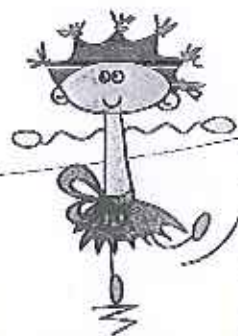
تساعد أسئلة الكتاب على تكوين الجهد الصحيحة
والأفكار الرئيسية للدرس كما تساعد في كتابة التعبير

❖ What are the main stages of a flower?

They are the roots , the stem , the leaves and the flower.



Part 3



Sabah Al-Ahmad Natural Reserve is a nature park located in the northeast of Kuwait. It has a total area of 320 square kilometres. The natural reserve helps to protect animals, birds and plants that are in danger. Animals and birds can live safely there. They can make homes and find food in the trees. They also can swim or drink water from the lake. When you see a rare bird, animal or a rare plant, you should phone the natural reserve.



Set-Book

تساعد أسئلة الكتاب على تكوين الجمل الصحيحة
والأفكار الرئيسة للدرس كما تساعد في كتابة التعبير

- 1 What is a natural reserve?
It's a safe home for plants, birds and animals.
- 2 Where is Sabah Al-Ahmad Natural Reserve?
It is in the northeast of Kuwait.
- 3 Why do birds and animals like to live in the Park?
They can make safe homes and find food there.
- 4 What do birds and animals do in the lake?
They can drink water and swim there.
- 5 What should we do with rare plants and birds?
We should be kind to them.
- 6 What should we do when we see a rare bird?
We should phone the natural reserve.
- 7 Why is Sabah Al-Ahmad Natural Reserve very important?
It helps protect animals, birds and plants that are in danger.



1



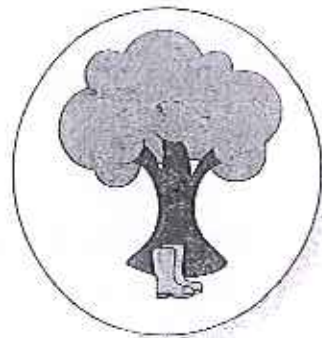
Comprehension

Read the following passage and answer the questions

Ali and Nasser were going back home from school. They saw old shoes of a farmer on the ground. He put them under a tree. Nasser said to Ali, "I'm bored. Let's hide his shoes and have some fun". Ali said, "No, you should be kind to other people". He put some money in the farmer's shoes and went away. Then, the farmer sadly came to wear his shoes. The man was happy to find the money. He said, "Thank you, Allah. Now, I can take my ill children to the doctor".

A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d:

- 1) The best title for the passage is:
 - a) A Bad Farmer
 - b) An Old Tree
 - c) An Old Doctor
 - d) A Good Deed
- 2) The underlined word "kind" means:
 - a) gloomy
 - b) good
 - c) far
 - d) sad
- 3) The underlined word "his" refers to:
 - a) Nasser's
 - b) Ali's
 - c) The farmer's
 - d) The teacher's
- 4) We are happier when we :
 - a) help others
 - b) are ill
 - c) wear shoes
 - d) see doctors



B) Answer the following questions:

5) Where were Ali and Nasser going?

.....

6) Why was the farmer so sad?

.....



Read the following passage and answer the questions

Mercury is the closest planet to the sun is. It is very hot, and smaller than the Earth. The second one is Venus. It is as big as the Earth. The third planet is the Earth. The fourth planet is Mars. It is called "the Red Planet". It has two very small moons. The first four planets are made of rock. The other planets are made of frozen gases. The fifth planet is Jupiter. It is the largest planet. The sixth planet is Saturn which has rings around it. The seventh planet is Uranus. The eighth planet is Neptune.

A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d:

1) The best title for the passage is:

- | | |
|----------------------------|-----------------------|
| a) Mars and the Sun | b) Venus and the Sun |
| c) The Planets and the Sun | d) Saturn and the Sun |

2) The underlined word "are made of" in line (5) is:

- | | |
|-----------|---------------|
| a) land | b) consist of |
| c) select | d) fly |

3) The underlined word "It" in line (1) refers to:

- | | |
|------------|--------------|
| a) The sun | b) Mercury |
| c) Venus | d) The Earth |

4) The Earth is Uranus.

- | | |
|-------------|-------------|
| a) close to | b) between |
| c) next to | d) far from |



B) Answer the following questions:

5) What is Mars called?

.....

6) Which planet is the coldest?

.....



Vocabulary



Choose the right answer



- 1- We eat like peas.
a) leaves b) seeds
- 2- When my cat is, I play with it.
a) sharp b) bored
- 3- Trees give us food and
a) danger b) shade
- 4- We should the energy we use.
a) reduce b) touch
- 5- People and animals need to live.
a) oxygen b) soil
- 6- We should old things.
a) pump b) reuse
- 7- It's bad to leave rubbish on the
a) ground b) kilometre
- 8- Yesterday, I saw a bird in our garden.
a) rare b) sharp
- 9- It's bad to trees.
a) look after b) cut down
- 10- That bird is rare. I'll take a photo of it.
a) spotted b) sharp
- 11- We keep rare animals and birds in
a) roots b) natural reserves
- 12- Come and see that rare flower!
a) quickly b) successfully
- 13- It's good to trees.
a) plant b) frighten
- 14- That bird is green with a long
a) root b) beak
- 15- Natural reserves help animals that are in
a) danger b) importance
- 16- It's good to rare trees and plants.
a) look after b) pump
- 17- I like eating It is a healthy food.
a) spinach b) danger
- 18- That is a rare bird. It's bad to it.
a) plant b) frighten
- 19- The helps keep the plant standing.
a) leaf b) stem
- 20- That animal is very at eating.
a) quick b) spotted
- 21- The tree's food is in the
a) potato b) soil
- 22- We eat like spinach.
a) leaves b) peas
- 23- He needs to some water for the plants.
a) plant b) pump
- 24- Be careful! The leaves of that tree are
a) bored b) sharp
- 25- We eat stems like
a) celery b) soil
- 26- Animals and birds live safely in
a) nature parks b) beaks
- 27- The new lesson is about the of trees.
a) potato b) importance
- 28- The area of that natural reserve is 320
a) square kilometres b) leaves



Vocabulary



Choose the right answer

أسئلة متنوعة على المفردات



1. It's too sunny here. Let's stand in the (shade - danger - oxygen - beak).
2. Mothers always (land - look after - cut down - plant) their babies.
3. Last week, we saw (round - rare - bored - sharp) animals at the nature park.
4. Trees give shade. We should (cut down - reduce - touch - plant) them everywhere.
5. This is a beautiful bird. It has a long (beak - root - stem - ground).
6. It's bad to (plant - pump - look after - frighten) animals at the zoo.
7. Rare animals and birds live in a (danger - nature - leaf - beak) park in Jahra.
8. A woodpecker has a (sharp - close - bored - far) beak. It cuts wood with it.
9. Outside nature parks, animals live in (beak - danger - celery - soil).
10. This book is KD 1000. It is a (rare - sharp - quick - freezing) one.
11. Giraffes eat the top (roots - potatoes - leaves - beaks) of the trees.
12. To keep fit, you should (reduce - plant - pump - touch) fats in your food.
13. People, animals and birds need (danger - oxygen - shade- noise) to live.
14. I feel (spotted - bored - large - far). Let's play a computer game.
15. Plants need water and good (soil - shade - wood - spinach) to grow strong.



Vocabulary



Choose the right answer

أسئلة متنوعة على المفردات



16. We eat flowers like (broccoli - spinach - celery - soil).
17. It's raining heavily. Come inside (proudly - happily - quickly - successfully).
18. The stem gets water from the roots to the (leaves - peas - seeds - beaks).
19. The heart (plant - pumps - frighten - touch) oxygen to the parts of the body.
20. We eat seeds like peas and stems like (celery - spinach - soil - broccoli).
21. Yesterday, we saw the rare bird with (bored - far - last - spotted) wings.
22. This lesson was about the (importance - seed - beak - leaf) of water.
23. It's bad to (plant - cut down - look after - need) trees.
24. We eat roots like (seeds - leaves - potatoes - peas).
25. The (root - stem - leaf - pea) of a flower grows down into the earth.
26. This water is very hot. Don't (plant - frighten - touch - cut) it.
27. Sami was running when he fell on the (ground - oxygen - beak - noise).
28. We (reuse - frighten - touch - plant) old things to save the Earth.
29. (Natural parks - Leaves - Seeds - Peas) help to protect rare animals and birds.
30. The kiwi is a nice fruit. There are black (seeds - roots - leaves - stems) in it.



Grammar

زمن المضارع المستمر

يستخدم زمن المضارع المستمر للتعبير عن فعل يحدث الآن - ما زال مستمرًا لحظة الكلام.

Wh. word	Helping V	Subject	Main V	Key words
What	am	I	doing	<u>now?</u> <u>at the moment?</u> <u>at this moment?</u>
	is	she he it		
	are	we you they		

Key word	subject	be	V + ing	Complement
Now,	I	am	planting	a tree.
Look!	he	is	eating	fish.
	she		running	fast.
	it		sleeping	in the garden.
Listen!	we	are	watching	a film.
At the moment,	you		watering	the flowers.
	they		having	lunch.

I	have got	a camera.
We		a villa .
You		a good idea.
They		an old car.

He	has got	a big nose.
She		blue eyes.
It		long hair.





Grammar



نستخدم (مصدر + should) للتعبير عن النصيحة

We should plant trees.

نستخدم (مصدر + shouldn't) للتعبير عن النهي

We shouldn't cut down trees.

نستخدم (مصدر + can) للتعبير عن الاحتمال

It can rain tomorrow.

لاحظ الأمثلة

It's good to plant a tree.

It's bad to cut down a tree.



I need a pen.

عندما نحتاج شيء، نقول :

I need to go.

عندما نحتاج أن نفعل شيء، نقول :



Cool



Study



Grammar

Choose the right answer

أسئلة متنوعة على القواعد



1. Grandpa (plant - plants - planted - planting) that apple tree last year.
2. What are you (do - does - did - doing) now?
3. It's better to (drink - drinks - drinking - drank) a lot of water.
4. It's good to (listening - listens - listen - listened) to your teacher in the class.
5. Trees (growing - grow - grows - is growing) in good soil.
6. Mum is (cook - cooks - cooked - cooking) dinner now.
7. (Do - Does - Are - Is) birds sleep in trees?
8. It's good to (plant - plants - planting - planted) more trees.
9. It's bad to (cutting - cuts - cut - is cutting) down trees.
10. I need to (taking - takes - take - took) some rest.
11. Look! The monkey (eat - is eating - eating - eats) bananas.
12. What are you (does - do - did - doing) now ?
13. Trees (needs - need - don't need - doesn't need) water to grow.
14. The children are (play - plays - playing - is playing) in the garden.
15. Haya (has - have - having - are having) got blue eyes.
16. I (having - has - have - is having) got two sisters.
17. (Have - Has - Is - Do) you got a parrot ?
18. You are ill. You should (go - goes - going - went) to the doctor.
19. It's sunny. We can (sits - sitting - sit - sat) in the shade of that tree.
20. We are lucky to (living - lived - lives - live) in Kuwait.
21. It's good (keep - keeping - to keep - keeps) quiet in class.
22. It's bad (to cut - cutting - cuts - is cut) down trees.
23. It's good (look - looking - looks - to look) after plants.
24. What (are - is - can - has) Nasser doing now?





Grammar



Choose the correct answer:

1

We live on the Earth. We (should - shouldn't - mustn't) help it. It's bad (cut - to cut - cuts) down trees or waste water.

2

Kuwait is our country. It's good to (keeping - keep - keeps) it clean. We (shouldn't - should - must) throw rubbish in the streets of Kuwait.

3

Look at that man! He (plant - planting - is planting) a tree. You can (help - helped - helping) him.

4

Mum is in the kitchen. She is (cook - cooking - cooks) lunch. Everyone (should - shouldn't - mustn't) help her.

5

Look, Bader! It (is raining - rain - raining) heavily. You (should - can't - must) play outside.

6

Some animals are in danger. It's (good - good to - bad to) frighten them. We (should - must - shouldn't) touch or frighten them.

7

I'm in the garden. I (plant - planning - am plating) some fruit trees now. Trees (give - gives - giving) us food and shade.



Grammar



Choose the correct answer:

8

Fahd likes birds. He (have - has - having) got nice parrots. Fahd (look - looking - looks) after them.

9

Trees are important for animals and birds. Birds (need - needs - is needed) trees for their homes. We (should - must - shouldn't) cut down trees.

10

All vegetables are healthy, but Ali (isn't - doesn't - hasn't) like broccoli or celery. He should (eat - eats - eating) them to grow strong.

11

Look at that bird! It has (get - gets - got) a sharp beak. Be careful! You (should - shouldn't - must) touch it.

12

Nature parks are important places. Rare animals and birds can (live - lives - living) safely there. It is (good - good to - bad to) phone a nature park when you see a rare animal or bird.

13

It's sunny today. The children can (went - going - go) to the park and have fun. It (good - is good to - good to) play in the sun.

14

We can help the Earth. We (shouldn't - should - mustn't) reuse old things. It is good to (reduce - reduced - reducing) the lights we use.



Writing

1

Fill in the graphic organizer, then write a short paragraph of not less than 4 sentences about "Trees" with the help of the picture and guide words:

make - healthy - everywhere - good soil - water

4

Where birds make their homes

1

Why trees are important



3

What trees need to grow

2

Where we can plant them





Writing

2

Fill in the graphic organizer, then write a short e-mail of not less than 4 sentences to your friend, Naser/Mona, about "A visit to the zoo" with the help of the picture and guide words:

family - birds and animals - some - photos - very nice

4

How the visit was

1

With whom you went to the zoo last Friday



3

What your father took



2

What you saw there

New message

To: _____

Subject: _____

Send





Writing

3

Fill in the graphic organizer, then write a short paragraph of not less than 4 sentences about "Sabah Al-Ahmad Natural Reserve" with the help of the picture and guide words:

northeast - Kuwait - 320 km² - protect - rare

4

When you should phone it

1

Where Sabah Al-Ahmad Natural Reserve is

3

Why it is important



2

How big it is



Cool



63

Study





Writing

4

Fill in the graphic organizer, then write a short paragraph of not less than 4 sentences about "What you are doing" with the help of the picture and guide words:

a tree - garden - shade - give - water

4

How you will look after it

1

What you are doing now

3

Why you are planting it



2

Where you are planting it





Writing



الإجابة



موضوعات تعبير إضافية

5

Fill in the graphic organizer, then write a short e-mail of not less than 4 sentences to your friend, Salem/Salma, about "A visit to a nature park".

(nature park - birds and animals - safe homes - beautiful - place)

1. Where you went yesterday
2. What you saw there
3. What they can find there
4. Why you like going there.

6

Fill in the graphic organizer, then write a short paragraph of not less than 4 sentences about "How to help a rare animal or bird" with the help of the picture and guide words:

(photo - touch - frighten - phone - nature reserve - safely)

1. What you should do when you see it
2. What you shouldn't do with it
3. Who/What you should phone
4. Why rare birds and animals should stay there

7

Fill in the graphic organizer, then write a short paragraph of not less than 4 sentences about "The Panda" with the help of the picture and guide words:

(rare animal - cold places - bamboos - keep - natural reserve)

1. What the panda is
2. Where it lives
3. What it eats
4. How we can keep it safe



Spelling

Write the missing words:

اكتب الكلمات الناقصة




1


We need to  more trees. Trees give us food and 

Trees need some good , water and sunshine to grow. We must  them.


Trees make the Earth a healthy place to live in.

2


All the parts of a plant are important. The  of the plant helps keep it standing.

The plant gets water from the 



Then, it goes to the 

Finally, some plants form 

3

We eat different parts of the plant. We eat 

like peas, stems like 

leaves like , roots like  and

flowers like 

Cool



66



Study







Spelling




Write the missing words:





اكتب الكلمات الناقصة



- 4 The life of a plant begins with a  in the soil.
 The  starts to grow and search for food from the soil.
 Then, we see the 
 After that the small  grow.



- 5 Trees have a great importance. They give us
 We need them for food and 
 Some people  trees.
 We should  trees.

- 6 Sabah Al-Ahmed  is a nice place in Kuwait.
 If you visit it, you will not feel  You will enjoy
 seeing rare animals and birds there. Some birds are 
 We call the park quickly when we see a  animal or bird
 in danger.



Assessment
اختبار على الوحدة 5 و 6



I. Reading

A) Vocabulary

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d:

1- My sister likes eating pies.

- | | |
|------------|-----------|
| a) spinach | b) soil |
| c) shade | d) ground |

2) The footballer jumped after he scored a goal.

- | | |
|-----------------|------------|
| a) quietly | b) happily |
| c) successfully | d) heavily |

3) We shouldn't trees.

- | | |
|---------------|--------------|
| a) look after | b) look like |
| c) cut down | d) frighten |

4) I usually play a game when I feel

- | | |
|----------|------------|
| a) rare | b) bored |
| c) sharp | d) spotted |



* **Assessment** *

اختبار على الوحدة 6 و 5



B) Reading Comprehension

A) Read the following passage carefully, then answer the questions below



Hi, I'm Omar. One day, I saw a rare bird in the apple tree in our garden. I once watched a video about it on the Net. The bird had a blue head and a pink beak. Its wings were spotted green and yellow. It had a long tail. The bird moved slowly and looked unwell. I took a photo of it with my mobile phone and sent it to the nature park website. A man from the nature park came. He thanked me and took the bird to the park. I was happy that it would be safe there.

A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d:

1) The best title for the passage is:

- | | |
|-------------------|---------------------|
| a) The Apple Tree | b) The Small Garden |
| c) The Rare Bird | d) The Mobile Phone |

2) The underlined word "unwell" means:

- | | |
|----------|------------|
| a) sick | b) pleased |
| c) quick | d) strong |

3) The underlined word "there" refers to the :

- | | |
|----------------|------------|
| a) nature park | b) house |
| c) garden | d) website |

4) Omar saw the bird for the first time in a :

- | | |
|----------|------------|
| a) book | b) picture |
| c) video | d) game |

B) Answer the following questions:

5) How did Omar take a photo of the bird ?

.....

6) Why did the man thank Omar ?

.....

Assessment
اختبار على الوحدة 5 و 6

II. Writing

A) Grammar

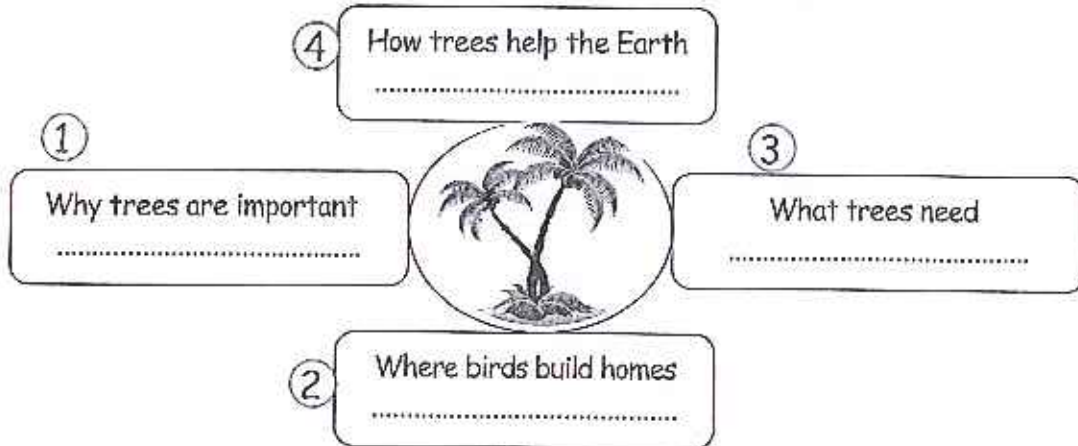
Choose the correct answer from the words between brackets:

We all love grandpa. He is (old - older than - the oldest) man in our family. It's good (look - to look - looking) after him.

B) Writing

a) Fill in the graphic organizer, then use it to write a paragraph of not less than 4 sentences about "The importance of trees" with the help of the picture and guide words:

give - shade - animals - water - sunshine - beautiful



.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....





.....

Assessment

اختبار على الوحدة 6

Spelling

b) Complete the text with the suitable words:

	Last week, we	_____		in a plane.
We went to a small	_____			. We saw a
_____			there. We didn't	
	_____		the plants there.	

(Good Luck)

إجابة أسئلة الوحدة السادسة



Reading Comprehension الفهم وقطع الاستيعاب

Reading Comprehension - Passage : 1				Reading Comprehension - Passage : 2			
1. d	2. b	3. c	4. a	1. c	2. b	3. b	4. d
5. They were going back home from school.				5. It is called "The Red Planet".			
6. His children were ill.				6. Neptune is the coldest planet.			

Vocabulary المفردات اللغوية



1. shade	2. look after	3. rare	4. plant	5. beak	6. frighten
7. nature	8. sharp	9. danger	10. rare	11. leaves	
12. reduce	13. oxygen	14. bored	15. soil	16. broccoli	
17. quickly	18. leaves	19. pumps	20. celery	21. spotted	
22. importance	23. cut down	24. potatoes	25. root	26. touch	
27. ground	28. reuse	29. Natural Parks	30. seeds		



القواعد - تدريبات متنوعة ص 56 Grammar

1. planted	2. doing	3. drink	4. listen	5. grow
6. cooking	7. Do	8. plant	9. cut	10. take
11. is eating	12. doing	13. need	14. playing	15. has
16. have	17. Have	18. go	19. sit	20. live
21. to keep	22. to cut	23. to look	24. is	

القواعد - تدريبات ص (57 - 58) Grammar (Cloze Test)



① should - to cut	② keep - shouldn't	③ is planting - help	④ cooking - should
⑤ is raining - can't	⑥ bad to - shouldn't	⑦ am planting - give	⑧ has - looks
⑨ need - shouldn't	⑩ doesn't - eat	⑪ got - shouldn't	⑫ live - good to
⑬ go - is good to	⑭ should - reduce		

إجابة أسئلة الوحدة السادسة



Writing التعبير

1

Trees are important because they make the Earth healthy. We can plant them everywhere. Trees need water and good soil to grow. Birds make their homes in trees.

2

To : Nasser/Mona

Subject: A visit to the zoo

Hi Nasser/Mona,

Last Friday, I went to the zoo with my family. I saw nice birds and animals there. My father took some photos. It was a very nice visit.

Best wishes,

Ali / Haya

3

Sabah Al-Ahmad Natural Reserve is in the northeast of Kuwait. It is 320 km². It helps to protect animals, birds and plants that are in danger. We should phone it when we see a rare bird, animal or plant.

4

I'm planting a tree now. I'm planting it in the garden. I'm planting it to get shade. I will look after it and give it water.

Assessment إجابة اختبار الوحدة السادسة



Vocabulary المفردات	1. a	2. b	3. c	4. b
Reading Compr. القطعة	1. c	2. a	3. a	4. c
Grammar القواعد	the oldest	to look		
Writing التعبير	Trees are important because they give us shade. Birds build their homes in trees. Trees need water and sunshine to grow. Trees help the Earth and make it beautiful.			
Spelling التهجئة	flew	island	natural reserve / nature park	touch

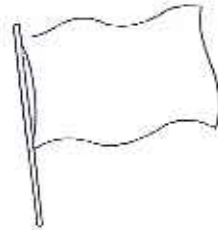




استمع وردد الكلمات



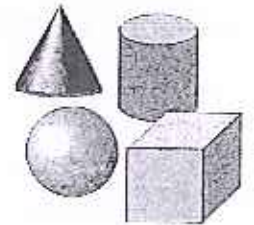
Kuwaiti كويتي



plain (اللون) سادة



pillar ركن / أساس



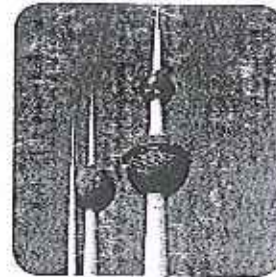
shape شكل



stripes خطوط



sword سيف



symbol رمز



belong يخص / ينتمي



represent يمثل



refer يشير



forest غابة



deeds أفعال



Word List



استمع وردد الكلمات



battle معركة

nationality
جنسية

language لغة



Lebanon لبنان



Lebanese لبناني



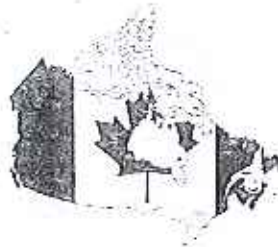
Syria سوريا



Syrian سوري

Saudi Arabia
السعودية

Saudi سعودي



Canada كندا



Canadian كندي



Japan اليابان





استمع وردد الكلمات



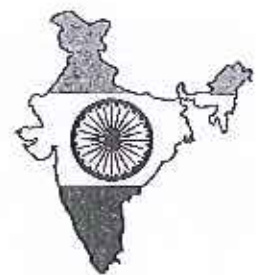
Japanese
ياباني الجنسية
اللغة اليابانية



Italy إيطاليا



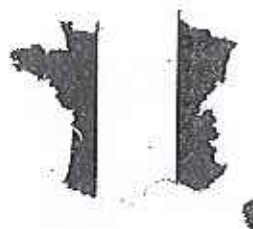
Italian إيطالي الجنسية
اللغة الإيطالية



India الهند



Indian هندي الجنسية
اللغة الهندية



France فرنسا



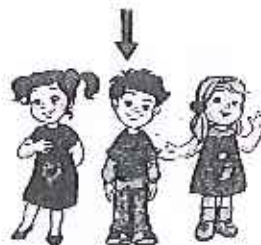
French فرنسي الجنسية
اللغة الفرنسية



Brazilian برازيلي



Green is
the main colour
main أساسي



middle
منتصف / وسط



crescent هلال



World Cup
كأس العالم





استمع وردد الكلمات

motorbike
دراجة بخارية

compete يتنافس



Olympic أولمبي

concert
حفلة موسيقية

drive يقود



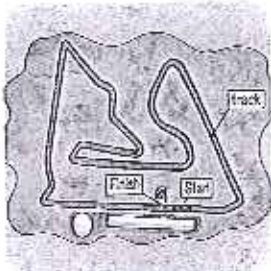
driver سائق



finish ينهي



helmet خوذة



track حلبة سباق

The race will
take place on Sunday.

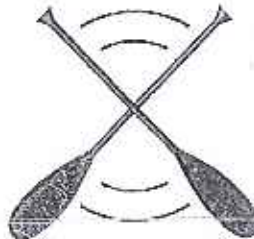
take place يحدث



row يُجدف

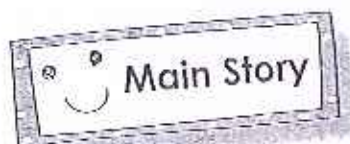


rowing التجديف

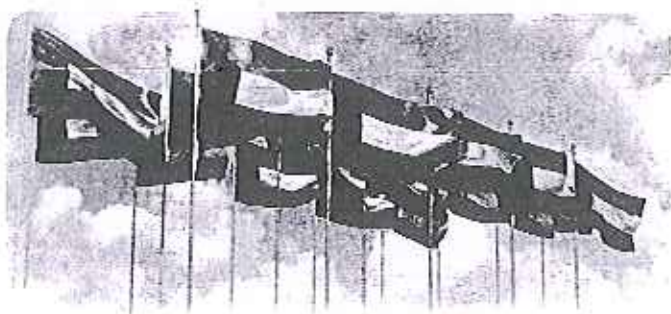


oar مجداف





Part 1



Flags are national symbols. Every country has got its own flag. Flags show that we belong to a country.

The colours used in a flag represent things about the country. In many flags, the colours refer to nature. Blue often represents the sea, the water or even the blue sky. Green refers to green land and forests. Yellow refers to grain or the Sun. White refers to snow or clouds. The colours of the Kuwaiti flag represent many things. The green refers to our land, the white our deeds, the red our swords, and the black our battles.



Self-Book



تساعد أسئلة الكتاب على تكوين الجمل الصحيحة
والأفكار الرئيسة للدرس كما تساعد في كتابة التعبير

- 1 Why are flags very important to a country?

Flags show that we belong to a country.

They are national symbols.

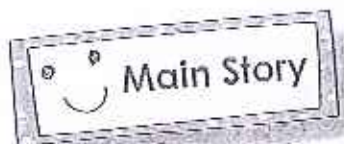
- 2 What does the blue colour in a flag usually refer to?

It refers to the sea, the water or the blue sky.

- 3 What do the colours of the Kuwaiti flag refer to?

The green refers to our land, the white our deeds,
the red our swords and the black our battles.





Part 2



Every country has got its own flag. Every flag is different. The Kuwaiti flag has got green, white and red stripes. It has got a black shape, too. We are very proud of our flag. The Syrian flag has got red, white and black stripes. It has got two green stars in the middle.

The Lebanese flag has got a green tree on a white stripe in the middle. It has got one red stripe at the top and another red stripe at the bottom. The Saudi flag is green with a white sword. The sword is under the main pillar of Islam.



Set-Book



تساعد أسئلة الكتاب على تكوين الجمل الصحيحة
والأفكار الرئيسة للدرس كما تساعد في كتابة التعبير

- 1 What does the Kuwaiti flag look like?

It has got green, white and red stripes and a black shape.

- 2 What does the Syrian flag look like?

It has got red, white and black stripes with two green stars in the middle.

- 3 Which flag has got a tree in the middle?

The Lebanese flag.

- 4 Which flag is green with a white sword?

The Saudi flag.



Main Story

Part 3



Horse racing, often called the "sport of kings", is one of the oldest sports in the world. In the Dubai World Cup, the best horses in the world come to compete every year in nine races. The Dubai World Cup is the 'Olympics of horse racing'. The Dubai World Cup was created in 1996 by Sheikh Mohammed bin Rashid Al Maktoum. It is held every year on the last Saturday in March. The festival ends with the amazing Dubai World Cup show and a live music concert.





Set-Book



تساعد أسئلة الكتاب على تكوين الجمل الصحيحة
والأفكار الرئيسة للدرس كما تساعد في كتابة التعبير

- 1 What is the Dubai World Cup?

The Dubai World Cup is the 'Olympics of horse racing'.

- 2 What is horse racing called?

It is called the sport of kings .

- 3 Who takes part in the race?

The best horses in the world come to compete every year in nine races.

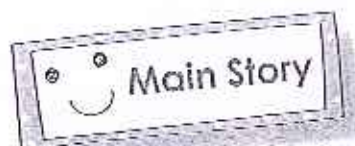
- 4 When is the Dubai World Cup held?

It is held every year on the last Saturday in March.

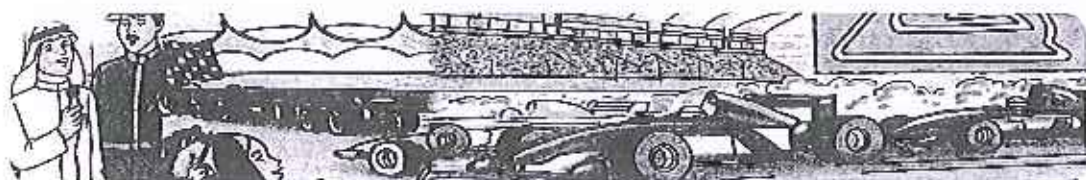
- 5 How does the festival end?

It ends with the amazing Dubai World Cup show and a live music concert.





Part 4



Before the car race, the family meets the drivers of the blue car. The drivers tell us how to get ready for the race. They always go to bed early the night before the race. They usually have healthy dinner the evening before the race. On the morning of the race, they have a small breakfast. They sometimes drink fruit juice or water before the race. The racers always wear helmets to drive safely. The race starts. It takes one and a half minutes to drive around the track. The blue car is first. The red car is second and the yellow car is third.



Set-Book



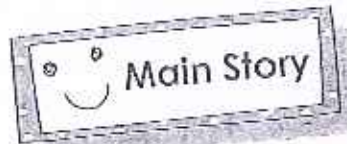
تساعد أسئلة الكتاب على تكوين الجمل الصحيحة
والأفكار الرئيسة للدرس كما تساعد في كتابة التعبير

- 1 What do the drivers do the night before the race?
They always go to bed early.
- 2 What do they usually eat before the race?
They have a small breakfast.
- 3 What do they drink before the race?
They drink fruit juice or water.
- 4 What should the racers wear to drive safely?
They should wear helmets.
- 5 How long does the race take?
It takes one and a half minutes.
- 6 Which car won the race?
The blue car won the race.



85





Part 5



Rowing is one of the oldest Olympic sports. It began in old Egypt. The boats are called racing shells. Rowing is moving a boat through water using oars. It is about learning how to row a racing shell cleverly. Athletes race against each other. Only 150 countries now participate in this sport.



Set-Book

تساعد أسئلة الكتاب على تكوين الجمل الصحيحة
والأفكار الرئيسية للدرس كما تساعد في كتابة التعبير

1 What is rowing?

Rowing is moving a boat through water using oars.

2 What do you know about rowing?

It is one of the oldest Olympic sports.

It began in old Egypt.

1



Comprehension

Read the following e-mail and answer the questions

Hi Reem,

My cousin, Mona, lives in London. She has a flower shop there. She has flowers of different shapes and colours. A lot of people come to her to get nice flowers. Last month, Sara and I visited her. We saw flowers that look like a dancing girl, a flying duck, a bee and a baby. Sara liked the tiger flower. Mona keeps rare flowers in a safe place. Her favourite flower is wonderful. It looks like a flying parrot. She keeps it near her window. Mona was kind. She gave us two lovely yellow flowers as presents.

Yours Amal,

A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d:

1) The best title for the passage is:

- a) A Visit to a Flower Shop
- c) A Visit to a Zoo

- b) A Visit to Paris
- d) A Visit to a Garden

2) The underlined word "get" means:

- a) to eat
- c) to buy

- b) to plant
- d) to water

3) The underlined word "her" refers to:

- a) Sara
- c) Amal

- b) Mona
- d) Reem

4) Amal and Mona are:

- a) sisters
- c) mothers

- b) cousins
- d) grandmothers



B) Answer the following questions:

5) When did the girls go to London?

6) What does Mona's favourite flower look like?





Read the following e-mail carefully, then answer the questions below

To Jassim,

Last July, Dad and I were sitting in front of our house. We were talking about yesterday's football match. My little brother, Bader, was playing with a small bird. It fell off its house on the tree. I got angry and asked him not to hit birds. Suddenly, Dad looked at the bird. It was a rare falcon. Bader told us that he found it under a tree on our farm. A rich man bought it. We got KD 1000 for it. Dad was very happy.

From Ali

A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d:

1) The best title for the passage is:

- | | |
|--------------------|-------------------|
| a) The Big House | b) The Rare Tree |
| c) The Rare Falcon | d) The Little Boy |

2) The opposite of the underlined word "under" is:

- | | |
|----------------|------------|
| a) on | b) around |
| c) in front of | d) next to |

3) The underlined word "it" refers to:

- | | |
|---------------|-------------|
| a) the falcon | b) the tree |
| c) the house | d) the farm |

4) When did the story take place?

- | | |
|--------------|--------------|
| a) In winter | b) In spring |
| c) In summer | d) In autumn |



B) Answer the following questions:

5) What were Ali and his Dad talking about ?

.....

6) Why was Ali angry ?

.....





Vocabulary



Choose the right answer



- 1- I'm happy. I'll Kuwait in the Olympic Games.
a) row b) represent
- 2- Be careful! This old is sharp.
a) sword b) concert
- 3- The running race will tomorrow.
a) belong b) take place
- 4- Drivers should wear in races.
a) oars b) helmets
- 5- My shirt is blue.
a) plain b) main
- 6- A lot of people died in the last
a) pillar b) battle
- 7- He speaks Arabic and three other
a) languages b) forests
- 8- My favourite sea sport is
a) rowing b) shape
- 9- I wear my helmet before I ride my
a) concert b) motorbike
- 10- We need for rowing.
a) oars b) deeds
- 11- Fahd is from Kuwait. His is Kuwaiti.
a) stripe b) nationality
- 12- A lot of teams compete in the
a) driver b) World Cup
- 13- White to snow or clouds.
a) rows b) refers
- 14- These parrots live in in Brazil.
a) swords b) forests
- 15- Meat is the food of lions.
a) main b) plain
- 16- A boat has two
a) battles b) oars
- 17- In 1909, Kuwait's flag had a
a) crescent b) sword
- 18- This is dangerous. Drive carefully on it.
a) helmet b) track
- 19- Flags show that we to a country
a) belong b) finish
- 20- Dad and mum always watch our
a) deeds b) stripes
- 21- This race will end with a live
a) motorbike b) concert
- 22- The Lebanese flag has a tree in the
a) crescent b) middle
- 23- The drivers should fast to win a race.
a) row b) drive
- 24- The Italian flag has three
a) swords b) stripes
- 25- The flag has 5 rings.
a) Olympic b) Canadian
- 26- The driver the race in 3 minutes.
a) finished b) belonged
- 27- I'm from Brazil. I'm
a) main b) Brazilian
- 28- Ali's shirt has blue
a) deeds b) stripes





Vocabulary



Choose the right answer

أسئلة متنوعة على المفردات



1. The Kuwaiti flag is the national (symbol - oar - language - forest) of Kuwait.
2. Praying is the second (stripe - year - pillar - sky) of Islam.
3. The Lebanese flag has a green tree in the (middle - bottom - sky - shape).
4. In the past, the Arabs used (brushes - swords - spaceships - beaks) for fighting.
5. We should be careful when we cross the (rare - main - kind - sharp) street.
6. The (Kuwaiti - Lebanese - Syrian - Saudi) flag has got a white sword.
7. A running race will (take place - cut down - drive - land) next Friday.
8. The Kuwaiti flag has got three (swords - shapes - shades - stripes).
9. The (Saudi - Lebanese - Syrian - Kuwaiti) flag has got a green tree.
10. There is a race today. I will (take place - drive - land - cut down) the green car.
11. There is a black (stripe - shape - sword - pillar) in the Kuwaiti flag.
12. The (Syrian - Saudi - Kuwaiti - Lebanese) flag has got a black shape.
13. The fastest (helmet - driver - minute - track) will win the car race.
14. Blue often (drives - rows - represents - plants) the sea, the water or the blue sky.
15. The people in Japan speak (Italian - Indian - French - Japanese).
16. Flags show that we (row - belong - book - drive) to a country.
17. You should wear a (driver - helmet - track - brush) before you ride your bike.
18. The old Kuwaiti flag was (plain - Olympic - main - quick) red.





Vocabulary



Choose the right answer

أسئلة متنوعة على المفردات

19. I visit (India - Syria - Lebanon - France) every year. I stay in Paris.
20. Our team will (represent - belong - refer - row) Kuwait in the World Cup.
21. The drivers will race on that new (helmet - oar - deed - track).
22. The best horses in the world (compete - row - belong - drive) in the Dubai World Cup.
23. Dad speaks three (stripes - tracks - crescents - languages) Arabic, English and French.
24. The (Syrian - Japanese - Brazilian - French) flag is white with a red circle in the middle.
25. Allah loves people who do good (deeds - oars - forests - drivers).
26. In 1909, The Kuwaiti flag was red with a white (crescent - sword - oar - shape) and a star.
27. The (track - helmet - language - beak) of the race starts and ends at the same place.
28. There is a live (concert - battle - sword - forest) at the end of the Dubai World Cup.
29. (Driving - Rowing - Competing - Reusing) is moving a boat through water using oars.
30. It's dangerous to ride a (crescent - concert - pillar - motorbike) very fast.
31. All the drivers should drive around the (oxygen - track - helmet - footprint).





Grammar



- What does (he / she / it) look like ? (السؤال عن وصف شخص / شيء)
 ➤ (He / She / It) has got وتكون الإجابة :

What	does	the Kuwaiti the Saudi the Syrian the Lebanese	flag	look like?
------	------	--	------	------------

The Kuwaiti The Saudi The Syrian The Lebanese	flag has got	a black shape. a white sword. two green stars. a green tree.
--	--------------	---

- It's got a long tail.
 ➤ They've got a car

ملاحظة : نستخدم 's كاختصار لـ has و 've كاختصار لـ have

زمن المضارع المستمر

يستخدم زمن المضارع المستمر للتعبير عن فعل يحدث الآن - ما زال مستمرا لحظة الكلام.

- I'm painting a flag now.
 ➤ Look! Mum is making a cake.
 ➤ The boys are watching TV at the moment.



Subject	Helping V.	Main V.	key words
I	am	painting.	now, at the moment.
He	is 's	running.	
She		eating.	
It		sleeping.	
We	are 're	drawing.	
You		watering.	
They		reading.	



Grammar

The Present Simple Tense

لاحظ استخدام المضارع البسيط

للتعبير عن التكرار و التعود على القيام بالفعل نستخدم : always - usually - sometimes

I	usually	drink	coffee in the morning.
We	always	have	breakfast at 6 o'clock.
You	sometimes	drive	slowly.
They	never	wear	helmets in races.

He	usually	drinks	coffee in the morning.
She	always	has	breakfast at 6 o'clock.
It	sometimes	comes	slowly.
	never	takes	place in the morning.

What time	do	the races	always usually sometimes	take place start end	?
		the parties			
When	does	the race			
		the party			





Grammar

Choose the right answer

أسئلة متنوعة على القواعد



1. The Kuwaiti flag is smart. It's (get - gets - got - will get) a black shape.
2. Listen! The baby (cry - is crying - cried - cries).
3. What are the children (do - does - did - doing) ?
4. The boys are (run - runs - running - ran) fast.
5. Look! Haya is (making - makes - make - made) a flag.
6. Mum (cook - cooking - is cooking - cooked) lunch now.
7. What (do - does - doing - done) the Lebanese flag look like ?
8. The Syrian flag (have - has - having - are having) two stars in the middle.
9. The Saudi flag (is - are - has - have) green with a white sword.
10. Omar (is - are - can - have) painting his room now.
11. (Why - What - Where - When) does your brother look like?
12. (Is - Can - Has - Does) Mona got a red skirt ?
13. (Are - Have - Has - Do) Salem and Adel got any friends ?
14. No, I (don't - hasn't - haven't - don't) got a dog.
15. We (always - usually - never - sometimes) go to school on Friday.
16. The drivers always (eat - eats - eating - will eat) breakfast before the race.
17. What (are - does - do - has) you usually do on Friday?
18. Fahad never (goes - go - going - are going) to bed late.
19. Mona usually (have - has - are having - having) breakfast before going to school.
20. Dad sometimes (reads - read - reading - am reading) before he sleeps.
21. Salem always (wear - wearing - wore - wears) a helmet before riding his bike.
22. (Do - Does - Are - Is) Mazen usually drive fast?
23. Dalia sometimes (cook - cooking - are cooking - cooks) lunch for us.
24. Does she always (wear - wearing - am wearing - wears) a blue skirt ?
25. Where (do - is - are - does) Kareem come from?
26. He (comes - come - coming - are coming) from Lebanon.
27. (When - Who - What - Which) does the car race take place ?
28. How fast (do - does - are - have) the race cars drive ?





Grammar



Choose the correct answer:

- 1 Adel is a clever driver. He (has - have - having) got a white car. Adel (drive - driving - drives) his car very carefully.
- 2 I like taking photos. I (has - having - have) got a good camera. But, I (never - always - sometimes) take it with me to school.
- 3 Flags (is - are - am) national symbols. They have different colours. Each country has (get - getting - got) its own flag.
- 4 Tom is my friend. He doesn't (like - likes - liked) driving at all. He (always - never - sometimes) comes to work by car.
- 5 In car races, the cars are (always - never - sometimes) fast. The drivers (drives - driving - drive) very fast to win.
- 6 Every year, the best horses (compete - competing - competes) in the Dubai World Cup. The festival (always - sometimes - never) ends with live concerts.
- 7 The Kuwaiti flag is smart. It (have got - has got - are getting) three stripes and a black shape. The Kuwaiti flag (represents - representing - represent) the national symbol of Kuwait.
- 8 Look! Kareem is (ride - riding - rides) his bike. He is safe because he (always - never - sometimes) wears a helmet.
- 9 Salem and Omar (are watching - is watching - watched) a football match now. Salem likes playing football, but Omar (don't - doesn't - isn't) play it.
- 10 Before car races, the drivers (never - sometimes - always) get ready. They (wear - wearing - wears) helmets to drive safely.
- 11 Basketball is Haya's favourite sport. She always (play - playing - plays) it in the club. In this photo, Haya is (jumping - jump - jumps) very high to score 3 points.





Writing

1

Fill in the graphic organizer, then write a short paragraph of not less than 4 sentences about "The Dubai Horse Racing World Cup" with the help of the picture and guide words:

March - Sheikh Mohamed Bin Rashid - best - the world - festivals

4

What the race ends with

1

When it is held



3

Which horses come to compete there



2

Who created it





Writing

2

Fill in the graphic organizer, then write a short paragraph of not less than 4 sentences about "A car race" with the help of the picture and guide words:

afternoon - seven - helmets - fastest - racer

4

Who will get the gold medal

1

When the car race will start



3

What drivers should wear



2

How many cars will take part in the race





Writing

3

Fill in the graphic organizer, then write a short paragraph of not less than 4 sentences about "Football" with the help of the picture and guide words:

football - club - friends - weekends - holidays

4

When you play it

1

What your favourite sport is



3

Who you play it with



2

Where you play it



98





Writing



الإجابة



موضوعات تعبير إضافية

4

Fill in the graphic organizer, then write a short paragraph of not less than 4 sentences about "The Kuwaiti flag" with the help of the picture and guide words:

(smart - belong to - green, white, red - shape - National Day)

1. How the Kuwaiti flag looks like
2. Why it is important
3. What colour the stripes in the Kuwaiti flag are
4. When you make it

5

Fill in the graphic organizer, then write a short e-mail of not less than 4 sentences to your friend, Salem/Salma, about "A country you would like to visit" with the help of the picture and guide words:

(France - French - Eiffel Tower - fine - year)

1. Which country you would like to visit
2. What language people speak there
3. Which place you would like to visit
4. What the weather is like there

6

Fill in the graphic organizer, then write a short e-mail of not less than 4 sentences to your friend, Fahd/Huda, about "A car race on TV" with the help of the picture and guide words:

(car race - best drivers - the world - new track - 3 minutes)

1. What you watched on TV yesterday
2. Who competed in it
3. Where they raced
4. When the winner finished the race



99





Spelling

Write the missing words:

اكتب الكلمات الناقصة



1

The



..... flag is very smart.

It has green, white and red



It has a black



....., too. The green colour refers to

our land the black one refers to our



2

The



..... flag is green.

It has got a white



The main



of Islam is written in the



..... of the flag.

3

Horse racing is a very old sport. Every year, the best horses in the world come to the Dubai



It is the



..... of horse racing.

They come to



The festival ends with an amazing

show and music



100



Study



Spelling

Write the missing words:

أكتب الكلمات الناقصة



4

Last week, I watched a car race. The best



went there from all over the world.

They raced on a wonderful



The drivers wore their



to drive safely.

The winners



the race in one and a half minute.

5



is one of the oldest sports. It is moving a boat through water using



It is about learning how to



a boat cleverly.

What a nice sport!





Assessment
اختبار على الوحدة السابعة



I. Reading

A) Vocabulary

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d:

1- I will Kuwait in the next Dubai Racing World Cup.

- | | |
|-----------|---------------|
| a) refer | b) represent |
| c) belong | d) take place |

2) is my favourite sport. I need a boat for it.

- | | |
|----------------|-------------|
| a) Rowing | b) Language |
| c) Nationality | d) Crescent |

3) The flag has the main pillar of Islam in the middle.

- | | |
|------------|-------------|
| a) Syrian | b) Lebanese |
| c) Italian | d) Saudi |

4) We couldn't go to the , so we watched it on TV.

- | | |
|-----------|------------|
| a) forest | b) battle |
| c) sword | d) concert |



Assessment

اختبار على الوحدة السابعة



B) Reading Comprehension

Read the following passage carefully, then answer the questions below



Yesterday, an important car race took place in Kuwait. Ali and his friends watched it. There were three cars: the red, the green and the blue. All the drivers put on helmets before they started the race. The green car was first. The red car was second and the blue one was third. The race was so exciting. The Kuwaiti flags were everywhere. The winner was a Kuwaiti driver called Faris Nasser. He reached the finish line in 2 minutes. Faris got the cup.

A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d:

1) The best title for the passage is:

- | | |
|---------------------|-----------------|
| a) A Kuwaiti Flag | b) A Red Car |
| c) A Race in Kuwait | d) A Camel Race |

2) The underlined word "got" means :

- | | |
|-----------|---------|
| a) bought | b) won |
| c) gave | d) made |

3) The underlined word "they" refers to :

- | | |
|------------|------------|
| a) cars | b) drivers |
| c) helmets | d) friends |

4) The cars that competed in the race were:

- | | |
|--------|----------|
| a) two | b) four |
| c) six | d) three |

B) Answer the following questions:

5) What colour was Faris' car?

6) How long did it take the winner to finish the race ?



★ Assessment

اختبار على الوحدة السابعة

II. Writing

A) Grammar


Choose the correct answer from the words between brackets:

Salma likes blue the most. She (always - never - sometimes) wears blue dress. Look! She is (wear - wearing - wears) a new blue one.

B) Writing

a) Fill in the graphic organizer, then use it to write a paragraph of not less than 4 sentences about "A horse race" with the help of the picture and guide words:

(horse race - 5 o'clock - twelve - black - came first)

④ Which horse won the race		③ How many horses competed in it
① Where you went last Friday		② When it started

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

* Assessment

اختبار على الوحدة السابعة

Spelling

b) Complete the text with the suitable words:

Last week, Dad bought a new _____



It is made in _____



. He is going

to have a race on that _____



Dad has a nice _____



(Good Luck)

إجابة أسئلة الوحدة السابعة



Reading Comprehension الفهم وقطع الاستيعاب

Reading Comprehension - Passage : 1				Reading Comprehension - Passage : 2			
1. a	2. c	3. b	4. b	1. c	2. a	3. a	4. c
5. They went to London last month.				5. They were talking about yesterday's football match.			
6. It looks like a flying parrot.				6. Because his brother was hitting the bird.			

Vocabulary المفردات اللغوية



1. symbol	2. pillar	3. middle	4. swords	5. main	6. Saudi
7. take place	8. stripes	9. Lebanese	10. drive	11. shape	
12. Kuwaiti	13. driver	14. represents	15. Japanese	16. belong	
17. helmet	18. plain	19. France	20. represent	21. track	
22. compete	23. languages	24. Japanese	25. deeds	26. crescent	
27. track	28. concert	29. Rowing	30. motorbike	31. track	



القواعد - تدريبات متنوعة ص (94) Grammar-

1. got	2. is crying	3. doing	4. running	5. making
6. is cooking	7. does	8. has	9. is	10. is
11. What	12. Has	13. Have	14. haven't	15. never
16. eat	17. do	18. goes	19. has	20. reads
21. wears	22. Does	23. cooks	24. wear	25. does
26. comes	27. When	28. do		

القواعد - تدريبات ص (95) Grammar (Cloze Test) -



① has - drives	② have - never	③ are - got	④ like - never
⑤ always - drive	⑥ compete - always	⑦ has got - represents	⑧ riding - always
⑨ are watching - doesn't	⑩ always - wear	⑪ plays - jumping	



إجابة أسئلة الوحدة السابعة



Writing التعبير

1

The Dubai Horse Racing World Cup is held in March. Sheikh Mohamed Bin Rashid created it. The best horses in the world come to compete there. The race ends with a live music concert.

2

The car race will start in the afternoon. Seven cars will take part in the race. The drivers should wear helmets. The fastest racer will get the gold medal.

3

My favourite sport is football. I play it in the club. I play it with my friends. We play football at weekends and on holidays.

Assessment إجابة اختبار الوحدة السابعة



Vocabulary المفردات	1. b	2. a	3. d	4. d
Reading Compr. القطعة	1. c	2. b	3. b	4. d
Grammar القواعد	5. It was green.	6. It took him 2 minutes.		
Writing التعبير	always	wearing		
Spelling التهجئة	motorbike	France	track	helmet





استمع وردد الكلمات



vacation عطلة



holiday عطلة



Oman عمان



Muscat مسقط



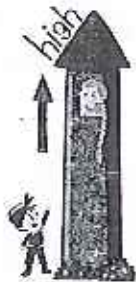
cost تكلفة



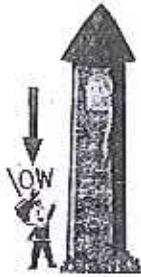
hotel فندق



stay يقيم - يبقى



high مرتفع



low منخفض



view منظر



rug سجادة صغيرة



wool صوف



Beirut بيروت



skiing تزلج



market محل / سوق



idea فكرة



استمع وردد الكلمات



restaurant
مطعم



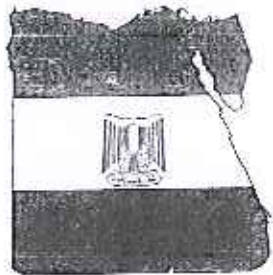
spend يقضي/ينفق



dream حلم



air ticket
تذكرة طيران



Egypt مصر



Egyptian مصري



She likes apples the most.
أغلب/معظم most



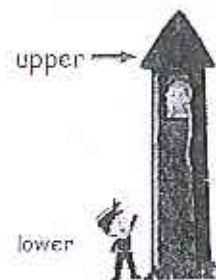
Giza الجيزة



the Nile
نهر النيل



cruise
رحلة نهريّة



upper عليا



temple معبد



king ملك



queen ملكة



Luxor
مدينة الأقصر



Aswan
مدينة أسوان

Unit 8



Vacations



استمع وردد الكلمات



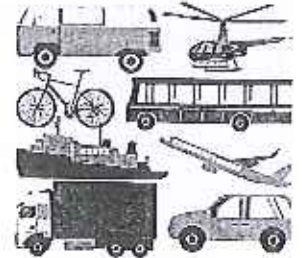
Sharm El Sheikh
شرم الشيخ



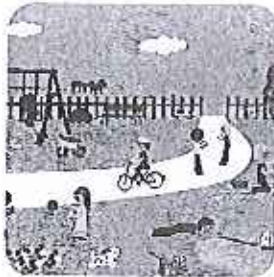
friendly ودود



welcoming
مضيف



transportation
مواصلات



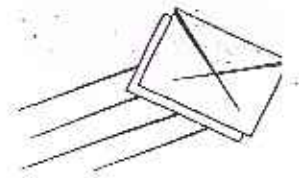
place مكان



postcard
كارت بريدي



letter
رسالة / خطاب



envelope
مظروف



Australia
استراليا



sincerely
المخلص لك

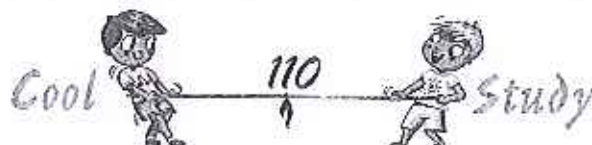
sincerely
بإخلاص



soon قريباً



plan يخطط





Part 1



Sami and Amal talked about their holiday in Oman. It was fun. They went there by plane. They stayed in a hotel. They went to the mountains and went very high up. They saw wonderful views. They also saw lots of goats in the mountains. Amal gave Sara a present from Oman. It was a goat-hair rug.





Set-Book

تساعد أسئلة الكتاب على تكوين الجمل الصحيحة
والأفكار الرئيسة للدرس كما تساعد في كتابة التعبير

1 Where did Sami and Amal go for holiday?

They went to Oman.

2 How did they go there?

They went there by plane.

3 Where did they stay in Oman?

They stayed in a hotel.

4 What did they see in Oman?

They saw wonderful views.

They saw lots of goats in the mountains.

5 What do the mountain people make?

They make rugs from wool.

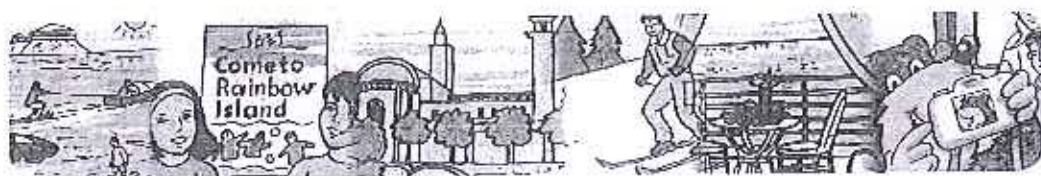
6 What did Amal give Sara?

She gave her a goat-hair rug.





Part 2



It's exciting to have a holiday in Lebanon. You can go there at any time of the year. There is a lot to see in Lebanon. You can see the Rainbow Island, the Science Museum and Mount Lebanon. You can also visit Al-Omari Mosque and the nature park. There is a lot to do in Lebanon. You can go skiing in the mountains. You can go shopping in Beirut. There are lots of shops, markets and restaurants there. Visit Lebanon and you'll have a lot of fun.



Set-Book

تساعد أسئلة الكتاب على تكوين الجمل الصحيحة
والأفكار الرئيسة للدرس كما تساعد في كتابة التعبير

- 1 Why do people travel to Lebanon?

To have a lot of fun.

- 2 What places can you visit in Lebanon?

We can see the Rainbow Island, the Science Museum
and Mount Lebanon.

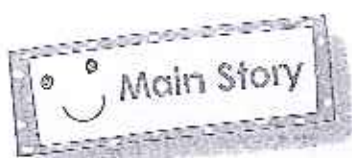
- 3 What can people do in Mount Lebanon?

They can go skiing and see wonderful views.

- 4 Why is Beirut a nice place for shopping?

Because it has lots of shops and markets.





Part 3



The mountain people in Oman have lots of goats. They make goat-hair rugs. They sell some of the rugs to people on holiday. Each rug is about two metres long. It takes about four days to make one rug. The women make the wool. They use mountain plants to colour it. Then, the men make the wool into rugs. They use many different colours in one rug.



Set-Book



تساعد أسئلة الكتاب على تكوين الجمل الصحيحة
والأفكار الرئيسة للدرس كما تساعد في كتابة التعبير

- 1 What do mountain people make?

They make goat hair-rugs.

- 2 Who do the mountain people sell rugs to?

They sell some of the rugs to people on holiday.

- 3 Why are Omani rugs beautiful?

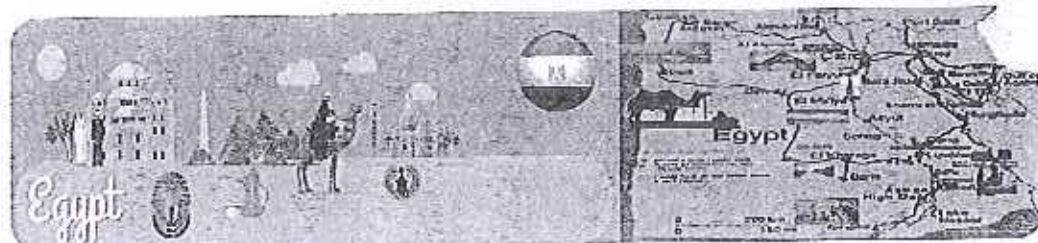
They are hand made.

Their colours are beautiful.





Part 4



Egypt is one of the most visited countries in the world. There are many interesting places to visit. You can visit the Pyramids of Giza and enjoy riding camels and horses. At night, you can go on a Nile cruise on the longest river in the world. You can also fly to upper Egypt to visit the Temple of Karnak and the Valley of Kings and Queens in Luxor or to enjoy the beautiful views in Aswan. Sharm El Sheikh is one of the most famous cities in Egypt. It is located on the Red Sea. You can go swimming and diving there. Egypt is a beautiful country. Egyptians are friendly and welcoming. Try visiting Egypt. You will have a great vacation there.



Set-Book



تساعد أسئلة الكتاب على تكوين الجمل الصحيحة
والأفكار الرئيسية للدرس كما تساعد في كتابة التعبير

1. Why is it fun to go to Egypt?

There are many interesting places to visit.

2. What interesting places can people visit in Egypt?

They can visit the Pyramids of Giza .

They can go on a Nile cruise on the longest river in the world.

3. What can visitors see in upper Egypt?

They can visit the Temple of Karnak and the Valley of Kings and Queens in Luxor .

They can enjoy the beautiful views in Aswan.

4. What can visitors do in Sharm El Sheikh?

They can go swimming and diving there



1



Comprehension

Read the following e-mail and answer the questions

Plants are important living things. Plants can't walk, talk or sing like people. Plants can do only one thing that other living things can't do. They can make their own food! Plants only need sun, water, soil and air. With these things, they can feed themselves very well. Trees are plants. They give us food and shade. Living things can't live without plants. A lot of birds and animals live in them. Plants give people and animals oxygen. They make the Earth beautiful and healthy. People keep rare plants in natural reserves. They are safe places for them.

A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d:

1) The main idea of this passage is:

- | | |
|-------------------------------|--------------------------|
| a) Drinking water is healthy. | b) Animals give us food. |
| c) The Earth is beautiful. | d) Plants are important. |

2) The opposite of the underlined word "safe" is:

- | | |
|--------------|----------|
| a) clean | b) rare |
| c) dangerous | d) happy |

3) The underlined word "They" refers to:

- | | |
|------------------|------------|
| a) People | b) Animals |
| c) Living things | d) Plants |

4) What do people need to live?

- | | |
|---------------------|------------|
| a) Oxygen | b) Animals |
| c) Natural Reserves | d) Wood |



B) Answer the following questions:

5) Where do plants get food from ?

.....

6) How can plants help the Earth ?

.....



Read the following passage and answer the questions

Camels are big animals with humps on their backs. They live in hot and dry places. They feed on grass and plants. Camels have long legs that help them to move on the hot sand easily. The camel can run 40 miles per hour. They are strong and can carry people or bags on their backs. They don't have to drink water every day. The Arabs liked camels. They travelled on them; that's why they called them "The Ship of the Desert". When camels live with people, they are friendly. But if they are angry, they can kick. Camels live 40-50 years.

A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d :

1) The best title for the passage is:

a) A Camel Race

b) A Desert Animal

c) A Hot Place

d) A strong man

2) The underlined word "feed on" means:

a) sleep

b) run

c) eat

d) look after

3) The underlined word "They" refers to:

a) Camels

b) Arabs

c) Years

d) Backs

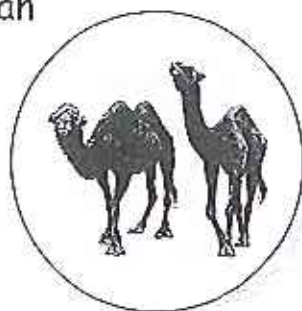
4) Camels are dangerous when:

a) they travel.

b) they eat.

c) they walk.

d) they kick.



B) Answer the following questions:

5) What are camels called?

.....

6) How can camels help people?

.....





Vocabulary



Choose the right answer



- 1- I went to Mount Lebanon for
a) rowing b) skiing
- 2- The from this window is nice.
a) holiday b) view
- 3- We a short holiday in Oman.
a) stayed b) spent
- 4- The is a river that runs in Egypt.
a) Nile b) Egyptian
- 5- is a country in Africa.
a) Muscat b) Egypt
- 6- We had a long in Australia last year.
a) vacation b) dream
- 7- Dad booked us 5 to Luxor.
a) dreams b) air tickets
- 8- He wrote the and put it in an envelope.
a) rug b) letter
- 9- The air ticket to Aswan KD 100.
a) cost b) stayed
- 10- I like the Egyptian people. They are so
a) friendly b) Olympic
- 11- Mona sent me that yesterday.
a) temple b) post card
- 12- He a lot of money on mobile phones.
a) spends b) stays
- 13- They visited old in Luxor.
a) envelopes b) temples
- 14- I stayed in a nice in Giza.
a) hotel b) rug
- 15- Mum put that wool in my bedroom.
a) dream b) rug
- 16- We do shopping in that new
a) king b) market
- 17- I had a wonderful Nile today.
a) cruise b) envelope
- 18- They have lunch in a on the Nile on Friday.
a) rug b) restaurant
- 19- We usually for our vacations.
a) plan b) stay
- 20- Planning for holiday is a good
a) place b) idea
- 21- Luxor is a famous city in Egypt.
a) high b) upper
- 22- Kuwait Towers is a wonderful to visit.
a) envelope b) place
- 23- I'll buy that car. It's price is
a) low b) welcoming
- 24- We end our letter with "Yours".
a) quickly b) sincerely
- 25- I'll have my holiday in Sharm Al-Sheikh.
a) dream b) transportation
- 26- The mountain people sell rugs to people on ...
a) holiday b) cruise
- 27- The king and the live in that palace.
a) postcard b) queen
- 28- She is in She is visiting Oman.
a) Beirut b) Muscat



Vocabulary



Choose the right answer

أسئلة متنوعة على المفردات



1. Our (hotel - holiday - coffee - helmet) in Oman was short. It was only for two days.
2. We (cost - stayed - spent - needed) in a hotel in the mountains in Lebanon.
3. When snow falls, we enjoy (rug - skiing - wool - rowing) on the mountain.
4. (Oman - Egypt - Australia - Giza) is a beautiful country in Africa.
5. We stayed in a wonderful (rug - driver - hotel - helmet) in Dubai.
6. This jacket is made of (wool - hotel - soil - noise). I wear it when it is cold.
7. I like visiting Egypt. Egyptians are (Olympic - friendly - large - far).
8. When I visit Lebanon, I stay in a hotel in (Muscat - Giza - Beirut - Luxor).
9. There are wonderful (beaks - planets - views - dreams) in Muscat.
10. On Fridays, we have lunch at a (helmet - restaurant - letter - rug) by the sea.
11. I will send a (hotel - market - postcard - holiday) to my grandpa tomorrow.
12. We go to Luxor to visit the (temples - holidays - envelopes - post cards) there.
13. This room (spends - costs - stays - plans) KD 50 per night.
14. (Giza - Oman - Luxor - Aswan) is an Arab country. I visit it every year.
15. Yesterday, I wrote a (vacation - king - queen - letter) to my friend, Sami.
16. After the exams, we'll have a (hotel - view - vacation - temple) for 3 months.
17. Yesterday, we went to the (envelope - helmet - market - rug) to buy Mum a present.
18. The (air ticket - view - dream - idea) to Lebanon will cost KD 100.



Vocabulary



Choose the right answer

أسئلة متنوعة على المفردات

19. Last summer, I went on a nice (envelope - helmet - cruise - post card) on the Nile.
20. There are a lot of (kings - queens - rugs - places) to visit in Kuwait.
21. I (cost - plan - plant - reuse) to spend the next summer vacation in Australia.
22. Please, put the letter in a/an (post card - temple - rug - envelope) and give it to Ali.
23. We went very (high - low - sincerely - around) up the mountains and saw nice views.
24. I end my letters with the words "Yours (sincerely - friendly - welcoming - low)".
25. Haya went shopping and (stayed - spent - cost - planned) KD 150 on new clothes.
26. (Australia - Sharm El Sheikh - Muscat - Beirut) is a famous city in Egypt.
27. They don't like mountains. They prefer (low - high - quick - sharp) places.
28. We will (cost - spend - row - belong) 10 days in a hotel in Australia in summer.
29. The King and the (temple - queen - view - dream) visited this temple last week.
30. It's a good (idea - envelope - letter - oar) to plan for your time.





Grammar



كلمات دالة	إثبات	نفي
Last week	our holiday was fun.	our holiday wasn't fun.
	we had a nice holiday in Dubai.	we didn't have a nice holiday in Dubai.
In the past,	I went to Oman.	I didn't go to Oman.
	they travelled to Lebanon.	they didn't travel to Lebanon.
Yesterday,	Mum bought a new rug.	Mum didn't buy a new rug.
	you stayed in that hotel.	you didn't stay in that hotel.
In 1980,	I saw Haya in Bahrain.	I didn't see Haya in Bahrain.
	I went shopping and bought some rugs.	We didn't go shopping or buy any rugs.
ملاحظة : عند النفي نستخدم (مصدر + didn't) - و نحول (and إلي or) و (some إلي any)		

لاحظ طريقة استخدام زمن الماضي البسيط

مضارع	ماضي
go	went
see	saw
buy	bought
make	made
stay	stayed

مضارع	ماضي
am	was
is	was
are	were
do/ does	did
have/ has	had

راجع تصريفات الأفعال ص ١٤٢ - ١٤٣

لاحظ صيغة السؤال في زمن الماضي البسيط

Did	he	have	a nice holiday in Dubai ?
	she	go	to Oman?
	it	travel	to Lebanon?
	you	buy	a new rug?
	we	stay	with Dad in that hotel?
	they	see	Haya ?

When Where	did	he	have	a nice holiday ?
		she	go	?
		it	travel	?
		you	buy	a new rug?
		we	stay	with Dad?
		they	see	Haya ?

لاحظ الأمثلة

It's hot in summer.

It's cold in winter.

نستخدم حرف الجر in قبل فصول السنة

لاحظ استخدام by مع وسائل المواصلات

I go by
car.
bus.
plane.
boat.



Grammar



زمن المستقبل القريب

يستخدم زمن المستقبل القريب للتعبير عن فعل سيحدث في المستقبل القريب - خطط مستقبلية.

I	'm	going to	play	<u>tomorrow.</u>
She	is		<u>study</u>	<u>tonight.</u>
He			<u>run</u>	<u>next week.</u>
It			<u>swim</u>	<u>next summer.</u>
We	are		<u>draw</u>	<u>next January.</u>
You			<u>paint</u>	<u>next month.</u>
They			<u>travel</u>	<u>next year.</u>

لاحظ صيغة السؤال في زمن المستقبل القريب

When	is	she he it	going to	play study run swim draw travel	?
Where	are	we you they			

تستخدم There is مع المفرد و There are مع الجمع

There	is	a zoo	in Brazil.
		a harbour	
	are	jungles	
		shops	

وعند السؤال نقول

Is	there	a zoo	in Kuwait?
Are		a harbour	
		jungles	
		shops	





Grammar



اقرأ الأمثلة

Are there books in your bag?

في حالة السؤال عن الجمع

نبدأ السؤال بـ Are there

والرد بـ:

Yes, there are.

No, there aren't.

Is there a book in your bag?

في حالة السؤال عن المفرد

نبدأ السؤال بـ Is there

والرد بـ:

Yes, there is.

No, there isn't.

لاحظ الأمثلة

I play tennis.

She plays basketball.

نستخدم المضارع البسيط للتعبير عن العادات (الأشياء التي عادة تتكرر).

وهناك كلمات دالة تستخدم مع هذا الزمن منها:

always - usually - never - every day

لاحظ تكوين الفعل في زمن المضارع البسيط

I	live	in kuwait.
We		
They		
You	lives	
He		
She		
It		



تستخدم (مصدر + shall) للتعبير عن الاقتراح

Shall we go to the park?



تستخدم (مصدر + can) للتعبير عن الإمكانية

You can walk in the garden.

Cool



126



Study



Grammar

Choose the right answer

أسئلة متنوعة على القواعد



1. We went to Lebanon and (stay - stays - stayed - staying) in a hotel.
2. I (see - sees - saw - seen) nice views in Oman last week.
3. Last week, we (buy - buying - buys - bought) a new TV.
4. Yesterday, we (don't - aren't - didn't - won't) go out.
5. Last year, I (am - was - will be - were) in grade 3.
6. We travelled to Bahrain (by - in - on - from) car.
7. They went to school (to - by - from - at) bus.
8. They always go to Qatar (in - on - by - at) plane.
9. Did you (watched - watch - watching - watches) last night's film ?
10. Did you phone Dad ? Yes, I (do - does - am - did) .
11. What (did - was - do - can) your last holiday like ?
12. Our last holiday in Dubai (is - was - are - were) fun.
13. It (am - is - are - was) fun swimming in the pool yesterday.
14. We (aren't - doesn't - don't - didn't) meet Salem yesterday.
15. We (went - go - going - goes) skiing in Lebanon last winter.
16. Last January, I went to the mountain and (climbs - climbed - climbs - climbing) it.
17. (Shall - Is - Are - Has) we go to the park ?
18. There (is - are - was - be) lots of shops in Beirut.
19. There (is - be - were - are) a lot of noise here. I'll go out.
20. Last year, we (saw - see - sees - seen) wonderful views in Oman.
21. You can (visiting - visits - visited - visit) lots of places in Oman.
22. Get ready. We are going to (leave - leaving - leaves - left) in five minutes.
23. There (am - is - are - were) a wall around our school.
24. The train is going (leave - leaves - to leave - leaving) at 6 a.m. tomorrow.
25. We didn't (go - goes - went - going) to the nature park last week.
26. (Who - Where - What - Why) are they going to do ?
27. I (going - is going - am going - goes) to travel to Oman next summer.
28. I'm going to (go - goes - going - went) to Muscat.





Grammar



Choose the correct answer:

- 1 Today is a holiday. We are not (go - going - going to) stay at home.
(Shall we - We shall - We should) go on a picnic?
- 2 We (are going - are going to - going to) spend the weekend in Dubai.
There (is - are - was) nice things to do there.
- 3 I like vacations. My last vacation in Lebanon (is - are - was) nice.
My next one (is going - are going - going) to be in Egypt.
- 4 Last week, we (is - were - are) in Oman. Shall we (spend - spent - spending)
the next weekend in Bahrain?
- 5 Mount Lebanon is a nice place. (There is - There are - Is there) wonderful
views there. I'm going to (visit - visited - visiting) it soon.
- 6 My family visited Lebanon many times, but we didn't (go - went - goes) to
the Science Museum. (Are - Shall - Does) we visit it tomorrow?
- 7 There (is - are - was) a lot of goats in the mountains of Oman. The people
there (is making - makes - make) rugs from their wool.
- 8 Last summer, we (spend - spent - are going to spend) seven days in Oman.
We went to the mountains and (buy - are going to buy - bought) nice rugs.



11

Fill in the graphic organizer, then write a short e-mail of not less than 4 sentences to your friend, Salem/Salma, about "A visit to Oman" with the help of the picture and guide words:

summer holiday - hotel - views - mountains - nice rugs

4

What you got from Oman

1

When you went to Oman



3

What you saw there



2

Where you stayed there

[illegible]

13

5022

Send



Writing

Fill in the graphic organizer, then write a short e-mail of not less than 4 sentences to your friend, Haya/Nasser, about "A weekend in Dubai" with the help of the picture and guide words:



Dubai - plane - Khalifa Tower - shopping - enjoyed

4 What you did there _____

1 Where you spent the weekend _____

3 Which place you liked most _____

2 How you went there _____

New message

To: _____

Subject: _____

Send

3



Writing

Fill in the graphic organizer, then write a short paragraph of not less than 4 sentences about "Your next holiday in Sharm Al-Sheikh" with the help of the picture and guide words:

Sharm Al-Sheikh - plane - hotel - swimming - diving

4

What you are going to do there

1

Where you are going to spend the summer holiday



3

Where you are going to stay there



2

How you are going to go there

Cool



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Study



Writing

4

Fill in the graphic organizer, then write a short paragraph of not less than 4 sentences about "A holiday in Lebanon" with the help of the picture and guide words:

Lebanon - went skiing - Mount Lebanon - shopping - Rainbow Island

4

Which place you liked most

1

Where you had a holiday last week



3

Why you went to Beirut

2

What you did there





Writing



والإجابة



موضوعات تعبير إضافية

5

Fill in the graphic organizer, then write a short paragraph of not less than 4 sentences about "The mountain people in Oman" with the help of the picture and guide words:

(goats - women - use - mountain plants - make)

1. What the mountain people have
2. Who make wool from the goat hair
3. How they colour the rugs
4. What the men do with the wool

6

Fill in the graphic organizer, then write a short e-mail of not less than 4 sentences to your friend, Omar/Sara, about "Your next holiday plan" with the help of the picture and guide words:

(Egypt - plane - Pyramids - Nile cruise - temples)

1. Where you are going to spend the summer holiday
2. How you are going to go there
3. What you are going to do there
4. Which places you are going to visit

7

Fill in the graphic organizer, then write a short paragraph of not less than 4 sentences about "Making rugs in Oman" with the help of the picture and guide words:

(goat hair rugs - 4 days - men - sell - people on holiday)

1. What the mountain people in Oman make
2. How long it takes them to make a rug
3. Who make the wool into rugs
4. What they do with the rugs



Spelling

Write the missing words:

اكتب الكلمات الناقصة



1

We had a good holiday in Oman. We stayed in a



there. We went very



up the mountains.

There were some wonderful



The Omani people

are so



2

The mountain people in



have lots of goats.

The women make the



from the goat hair.

They use mountain plants to colour it and turn it into
beautiful

They sell some of them to people who come for



3

Egypt is a beautiful country. It has many interesting places to visit.

You can visit the



of Giza.

You can go on a Nile



on the longest river in the

world. You can also visit the



of Karnak and the

valley of



and Queens in Luxor.





Spelling

Write the missing words:

أكتب الكلمات الناقصة



4

Yesterday was my birthday. Dad got some



.....

for the cinema. After the film, we had dinner in a nice



.....

Then, Dad bought me a nice camera. It



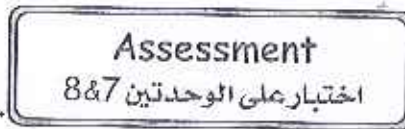
..... KD100.

He knows that my



..... is to be a photographer.



I. ReadingA) Vocabulary

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d:

1- We went to Luxor to visit the there.

- | | |
|--------------|--------------|
| a) ideas | b) postcards |
| c) envelopes | d) temples |

2) More than 30 football teams will to win the World Cup.

- | | |
|----------|------------|
| a) drive | b) compete |
| c) spend | d) row |

3) The children went to the to buy a present for Mum.

- | | |
|----------|-------------|
| a) dream | b) market |
| c) king | d) vacation |

4) We were very up the mountain and saw nice views.

- | | |
|----------|---------|
| a) high | b) low |
| c) plain | d) main |



Assessment
اختبار على الوحدات 7 و 8



B) Reading Comprehension

A) Read the following e-mail carefully, then answer the questions below



Dear Salma,

Last January, Dad booked air tickets for all the family. We went to Beirut for a short holiday. It was my first visit to it. We went shopping there. The shops, markets and restaurants were wonderful. The people there are pleasant. We stayed for a week in the Sheraton hotel. On the first day, we visited Al-Omari Mosque. On the second day, we went to the Science Museum. On the third day, we climbed the mountain and went skiing there. There were nice views in Beirut. I will go there next year.

Love from Mai

A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d:

1) The best title for the passage is:

- | | |
|------------------------|-------------------------|
| a) A Holiday in Oman | b) A Holiday in Syria |
| c) A Holiday in Kuwait | d) A Holiday in Lebanon |

3) The underlined word "pleasant" refers to :

- | | |
|-----------|---------------|
| a) nice | b) bored |
| c) gloomy | d) unfriendly |

3) The underlined word "there" refers to the :

- | | |
|-------------|------------|
| a) hotel | b) museum |
| c) mountain | d) holiday |

4) How did the family travel ?

- | | |
|-------------|-------------|
| a) By car | b) By bus |
| c) By plane | d) By train |

B) Answer the following questions:

5) Where did the family stay in Beirut ?

6) What did the family do on the second day ?

Assessment

اختبار على الوحدات 7 و 8

II. Writing

A) Grammar

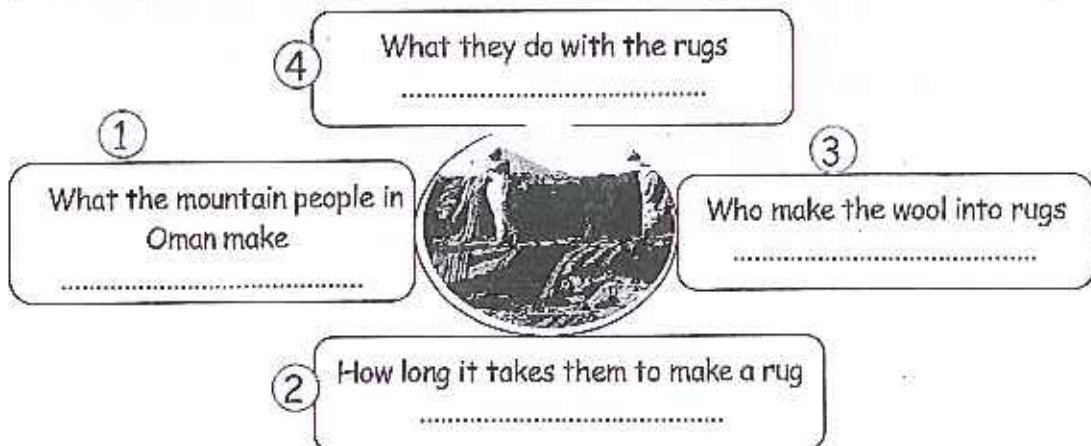
Choose the correct answer from the words between brackets:

Basketball is Haya's favourite sport. She always (play - playing - plays) it in the club. In this photo, Haya is (jumping - jump - jumps) very high to score 3 points.

B) Writing

a) Fill in the graphic organizer, then use it to write a paragraph of not less than 4 sentences about "Making rugs in Oman" with the help of the picture and guide words:

(goat-hair rugs - 4 days - men - sell - people on holiday)



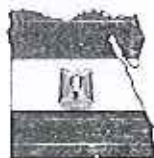
Assessment

اختبار على الوحدات 7 و 8

Spelling

b) Complete the text with the suitable words:

I'm now in _____



I write this



to tell you about my holiday here

I went on a Nile _____



yesterday.

The people here are _____



and welcoming.

(Good Luck)

إجابة أسئلة الوحدة الثامنة



قطع الاستيعاب و الفهم Reading Comprehension

Reading Comprehension - Passage : 1

Reading Comprehension - Passage : 2

1. d
2. c
3. d
4. a
5. They get it from the sun, water, air and soil.
6. They make the Earth beautiful and healthy.

1. b
2. c
3. b
4. d
5. They are called "The ship of the desert".
6. They can carry people or bags to other places.

المفردات اللغوية Vocabulary

1. holiday	2. stayed	3. skiing	4. Egypt	5. hotel	6. wool
7. friendly	8. Beirut	9. views	10. restaurant	11. postcard	
12. temples	13. costs	14. Oman	15. letter	16. vacation	
17. market	18. air ticket	19. cruise	20. places	21. plan	
22. envelope	23. high	24. sincerely	25. spent	26. Sharm Al-Sheikh	
27. low	28. spend	29. queen	30. idea		

القواعد - تدريبات متنوعة ص (127) Grammar -

1. stayed	2. saw	3. bought	4. didn't	5. was
6. by	7. by	8. by	9. watch	10. did
11. was	12. was	13. was	14. didn't	15. went
16. climbed	17. Shall	18. are	19. is	20. saw
21. visit	22. leave	23. is	24. to leave	25. go
26. What	27. am going	28. go		

القواعد - تدريبات ص (128) Grammar (Cloze Test) -

① going to - Shall we	② are going to - are	③ was - is going	④ were - spend
⑤ There are - visit	⑥ go - Shall	⑦ are - make	⑧ spent - bought

إجابة أسئلة الوحدة الثامنة



Writing التعبير

1

To : Haya/ Nasser

Subject: A weekend in Dubai

Hi Salem/ Salma,

Last summer holiday, I went to Oman. I stayed in a hotel. I saw nice views and the mountains in Oman. I got nice rugs from Oman.

Best wishes,

Omar / Haya

2

To : Haya/ Nasser

Subject: A weekend in Dubai

Hi Haya/ Nasser,

We spent the weekend in Dubai. We went by plane. We liked Khalifa Tower the most. I went shopping and enjoyed my time there.

Best wishes,

Ali / Mona

3

We are going to spend the summer holiday in Sharm Al-Sheikh. We are going to go there by plane. We are going to stay in a hotel there. We are going to go swimming and diving in Sharm Al-Sheikh.

4

We had a holiday in Lebanon last week. We went skiing on Mount Lebanon. We went to Beirut for shopping. We liked the Rainbow Island the most.



Assessment إجابة اختبار الوحدة الثامنة

Assessment إجابة اختبار الوحدة الثامنة				
Vocabulary المفردات	1. d	2. b	3. b	4. a
Reading Compr. القطعة	1. d	2. a	3. c	4. c
Grammar القواعد	plays	jumping	5. They stayed in the Sheraton Hotel. 6. They went to the Science Museum.	
Writing التعبير	The mountain people in Oman make goat-hair rugs. It takes them 4 days to make a rug. The men make the wool into rugs. They sell the rugs to people on holiday.			
Spelling التهجئة	Egypt	letter	cruise	friendly





تصريفات الأفعال Verb Forms



١- أفعال منتظمة تأخذ في الماضي : (d - ed)

Infinitive (V.1)	المعني	Past (V.2)
to book	يحجز	booked
to consist	يتكون	consisted
to need	يحتاج	needed
to land	يهبط	landed
to look like	يشبه	looked like
to select	يختار	selected
to plant	يزرع	planted
to look after	يعتني بـ	looked after
to reuse	يعيد استخدام	reused
to reduce	يقلل	reduced
to touch	يلمس	touched
to frighten	يخيف / يرعب	frightened
to pump	يضخ	pumped
to belong	يخص / ينتمي	belonged
to represent	يمثل	represented
to refer	يشير	referred
to compete	يتسابق	competed
to finish	ينهي	finished
to row	يجدف	rowed
to stay	يقيم	stayed
to plan	يخطط	planned





تصريفات الأفعال Verb Forms

٢ - أفعال غير منتظمة لا تأخذ في الماضي : (d - ed)

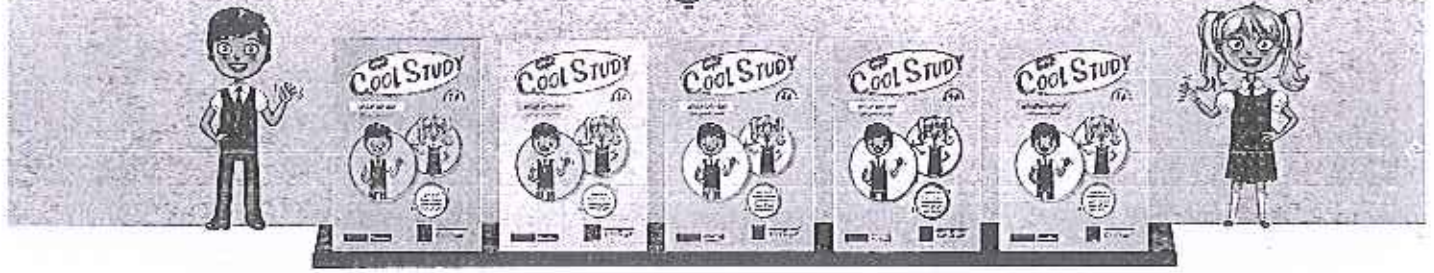


Infinitive (V.1)	المعنى	Past (V.2)
to begin	يبدأ	began
to fly	يطير	flew
to cut down	يقطع	cut down
to drive	يقود	drove
to take place	يحدث	took place
to spend	يقضي / ينفق	spent

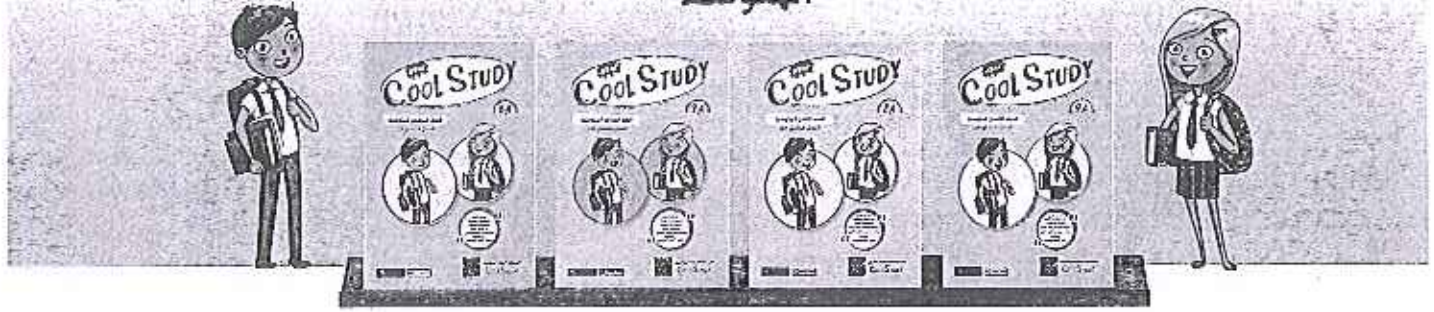


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المتوسط



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متوفرة بالكتبات الآتية

الموزع الرئيسي : مكتبة العجيري / حولي

حولي : (شارع قتيبة - بجوار مجمع النقرة الشمالي)

مكتبة أطلس - مكتبة لندن - مكتبة نيويورك

السلامية : (شارع عمان) : مكتبة الأميرة - مكتبة اليوم (شارع البحرين) : مكتبة النجاح

الجابرية : مكتبة قرايطيس

ميدان حولي : مكتبة الحضارة - مكتبة النور

الأندلس : مكتبة السناقر (ق 6 - مجمع 236)

الدسمة : مكتبة جمعية المعلمين

الفحيحيل : مكتبة الإشراف (الطريق الساحلي)

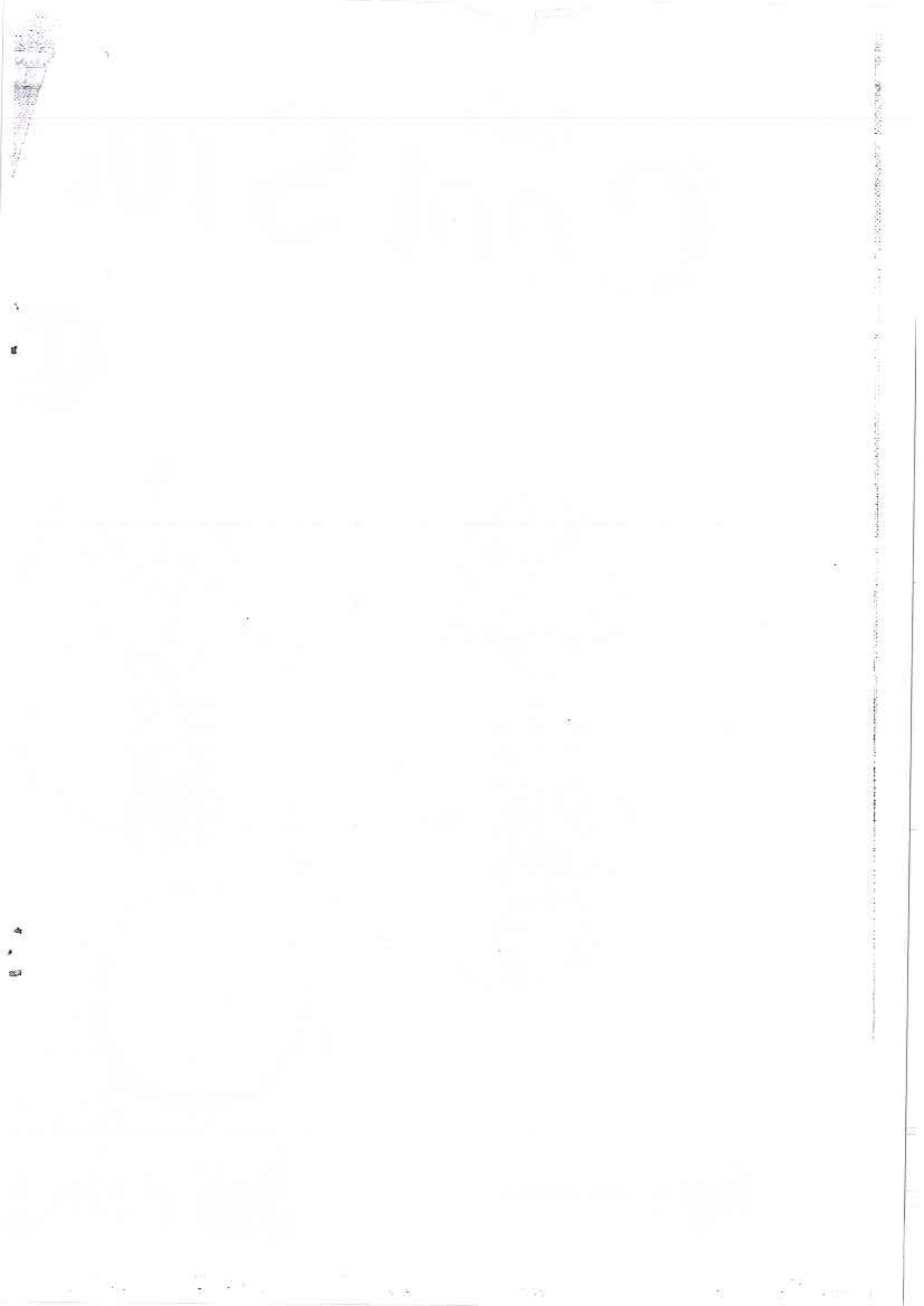
العقيلة : مكتبة السناقر (مجمع أوتاد)

الفروانية : مكتبة سوق كندا

خيطان : مكتبة سوق مجمع أوتاد

سلوى : مكتبة الأسرة (ق 2 - بجوار فرع الجمعية)

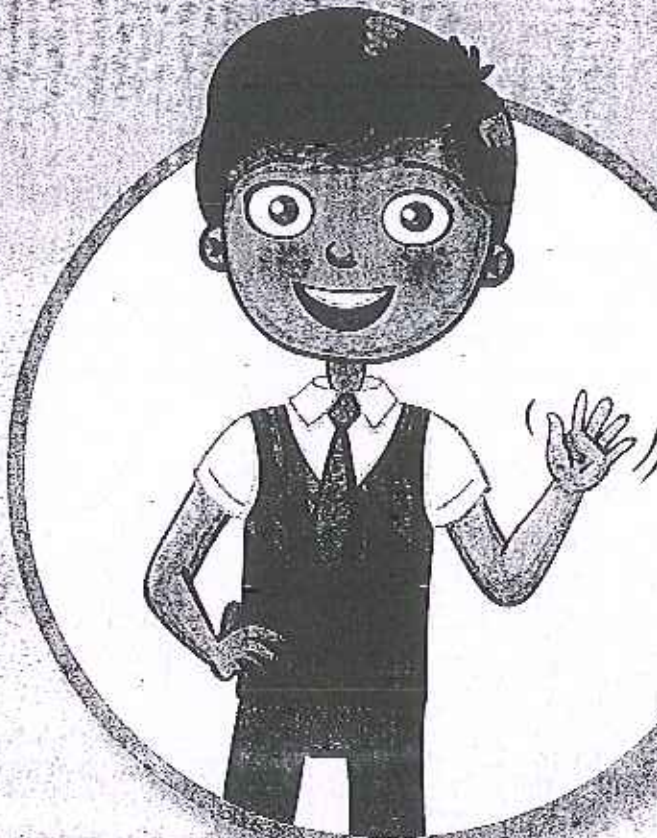
لا تتوفر خدمة التوصيل



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الفصل الدراسي الثاني

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